

Volume 5 of 7

Exhibits

'BWS 82' to 'BWS 106'

Pages 975 to 1153

963 975

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 82.

BWS 82

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2014

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

CURRENT
STATE GOVERNORS
INCLUSIVE
The Wks of Australian
Governors
K. BEAZLEY

Governors, Premiers Opposition Leaders

Australia-wide, May, 2019

State or Territory	Governor-General, State Governors or Administrator	Prime Minister, Premiers or Chief Minister	Opposition Leaders
Commonwealth	HURLEY , General David AC, DSC (Rted) (Since 1-07-2019)	MORRISON , Scott MHR, Liberal (Since 24-08-2018)	ALBANESE , Anthony MHR, ALP (Since 27-05-2019)
New South Wales	BEAZLEY , Margaret AO, QC (Since 2-05-2019)	BEREJIKLIAN , Gladys MP, Liberal (Since 23-01-2017)	McKAY Jodi MP, ALP (Since 29-06-2019)
Victoria	DESSAU , Linda AM (Since 1-07-2015)	ANDREWS , Daniel MLA, ALP (Since 4-12-2014)	O'BRIEN , Michael MLA, Liberal (Since 6-12-2018)
Queensland	de JERSEY , Paul AC (Since 29-07-20014)	PALASZCZUK , Annastacia MLA, ALP (Since 14-02-2015)	FRECKLINGTON , Deborah (Deb) MLA, LNP (Since 12-12-2017)
South Australia	HIEU , Van Le AC (Since 1-09-2014)	MARSHALL , Steven (Steve) MP, Liberal (Since 19-03-2018)	MALINAUSKAS , Peter MP, ALP (Since 9-04-2018)
Tasmania	WARNER , Kate (Catherine Ann) AM - (Professor) (Since 10-12--2014)	HODGMAN , William (Will) MP, Liberal (Since 31-03-2014)	WHITE , Rebecca MP, ALP (Since 17-03-2017)
Western Australia	BEAZLEY , Kim AC (Since 1-05-2018)	McGOWAN , Mark MLA, ALP (Since 17-03-2017)	Harvey , Liza MLA, Liberal (Since 13-06-2019)
Australian Capital Territory	N/A	BARR , Andrew MLA, ALP (Since 11-12-2014)	COE , Alistair MLA, Liberal (Since 31-10-2016)
Northern Territory	O'HALLORAN , Vicki AM (Since & 31-10-2017) [NB: Administrator because NT is not a State]	GUNNER , Michael MLA, ALP (Since 31-08-2016)	HIGGINS , Gary MLA, Country Liberal Party (Since 2-09-2016)

The Criminal Act

963 B. 977

Emanating out of the State of Western Australia, a State within the Commonwealth of Australia

Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act.

- Enacted 1 January 2004

Supreme Court Act 1935 amended

Section 130

- (3) Section 9(1) is amended by deleting "Her Majesty" and inserting instead –

"The Governor"

143,

964 978

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / P3

"BWS P3"

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th June 2019

40

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

43 Common Law
Garry Owen [Signature]

(The DEFENDANTS
in this writ)

Civil writ DEFENDANT No 1.

979

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
AUSTRALIAN ELECTORS COMMISSION (CONFESSION) 1-50 LONGDALE ST. WERRIBEE 3000 VIC		964.	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE - **INDICTABLE** (Grand Jury)

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? **two counts**

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
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Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 **Misprision of Treason (As Above)**

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DRAFT No 2.

990

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED			
JULIA GILLES. 4 DUSTY HICKS ROAD COMPTON WATTON ST WERRIBEE VICTORIA 3030		INSTRUMENT ID No <i>965</i>	INSTRUMENT ID No

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE - *INDICTABLE*.

Details of the charges against you				
What is the charge? <i>two counts</i>				
COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			
<p>This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.</p> <p>The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.</p> <p>This is Authority Law.</p>				

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant	
Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
Witness "1"	
Name: Address: CARMEL CLEMSON JP 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DRAGMAN No 3.

981

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
JOANNA HAN COMMONWEALTH POLICE UNIT 9, 203 WATSON ST WERRIBEE 3030 VIC		966	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE - **INDISTABLE** (Grand Jury)

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? **two counts.**

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Document No 4.

982

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
JOHN BISHOP (C. M. P. / Justice) % AEC Level 2 / 50 Longwood St. Melbourne 3000 VIC		964.	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE - **INDICTABLE**

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? **TWO CHARGES. (COUNT)**

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
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Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)
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This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12333	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT NO 5.

983

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
Tom Rogers - Commissioner Asst. Electoral Comm. 1/50 Longdale St. Warrarunga 3030 Vic.		968	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? **Two Counts - Indictable.**

COUNT 1 The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 **Misprision of Treason (As Above)**

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12363	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Discordant no 6.

984

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
DERRYN MINN. v WRIGHT % REC. Level 1/ to Lonsdale St. MELBOURNE 3000 VIC		969	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) *Both INDICTABLE.*

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - *TWO COUNTS*

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature:


Witness 1

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12333

Signature:


Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Deputy No 7.

985

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 November 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
		970	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) Both INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - Two Counts -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

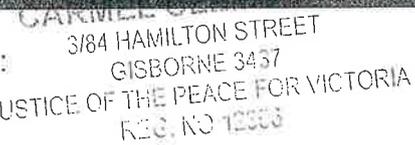
This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name:  Address:	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DRAFTING No 7.

996

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
(MILNE HANSON - CRIMINAL PARTIAL) 1/2 AEC - Level 2 - 50 Longdale St Melbourne 3000 Vic.		(911)	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) **Both INDICTABLE**

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - **TWO COUNTS**

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant	
Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
Witness "1"	
Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DRIFTERS NO 8.

987

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
TONY SMITH - Commonwealth Politician. % PFLC. have 1 to HONORARY MR BOWEN 3000 VIC.		972	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) Both INDICABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? **Two Counts.**

COUNT 1

The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 **Misprision of Treason (As Above)**

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DRIFTS NO 9.

988

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
GEORGE BRANDIS. COMMONWEALTH ATTORNEY - GENERAL 90 AEC I - 50 DONNING ST MELBOURNE 3000 VIC		(979)	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge?

COUNT 1 The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEMAND NO 10.

989

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
STEPHEN KARAY Former C'wealth Politician % AEC 2-50 Lonsdale St Melbourne 3000 Vic.		974	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? Two Counts.

COUNT 1 The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature:

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12356

Signature:

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Deponent No 11.

990

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED			
ANDREW MELSON CEO HIGH COURT of AUSTRALIA 17-305 WILMAM ST WERRIBOURNE 3000 VIC		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
			

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - Two Counts -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.		
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Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)
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This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
---	--

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT No 12.

991

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
DAVID KRASLAKO W.A. RECUSAL COMMISSIONER 90 AEC 1-50 LONSOME ST. MELBOURNE 3000 VIC.		996	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - TWO COUNTS -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			
<p>This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.</p> <p>The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.</p> <p>This is Authority Law.</p>				

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature:

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12856

Signature:

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Defendant No 13.

992.

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
WARWICK GATELY Victorian Electoral Commissioner 11-530 Collins St 3000 VIC		(911)	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - Two Counts -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Defendant No 14.

993

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
MARY AMIRIDIS. PROTHONOTARY - Supreme Court 2-436 Lonsdale St MELBOURNE 3000		of Victoria.	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) Both INDIVISIBLE

Details of the charges against you:

What is the charge? (Two Counts)

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT NO 15.

994

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE:

TO THE ACCUSED			
BRENDAN FARREY SHERIFF of VICTORIA G. DEPT of JUSTICE and REGULATION 121 EXHIBITION ST. MELB.		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No <u>979</u>

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? ~ Two Counts ~

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Deponent No 16.

995

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
Victorian Electoral Commission - The Corporation - 11 - 530 Collins St. Melbourne 3000 Vic.			

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) Both INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? (Two Counts)

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature:


Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12356

Signature:


Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT NO 17.

996

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
TIM PHOAS - VIC' POLITICIAN 56 WATTON ST. WERRIBEE 3030 VIC.			(991)

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) **BOM INDICABUR**

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - **TWO COUNTS -**

COUNT 1 The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 **Misprision of Treason (As Above)**

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
SIM HENNESSY - STATE POLITICAL POINT COOK CENTRE MAIN ST. POINT COOK 3030. VICTORIA			

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) *Both INDICTABLE*

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? *2. Counts.*

COUNT 1 The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 **Misprision of Treason (As Above)**

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
 Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature:


Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
 Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
 GIBBORNE 3437
 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
 REG. NO 12553

Signature:


Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT No 19.

998

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED			
MARY-ANNE THOMAS - (STATE POLITICIAN) 9 GOODE ST. GISBORNE 3437, Vic.		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No 982

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) - BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - TWO COUNTS -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature:


Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12663

Signature:


Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT NO 20.

998.

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
THE DIRECTOR - COMMONWEALTH DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTION 16-460 LONSDALE ST. MELBOURNE 3000 VIC			

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) **Both INDICTABLE**

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? **2 counts.**

COUNT 1

The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 **Misprision of Treason (As Above)**

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Defendant No 21.

1800.

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED			
OFFICE of PUBLIC PROSECUTION (The CORPORATION) 565 Lonsdale St MELBOURNE 3000 VIC		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No 995

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - Two Counts -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature:


Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12353

Signature:


Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT No 22.

1001-

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
FEDERAL COURT of AUSTRALIA - (The Corporation) 7- 305 WILLIAM ST MELBOURNE 3000 VIC.			986

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - 2 COUNTS -

COUNT 1

The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

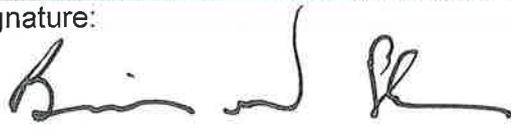
This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12653	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED			
MR R. HULLS - FORMER ATTORNEY-GENERAL (VIC) % DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND REGULATION 121 EXHIBITION ST. MELB		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No <i>(987)</i>

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - TWO COUNT -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12653	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
ROBERT CLARK - FORMER ATTORNEY-GENERAL (Vic) 4th DEPT of JUSTICE AND REGULATION 121 EXHIBITION ST. MELB			

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) *Both INDICTABLE*

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - *Two Counts*

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 **Misprision of Treason (As Above)**

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEMAND NO 25

1004

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
MARILYN WARREN (FORMER) CHIEF JUSTICE SUPREME COURT (VIC) c/o 210 WILLIAMS ST MELBOURNE 3000 VIC			989

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - TWO COUNTS -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature: 

Witness 1

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12353

Signature: 

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED			
210 ANNE FERBRISON CURRENT CHIEF JUSTICE SUPREME COURT OF VICTORIA WILLIAMS ST MELBOURNE 3000 VIC.	INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No	
			(990)

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) *Body INDICTABLE*

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - *2 Count -*

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	COMMON LAW	TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

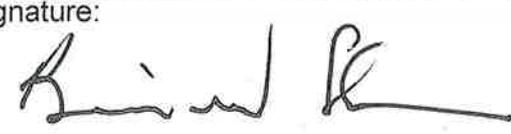
This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT No 27.

1006

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED			
WAYNE MARTIN CURRENT CHIEF JUSTICE Supreme Court (WA) % AEC I-50 DONSPARK ST MELB. 3000 VIC		INSTRUMENT ID No Court (WA)	INSTRUMENT ID No 991

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - Two Counts -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.				
	Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature: 

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12353

Signature: 

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT No 28

1007

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED			
MAHIAS CORRIAN Commonwealth Politician 90 AEL 1-50 Longmead Street 3000		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No 992

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - two counts -

COUNT 1

The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

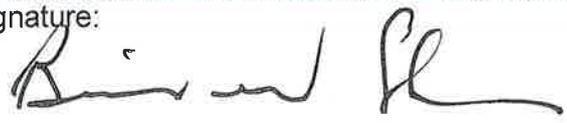
This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 
---	--

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Defendant No 29.

1008

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED			
MALCOLM TURNBULL COMMONWEALTH PARLIAM. 40 AFEL 1-50 LONGDALE ST. MELB. 3000.		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No 993

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE.

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - Two Counts -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature: 

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12353

Signature: 

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT NO 30

1009

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: -10 NOVEMBER 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
MR. WILLIAM (Bill) SHAW COMMONWEALTH PARTISAN % AEC I. 50 LOUISIANA ST MELB. 3000.			994

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - TWO COUNT -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12653	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
SHIRE OF WYNDHAM (WARRIBEE) OR WYNDHAM SHIRE COUNCIL - 45 PRINCE HWY WARRIBEE 3030		(The Constitution)	995

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) Both INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - two counts -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISSBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12556	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
House of Representatives, ACT. CANBERRA, 90 AVE I/50 DONSDALE ST MELB. (Vic)		The Corporation	991

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) Both (IND) CORP

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - Two Counts -

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			
<p>This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.</p> <p>The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.</p> <p>This is Authority Law.</p>				

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
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Witness 1

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Defendants No 34.

10/13

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
The High Court of Australia 17-305 William St Melbourne 3000 Vic		The Corporation	998

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) Body in the PSUA

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? — Two Counts —

COUNT 1

The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Defendant No 35.

1014

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
The MAGISTRATE COURT of VICTORIA 233 WILSON STREET		The CORPORATION	(999)

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (e) Both INDICTABLE.

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? **Two Count -**

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			
<p>This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.</p> <p>The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.</p> <p>This is Authority Law.</p>				

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw
Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030

Signature:

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP
Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET
GISBORNE 3437
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
REG. NO 12666

Signature:

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED			
COUNTY COURT of Victoria. 250 William St Melbourne 3000 Vic.		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
		The CORPORATION 1000.	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) **Both INDICTABLE**

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - **TWO COUNTS -**

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

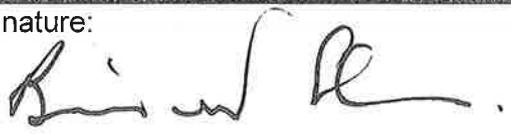
This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GIBBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12353	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT NO 37.

10/6

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
VICTORIAN CIVIL AND ADMINISTRATIVE TRIBUNAL 55 KING ST MCB, 3000		VEAT The Corporation	1001

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) *Body Indictable*

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - *Two Counts -*

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant	
Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
Witness "1"	
Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12383	Signature: 

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT No 38

10/17

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
HOBSONS BAY CITY COUNCIL CIVIC PARADE ALTONA VIC.		'The CORPORATION'	1002

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - Two Counts -

COUNT 1 The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

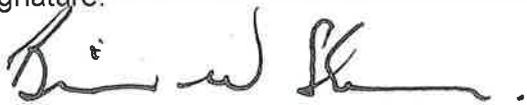
This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEWSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12363	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED			
WILTON CITY COUNCIL OR MELTON SHIRE COUNCIL 232 HIGH ST MELTON. (VIC)		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
		THE CORPORATION 1003	

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) *BOTH INDICTABLE*

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? *Two Counts*

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		
COUNT 2	Misprision of Treason (As Above)			

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEWSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12658	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT No 40

10/19

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 November 2017.

TO THE ACCUSED			
MICHAEL FRAGA PANE, 766 DUNCANS ROAD, WERRIBEE SOUTH VIC.		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No 1004

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) Both INDICABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? - Two Counts.

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
	Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
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Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

DEFENDANT NO 41.

1020 10/19

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
JOSEPH FABIANI, 766 DUNCANS ROAD WERRIBEE SOUTH (VIC)			1005

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICATED

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? **TWO COUNTS.**

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 **Misprision of Treason (As Above)**

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant	
Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 

Witness "1"	
Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Dei... No 92.

1021

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: 10 November 2017

TO THE ACCUSED			
HARWOOD ANDREW LAWYERS 70 GYRANHAP ST. GROVE 3220 VIC		INSTRUMENT ID No (The Corporation) UMBRUA	INSTRUMENT ID No 1006

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BOTH INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? *Two Counts -*

COUNT 1	The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.			
Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 **Misprision of Treason (As Above)**

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
---	--

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

Criminal Charge for Common Law Grand Jury

INFORMATION DATE: - 10 NOVEMBER 2017

TO THE ACCUSED		INSTRUMENT ID No	INSTRUMENT ID No
TITLES OFFICE UNIFORM 570 Bourke St Melbourne 3000		THE CORPORATION	1007

YOU HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH AN OFFENCE (2) BODY INDICTABLE

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge? Two Counts

COUNT 1 The Accused, upon receiving notice and knowledge of the treasonous acts which have occurred; namely the unlawful and illegal removal of the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Queen Elizabeth the Second and substitution of the Governor of Western Australia resulting in the removal of the Crown without the statutory referendums in the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act" on January 1st 2004, did with deliberate intent conceal and continues to fraudulently conceal this treason from the Electors.

Under what Law?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Crime TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grand Jury		

COUNT 2 Misprision of Treason (As Above)

This is a Common Law criminal charge and is reserved for exclusive jurisdiction for presentment and indictment for a Common Law Grand Jury sitting (when notified) in the state of Victoria.

The criminal offence of treason and misprision of treason can only be indicted by a Grand Jury.

This is Authority Law.

JOHN CHAPTER 8 KJV @ 17. It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

The Informant

Name: Brian William Shaw Address: PO Box 800, Werribee, Victoria 3030	Signature: 
--	--

Witness "1"

Name: CARMEL CLEMSON JP Address: 3/84 HAMILTON STREET GISBORNE 3437 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA REG. NO 12356	Signature: 
---	--

Note: The Law of Grand Jury does not require service

1023

1008

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 84

✓ BWS 84

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th June 2019

40

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

Constitutional Safeguard

On the 7th of December 1977 Premier Joh Bjelke-Petersen presented to the Queensland Parliament *The Constitution Act Amendment Bill.*

Extracts from Hansard:

My Government believes that writing these existing provisions of constitutional law and practice into the constitution will safeguard the existing system of parliamentary Government in Queensland but it believes that it is necessary to entrench this safeguard against the possibility of changes being brought about by Parliament contrary to the wishes of the electorate.

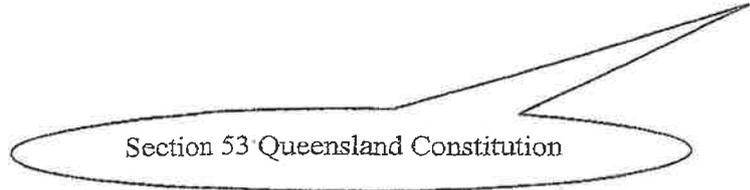
Few people in Queensland today want a republic - especially the socialist republic which so many Labor Party people appear to want. We do not want a Government of this State at any time taking advantage of the people to produce a republic by stealth. If the people want it, then they should be able to clearly indicate so at a referendum. Only if the people of Queensland vote for a change will it be possible for Australia as a whole to become a republic, because you cannot change the monarchy in one part of Australia unless you change it in the whole.

To entrench the present system, the Bill provides that none of its clauses can be altered by Parliament unless the Bill is first presented to the people by way of referendum as prescribed in this Bill.

The requirement of entrenchment (Section 53) is also itself entrenched so that the guarantee cannot be undone, such as has been done in other parts of the Commonwealth of Nations where a republican form of government has been brought about contrary to the constitution.

As I have said, a great deal of thought has gone into this Bill. What has been done in other parts of the British Commonwealth has been taken into account and we have considered all of the implications of entrenchment and the way in which the entrenchment can be brought about constitutionally. My Government is confident that this is a measure which will meet with the whole-hearted approval of the people of Queensland and will attract a great deal of interest among the parliamentarians and people of other States of Australia and overseas. I commend the Bill to the House.

Hansard - as reproduced in Wake Up, Australia November 1986.



~~1010~~ 1025

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / PS

"BWS PS"

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produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th June 2019.

40

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

The W. Aust. writ.
incorporated
extracts from the
protocols of Lion.
(F&B RETURN 2004?)

Toll 1026

THE 2004 W.A. WRIT

The Writ of Summons was issued and sealed by the Supreme Court of Western Australia on the 13th February 2004 by the words:

“Elizabeth the Second, by the Grace of God, Queen of Australia and her realms and territories, head of the Commonwealth”

But,

On the 1st January 2004 by enactment of the Act titled:

“Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act 2003”

The Queen was removed and substituted by the State Governor.

The witness to the writ:

Honourable David Kingsley Malcolm Chief Justice of Western Australia

But,

At Section 130(3) of the above mentioned Act, the Queen is removed and substituted by the Governor of Western Australia, John Sanderson.

10/2
1027

The Criminal Act

Emanating out of the State of Western Australia, a State within the Commonwealth of Australia

Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act.

- o Enacted 1 January 2004

Supreme Court Act 1935 amended

Section 130

(3) Section 9(1) is amended by deleting "Her Majesty" and inserting instead –

"The Governor"

143

1013 1028



SUPREME COURT OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

CIV. 1162 of 2004

**Brian William Shaw
Peter Allan Ridout
Christopher John Ridout**

Plaintiffs

and

**The State of Western Australia
Attorney General
Mr. Jim McGinty**

First Defendant

**Grand Lodge of Western Australia
Ancient and Accepted Freemasons
Grand Master Mr J Maley**



Second Defendant

WRIT OF SUMMONS

Date of document 13 day of February 2004
Filed by Plaintiffs
Date of Filing 13 day of February 2004
Prepared by Plaintiffs

**Brian William Shaw
71 Treave St Cloverdale WA**

**Peter Allan Ridout
RMB 357 Boyup Brook WA 6244 Phone 04) 2988-9396**

**Christopher John Ridout
RMB 305 Boyup Brook WA 6244 Phone 04) 2767-2065**

1014 1029

Elizabeth the Second, by the Grace of God, Queen of Australia and Her other Realms and Territories, Head of the Commonwealth.

To **Jim McGinty**
Attorney General of Western Australia

Of **30th Floor, Allendale Square 77 St George's Terrace**
PERTH WA 6000

in the State of Western Australia.

To **Grand Lodge of Western Australia**
Ancient and Accepted Freemasons

Of **137 Burswood Road**
Burswood WA 6100



in the State of Western Australia.

We command you, that within 10 days after the service of this writ on you, exclusive of the day of such service, you cause an appearance to be entered for you in our Supreme Court in an action at the suit of the abovenamed plaintiff; and take notice that in default of your so doing the plaintiff may proceed therein and judgment may be given in your absence.

Witness: Honourable David Kingsley Malcolm Chief Justice, of Western Australia the 13th day of February 2004.

Note: This writ may not be served later than 12 calendar months beginning with the above date unless renewed by order of the Court.

A defendant may appear to this writ by entering an appearance either personally or by solicitor at the Central Office of the Supreme Court at Perth.

the banks, insurance companies and shipping, all led directly back to the City of London. That had been the complete picture when Australia entered the First World War. All our railways, our power plants, our school buildings and even our Police, Courts and Gaols had been built with money supplied by the City of London. We were a Debtor Nation. The Bondholders never permitted us to forget it. "

(Jack Lang. the former Premier of N.S.W. lost that position after he affected a debt moratorium in New South Wales against the City of London, in the period immediately after the Great Depression.)

34.3. THAT, in this Statement of Claim, I will place various quotes from the document called "The Protocols." ***with the specific disclaimer that.***

- I make no specific statement or claim regarding the *authorship* of this document, except to say **that:**
- "The document has apparently been placed in the London library as far back as 1905.

I place extracts in this affidavit concerning "a program" that clearly involves and includes the organization of Freemasonry.

PROTOCOL 15 (Portion) Masonic Lodges

- *"We shall create and multiply free Masonic lodges in all the countries of the world.*
- *Absorb into them all who may become or who are prominent in public activity, for in these lodges we shall find our principal intelligence office and means of influence.*
- *All these lodges we shall bring under one central administration known to us alone and to all others absolutely unknown which will be composed representatives who will serve to screen the above mentioned administration of Masonry and from whom will issue the watchword and program.*
- *In these lodges we will tie together the knot, which binds together all revolutionary' and liberal elements. Their composition will be made up of all strata of society.*

1016

- *The most secret political plots will be known to us and will fall under our guiding hands on the very day of their conception. "*

PROTOCOL 15 (portion) JUDGES AND SENATORS

"In the most important and fundamental affairs and questions Judges decide as we dictate to them."

"Even Senators and the higher administration accept our counsels."

PROTOCOL 17 (Portion) CHRISTIAN RELIGION

"Freedom of conscience has been declared everywhere, so [hat now only years divide us from the moment of the complete wrecking of that Christian religion, as to other religions we shall have still less difficulty in dealing with them. "

PROTOCOL 23 (Portion) MANUFACTURERS

"We shall re-establish small master production which will mean laying a mine under the private capital of manufacturers."

PROTOCOL 22 (Portion) GOLD

"In our hands is the greatest power of our day- gold. In two days we can procure from our storehouses any quantity we may please. "

PROTOCOL 20 (Portion) RIGHT TO ISSUE MONEY (Issue)

*"The right to issue interest, bearing paper will be given exclusively to industrial companies who will find no difficulty in paying interest out of profits, - whereas:
The State does not make interest on borrowed money like these companies, for the State borrows to spend and not to use in operations."*

PROTOCOL 13 (Portion) THE PRESS

"Who will ever suspect then that all these peoples were stage managed by us according to political plan which no one has so much as guessed at in the course of many centuries."

~~1016~~

PROTOCOL 12 (Portion) NEWSPAPER MILITIA

"In order to direct our newspaper militia in this sense, we must take special and minute care in organizing this matter. Under the title of central department of the press, we shall institute literary gatherings at which our agents will, without attracting attention, issue the orders and watchwords of the day. "

6 [*"Not a single announcement will reach the public without our control"*

PROTOCOL 12 (Portion) MASONIC FREEDOM

*"Masonic interpretation of the word "Freedom"
"The word Freedom" which can be interpreted in various ways, is defined by us as follows:
Freedom is the right to do that which the Law' allows. "*

PROTOCOL 10 (Portion) REPUBLIC & PRESIDENT

"Independently of this, we shall invest the President with the right of declaring a state of war. We shall justify this last right on the ground that the President, as Chief of the whole army of the Country, must have at his disposal, in case of need for the defense of the New Republic Constitution, the right to defend which will belong to him as the responsible representative of this Constitution. It is easy to understand that in these conditions, the Key of the Shrine will lie in our hands and no one outside ourselves will any longer direct the force of Legislation. Besides this we shall, with the introduction of the New Republic Constitution, take from the Chamber the right of interpellation on Government measures, on the pretext of preserving Political Secrecy, and further, we shall by the New Constitution reduce the number of Representatives to a minimum.

We count upon attracting all Nations to the task of erecting the new fundamental structure. "

PROTOCOL 9 (Portion) THE LAWGIVERS

"I am in a position to tell you with a clear conscience that at the proper time we, the lawgivers, shall execute judgment and sentence.

~~1017.~~

We shall slay and we shall spare, we as head of all our troops, are mounted on the steed of the Leader. "

PROTOCOL 8 (Portion) LEXICON OF LAW

"We must arm ourselves with all the weapons which our opponents might employ against us. We must search out in the very Lexicon of Law justification for those cases where we shall have to pronounce judgments that might appear abnormally audacious and unjust, for it is important that these resolutions should be set forth in expressions that shall seem to be the most exalted moral principles cast into legal form. "

Europe.

PROTOCOL 7 (Portion) EUROPE

"Throughout all Europe, and by means of relations with Europe, in other continents also, we must create ferments, discords and hostility. Therein we gain a double advantage. In the first place we keep in check all countries for they well know that we have the power, whenever we like, to create disorders or to restore order. "

"We shall show our strength to one of them by terrorist attempts and to all. if we allow the possibility of a general rising against us. we shall respond with the guns of America. China or Japan. "

PROTOCOL 6 (portion) STATES/FARMERS/CREDIT

"That they will go to the bottom together with the Credit of the States on the day after the Political smash-"

"As landed proprietors they can still be harmful to us from the fact that they are self-sufficing in the resources upon which they live. It is essential therefore, for us at whatever cost to deprive them of their land. "

PROTOCOL 5 (portion) CAPITAL

"Capital, if it is to co-operate untrammled, must be free to establish a monopoly of industry and trade: this is already being put in execution by an unseen hand in all quarters of the world. These freedoms will give political force to those engaged in industry and that will help to oppress the people. Nowadays

it is more important to disarm the peoples than to lead them into war."

PROTOCOL 4 (portion) FREE-MASONRY

"Masomy blindly serves as a screen for **us and our** objects, but the plan of action of our force, even "its very abiding place" remains for the whole people an unknown mystery."

} x

Europe

PROTOCOL 3 (portion) EUROPE AND MONEY

"There remains a small space to cross and the whole long path we **have** trodden is **ready now to close its cycle** of the Symbolic Snake, by which we symbolize our people When this ring closes, "all the States of Europe " will be locked in its coils in a powerful vice. "

} ✓

"The people under our guidance have annihilated the aristocracy, who were their one and only defense and foster mother for the sake of their own advantage which is inseparately bound up with the well-being of the people. Nowadays, with the destruction of the aristocracy, the people **have fallen** into the grips of merciless money-grinding scoundrels who **have** laid a pitiless and cruel yoke upon the necks of the workers. "

}]

PROTOCOL 2 (portion) ECONOMIC WAR

"If is indispensable for our purpose that wars, so far as possible, should not result in territorial gains: war will thus be brought on to the economic ground where the Nations will not fail to perceive in the assistance we give the strength of our predominance, and this state of **things** will put both **sides at the mercy** of our "International Agentur. "

WAR.

"The Administrators whom we will choose from among the public, with strict regard to their capacities for 'servile obedience ' will not be persons trained in the **arts** of Government and will therefore easily become pawns on our game in the hands of men learning and genius who will be their advisers, specialists bred and reared from early childhood to **rule the affairs** of the whole world."

A

PROTOCOL 1 (Portion) POLITICIANS AND MORALITY

"The Political has nothing in common with the Moral."

*

PROTOCOL 24 (Portion) THE SEED OF DAVID

*"I pass now to the method of con/inning the dynastic roots of King David to the last strata of the earth. This confirmation will first and foremost be included in that **in which to this** day has rested the force of conservatism by our learned elders of the conduct of all the affairs of the world, in the directing of the education of thought of all humanity. Certain members of the Seed of David will prepare the kings and their heirs, selecting not by right of heritage but by eminent capacities, inducting them into the most secret mysteries of the political, into schemes of Government may but providing always that none come to knowledge of the secrets. The object of this mode of action is that all may know that Government cannot be entrusted to those who have not been inducted into the secret places of its art. "*

"The King's plans of action for he current moment, and all the more so for the future, will be unknown, even to those who are called his closest Counselors. Only the King and the Three who stood sponsor for him will know what is coming. "

*

"All the SPIRIT OF LAWS, which have been unshakably established by 'NATURE HERSELF' for the regulation of the relations of humanity."

I

X

*'NATURE HERSELF'
(The Frame)*

34.4. COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA CONSTITUTION ACT - SECT 51

Legislative powers of the Parliament

The Parliament shall, subject to this Constitution, have power to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of the Commonwealth with respect to:

- (i) trade and commerce with other countries, and among the States;
- (ii) taxation; but so as not to discriminate between States or parts of States;

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

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REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

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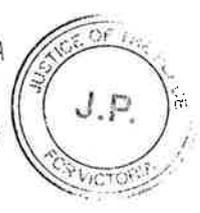
at the time of affirming his affidavit this

1st July 2019

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Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



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Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

Scripture
o "Rise by July"
MATTHEW CHAPTER 18
(Mind Transfers)

Trim by Judy.
The Bible into
the Scriptures

~~1021~~

1031

King James Bible

Matthew

Chapter 18

1 At the same time came the disciples unto Jesus, saying, Who is the greatest in the kingdom of heaven?

2 And Jesus called a little child unto him, and set him in the midst of them,

3 And said, Verily I say unto you, Except ye be converted, and become as little children, ye shall not enter into the kingdom of heaven. 6

4 Whosoever therefore shall humble himself as this little child, the same is greatest in the kingdom of heaven.

5 And whoso shall receive one such little child in my name receiveth me.

6 But whoso shall offend one of these little ones which believe in me, it were better for him that a millstone were hanged about his neck, and *that* he were drowned in the depth of the sea.

7 Woe unto the world because of offences! for it must needs be that offences come; but woe to that man by whom the offence cometh!

8 Wherefore if thy hand or thy foot offend thee, cut them off, and cast *them* from thee: it is better for thee to enter into life halt or maimed, rather than having two hands or two feet to be cast into everlasting fire.

9 And if thine eye offend thee, pluck it out, and cast *it* from thee: it is better for thee to enter into life with one eye, rather than having two eyes to be cast into hell fire.

10 Take heed that ye despise not one of these little ones; for I say unto you, That in heaven their angels do always behold the face of my Father which is in heaven.

11 For the Son of man is come to save that which was lost.

12 How think ye? if a man have an hundred sheep, and one of them be gone astray, doth he not leave the ninety and nine, and goeth into the mountains, and seeketh that which is gone astray?

13 And if so be that he find it, verily I say unto you, he rejoiceth more of that *sheep*, than of the ninety and nine which went not astray.

14 Even so it is not the will of your Father which is in heaven, that one of these little ones should perish.

15 Moreover if thy brother shall trespass against thee, go and tell him his fault between thee and him alone: if he shall hear thee, thou hast gained thy brother. (1 ON 1.)

16 But if he will not hear *thee*, *then* take with thee one or two more, that in the mouth of two or three witnesses every word may be established. (2 MORE)

17 And if he shall neglect to hear them, tell it unto the church: but if he neglect to hear the church, let him be unto thee as an heathen man and a publican.

18 Verily I say unto you, Whatsoever ye shall bind on earth shall be bound in heaven: and whatsoever ye shall loose on earth shall be loosed in heaven.

19 Again I say unto you, That if two of you shall agree on earth as touching any thing that they shall ask, it shall be done for them of my Father which is in heaven.

20 For where two or three are gathered together in my name, there am I in the midst of them.

(The Church — The Jury)
 The Church — The Body of Christ.

21 Then came Peter to him, and said, Lord, how oft shall my brother sin against me, and I forgive him? till seven times?

22 Jesus saith unto him, I say not unto thee, Until seven times: but, Until seventy times seven.

490.

23 Therefore is the kingdom of heaven likened unto a certain king, which would take account of his servants.

24 And when he had begun to reckon, one was brought unto him, which owed him ten thousand talents.

25 But forasmuch as he had not to pay, his lord commanded him to be sold, and his wife, and children, and all that he had, and payment to be made.

26 The servant therefore fell down, and worshipped him, saying, Lord, have patience with me, and I will pay thee all.

27 Then the lord of that servant was moved with compassion, and loosed him, and forgave him the debt.

28 But the same servant went out, and found one of his fellowservants, which owed him an hundred pence: and he laid hands on him, and took *him* by the throat, saying, Pay me that thou owest.

29 And his fellowservant fell down at his feet, and besought him, saying, Have patience with me, and I will pay thee all.

30 And he would not: but went and cast him into prison, till he should pay the debt.

31 So when his fellowservants saw what was done, they were very sorry, and came and told unto their lord all that was done.

The Inbuilt Quay Train
in Scripture
The Quays & The Body of Christ

~~1024~~ 1040

32 Then his lord, after that he had called him, said unto him, O thou wicked servant, I forgave thee all that debt, because thou desiredst me:

33 Shouldest not thou also have had compassion on thy fellowservant, even as I had pity on thee?

34 And his lord was wroth, and delivered him to the tormentors, till he should pay all that was due unto him.

35 So likewise shall my heavenly Father do also unto you, if ye from your hearts forgive not every one his brother their trespasses.

~~1025~~ 1041

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

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In matter of an
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for leave to issue

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A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

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Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

ISRAEL
1948

(FORMATION)



OFFICE OF THE HISTORIAN

ISRAEL 1042
~~1026~~

Search
MILESTONES: 1945-1952



NOTE TO READERS

"Milestones in the History of U.S. Foreign Relations" has been retired and is no longer maintained. For more information, please see [the full notice](#).

Creation of Israel, 1948

On May 14, 1948, David Ben-Gurion, the head of the Jewish Agency, proclaimed the establishment of the State of Israel. U.S. President Harry S. Truman recognized the new nation on the same day.



Eliahu Elath presenting ark to President Truman

Although the United States supported the Balfour Declaration of 1917, which favored the establishment of a Jewish national home in Palestine, President Franklin D. Roosevelt had assured the Arabs in 1945 that the United States would not intervene without consulting both the Jews and the Arabs in that region. The British, who held a colonial mandate for Palestine until May 1948, opposed both the creation of a Jewish state and an Arab state in Palestine as well as unlimited immigration of Jewish refugees to the region. Great Britain wanted to preserve good relations with the Arabs to protect its vital political and economic interests in Palestine.

Soon after President Truman took office, he appointed several experts to study the Palestinian issue. In the summer of 1946, Truman established a special cabinet committee under the chairmanship of Dr. Henry F. Grady, an Assistant Secretary of State, who entered into negotiations with a parallel British committee to discuss the future of Palestine. In May 1946, Truman announced his approval of a recommendation to admit 100,000 displaced persons into Palestine and in October publicly declared his support for the creation of a Jewish state. Throughout 1947, the United Nations Special Commission on Palestine examined the Palestinian question and recommended the partition of Palestine into a Jewish and an Arab state. On November 29, 1947 the United Nations adopted Resolution 181 (also known as the Partition Resolution) that would divide Great Britain's former Palestinian mandate into Jewish and Arab states in May 1948 when the British mandate was scheduled to end. Under the resolution, the area of religious significance surrounding Jerusalem would remain a corpus separatum under international control administered by the United Nations.

Although the United States backed Resolution 181, the U.S. Department of State recommended the creation of a United Nations trusteeship with limits on Jewish immigration and a division of Palestine into separate Jewish and Arab provinces but not states. The State Department, concerned about the possibility of an increasing Soviet role in the Arab world and the potential for restriction by Arab oil producing nations of oil supplies to the United States, advised against U.S. intervention on behalf of the Jews. Later, as the date for British departure from Palestine drew near, the Department of State grew concerned about the possibility of an all-out war in Palestine as Arab states threatened to attack almost as soon as the UN passed the partition resolution.

Despite growing conflict between Palestinian Arabs and Palestinian Jews and despite the Department of State's endorsement of a trusteeship, Truman ultimately decided to recognize the state Israel.

1043
~~1027~~

OK

1043.

Foreign Policy Journal

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The Myth of the U.N. Creation of Israel

By Jeremy R. Hammond | Oct 26, 2010 | Editor's Picks, Essays, Palestine | 961 | ★★★★★



The popular belief that Israel was

What Others Are Reading



The Assange/Manning Cases Discredit Humanity



Hillary Emails Reveal True Motive for Libya Intervention



Oman Sets the Example for Governing



1045

OK

Free e-Book: The Israel-Palestine Conflict

Featuring 12 Myth-Busting Essays by Jeremy R. Hammond



Bringing Closure to the 9/11 Pentagon Debate

GET IT NOW

~~1028~~
—

There is a widely accepted belief that United Nations General Assembly Resolution 181 "created" Israel, based upon an understanding that this resolution partitioned Palestine or otherwise conferred legal authority or legitimacy to the declaration of the existence of the state of Israel. However, despite its popularity, this belief has no basis in fact, as a review of the resolution's history and examination of legal principles demonstrates incontrovertibly.

Great Britain had occupied Palestine during the First World War, and in July 1922, the League of Nations issued its mandate for Palestine, which recognized the British government as the occupying power and effectively conferred to it the color of legal authority to temporarily administrate the territory.[1] On April 2, 1947, seeking to extract itself from the conflict that had arisen in Palestine between Jews and Arabs as a result of the Zionist movement to establish in Palestine a "national home for the Jewish people",[2] the United Kingdom submitted a letter to the U.N. requesting the Secretary General "to place the question of Palestine on the Agenda of the General Assembly at its next regular Annual Session", and requesting the Assembly "to make recommendations, under Article 10 of the Charter, concerning the future

Apr 2, 1947.

the CHARTER (Articles) 10

1046

~~1029~~

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

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Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

MARGA CARSA.

1030

1047

Key Clauses of Magna Carta

Four of Magna Carta's clauses are still part of English law today as follows:

Clause 1: *“FIRST, THAT WE HAVE GRANTED TO GOD, and by this present charter have confirmed for us and our heirs in perpetuity, that the English Church shall be free, and shall have its rights undiminished, and its liberties unimpaired. That we wish this so to be observed, appears from the fact that of our own free will, before the outbreak of the present dispute between us and our barons, we granted and confirmed by charter the freedom of the Church's elections - a right reckoned to be of the greatest necessity and importance to it - and caused this to be confirmed by Pope Innocent III. This freedom we shall observe ourselves, and desire to be observed in good faith by our heirs in perpetuity.”*

The first clause of Magna Carta guarantees the freedom of the English Church. This clause was specifically included to stop the king from interfering in what the Church did, and gave the Church the right to elect its own leaders, rather than have them chosen by the king. King John and the Pope had fallen out over the choice of the Archbishop of Canterbury before Magna Carta, and this first clause was intended to ensure that these problems did not happen again.

The fact that this is the first clause is a reminder of the important part that the Church played in bringing Magna Carta about.

It is also the reason that English Cathedrals guarded Magna Carta so carefully over the centuries. The last section of Magna Carta mentions the freedom of the Church again, just as a reminder of what had been agreed.

Clause 13: *“The city of London shall enjoy all its ancient liberties and free customs, both by land and by water. We also will and grant that all other cities, boroughs, towns, and ports shall enjoy all their liberties and free customs.”*

This clause is the most surprising of the four clauses that are still part of the law. It was intended to ensure that the rights that London and other cities and towns had been granted were no longer taken away by the corruption of King John's reign. One of the rights that was important to the city of London was the right to choose its own mayor, for example. Like the English Church, the people of England wanted to make sure that it wasn't the king that got to decide everything that was important.

Clause 39: *“No free man shall be seized or imprisoned, or stripped of his rights or possessions, or outlawed or exiled, or deprived of his standing in any way, nor will we proceed with force against him, or send others to do so, except by the lawful judgment of his equals or by the law of the land.”*

This clause established the idea that people could only be judged according to the law, and that even the king himself had to follow the law. King John had previously acted as if the law did not apply to him. The other thing that is important about this clause is that it stipulates that a person should be judged by a group of their equals (not by the king or his men). The jury system that still exists in Britain today is a continuation of the idea put forward in this clause.

Clause 40: *“To no one will we sell, to no one deny or delay right or justice.”*

This is one of the shortest, most significant and most timeless clauses of Magna Carta. It ensures that nobody will be deprived of their rights, or have to pay for their rights, or be made to suffer by waiting for their rights. It was a response to the fact that King John was very corrupt and frequently demanded bribes from his subjects. The delay of justice is still a big problem in many places of the world today - making innocent people wait for years until a court hears their case.

Is there any example in this room

1032.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

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at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

Lieutenant-Governor
of Victoria

1033.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR

Is appointed by the Governor on the advice of the Premier.

Role of the Lieutenant-Governor

The Lieutenant-Governor acts as the Governor's deputy, usually when the Governor is out of the State. In those circumstances, the Lieutenant-Governor deputises for the Governor in relation to limited functions.

About Victoria's Lieutenant-Governor

Ken Lay AO APM

BA (Pol Stud), GDip Pub Admin, HonLLD (Monash), FAICD

The Governor with Lieutenant-Governor Mr Ken Lay and Chief Justice of Victoria, the Hon. Anne Ferguson

Ken Lay was sworn in as Lieutenant-Governor of Victoria on 9 November 2017.



GOSWOLD

KEN LAY.

ANNE
FERGUSON

1034

Mr Lay was Chief Commissioner of Victoria Police from 2011 – 2015 in a career that spanned over 40 years in policing.

In 2015, he was appointed as the Chair of the Council of Australian Governments Expert Advisory Panel on Family Violence and later that year was appointed the Chair of the Prime Minister's National Ice Task Force.

He is currently Chair of the Ambulance Victoria Board of Directors. He is also a Director of the Alannah and Madeline Foundation and of the Essendon Football Club.

In 2015 Mr Lay was awarded a Doctor of Laws (Honoris Causa) by Monash University in recognition of his service to the community.

He was appointed an Officer of the Order of Australia in the 2017 Australia Day Awards for services to policing and the community.

Reviewed 17/12/2018

1035.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 90.

BWS 90

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

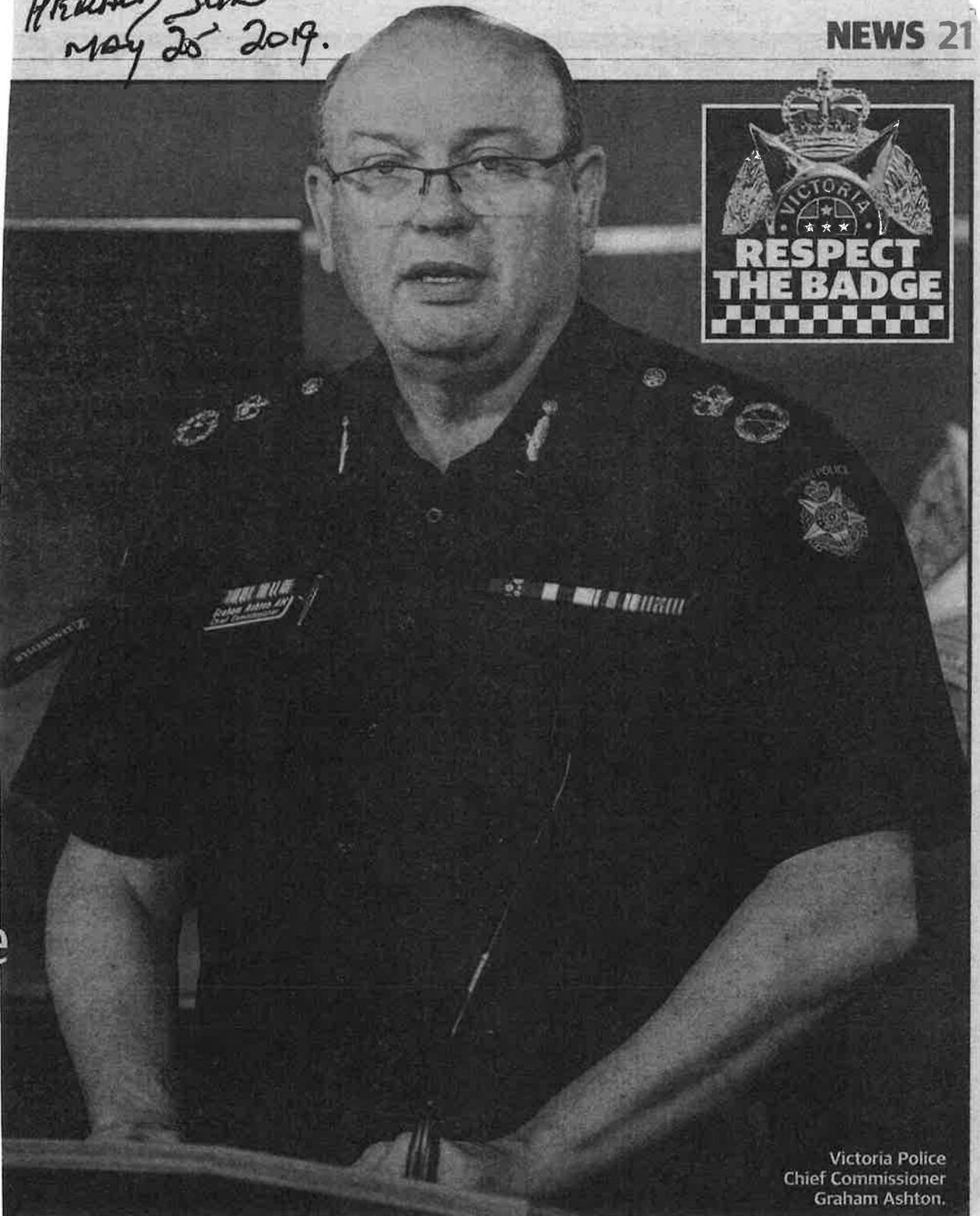
GRAHAM ASHTON
VICTORIAN POLICE
COMMISSIONER

✓

1036

HERALD Sun
May 20 2019.

NEWS 21



Victoria Police
Chief Commissioner
Graham Ashton.

CRIMINAL CODE ACT 1995

Chapter 5 -- The security of the Commonwealth

Part 5.1 -- Treason and urging violence

Division 80 -- Treason and urging violence

1037.

80.1A Definition of *organisation*

In this Division: "*organisation*" means:

(a) a body corporate; or

(b) an unincorporated body;

whether or not the body is based outside Australia, consists of persons who are not Australian citizens, or is part of a larger organisation.

Subdivision B -- Treason

80.1 Treason

(2) A person commits an offence if the person:

- (a) receives or assists another person who, to his or her knowledge, has committed an offence against this Subdivision (other than this subsection) with the intention of allowing him or her to escape punishment or apprehension; or
- (b) knowing that another person intends to commit an offence against this Subdivision (other than this subsection), does not inform a constable of it within a reasonable time or use other reasonable endeavours to prevent the commission of the offence.

Penalty: Imprisonment for life.

1038

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 91.

"BWS 91"

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th June 2019

40

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

THIRESA
MAY (UK)

British PM May to leave in June

1039

STEPHEN DRILL
LONDON

AN emotional Theresa May last night quit as British Prime Minister after she failed to secure her Brexit deal.

Fighting back tears on the steps of No.10 Downing Street, she announced she will leave the job in a fortnight, just two days after a visit from US President Donald Trump to mark D-Day celebrations.

Her decision to quit on June 7 has opened a wide leadership race with ex-London mayor Boris Johnson the frontrunner.

"I'm proud of the progress we have made over the past three years," she said outside No.10. "I will shortly leave the job that it has been the honour of my life to hold. The second female prime minister but certainly not the last."

As husband Philip and senior staff watched from the sidelines, Mrs May said she deeply regretted not being able to get Brexit done.

"It is and will always remain a matter of deep regret to me that I have not been able to deliver Brexit," she said in her nationally televised statement.

The PM broke down as she said it had been an honour to serve "the country that I love".

The British parliament has been in chaos again this week, with Mrs May's plan for a Brexit deal embarrassingly shelved from a vote.

It comes as counting was continuing in European elections, which British voters were forced to endure because the UK missed its deadline to leave the EU.

The conservative Tory government was expected to poll one of its lowest votes.

Mrs May met with Sir Graham Brady, chairman of the powerful 1922 committee last night. The committee had discussed whether to change its longstanding rules to allow a second no-confidence vote of Mrs May earlier in the week, but stopped short of the dramatic shift.

Mrs May's supporters were privately saying earlier this week that her time was up. The logjam around how to get Brit-

'It is and will always remain a matter of deep regret to me that I have not been able to deliver Brexit'



Theresa May announces her resignation on the steps of 10 Downing Street last night.

Commons leader this week over Mrs May's latest Brexit deal, which opened the possibility of a second referendum.

he did not believe the government should be "paving the way" for a second referendum.

Mrs Leadsom said the Prime Minister's future was "a

Withdrawal Agreement Bill in it that I couldn't support elements of," she said.

stephen.drill@news.co.uk

1040

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 92.....

'BWS 92'

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2014

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

The Hon Justice
(Transcribed)

THE RABBI'S TAROT

1041



an illumination from the kundalini to the pineal to the pituitary.



Daphna Moore

חִכּוּךָ עֲתִיקָה

Hughes Henshaw Publications
3333 S. Wadsworth Blvd., Suite B-104
Lakewood, CO 80227
U.S.A

are constantly swept with a vague memory of something pleasant or unpleasant in a previous life.

1042

These two, then, are the functions of the Pituitary Gland that serve as the channel of communication between the self-conscious, the thinking lobe of the brain, and the body it directs.

In Tarot, the subjective mind is represented by THE HIGH PRIESTESS. The subconscious is represented by THE EMPRESS. It is impossible to talk of one without talking of the other. THE HIGH PRIESTESS is really the representative of Nature of the laws of Nature. THE EMPRESS is a representative of that part of Nature which functions in you and which you have exalted or debased during your long procession of incarnations. Nature is herself perfectly pure, but you in your long series of reincarnations have sullied nature because you have bound her to your own appetites and passions.

THE HIGH PRIESTESS also represents what the Christians call the Holy Ghost. The Holy Ghost and Nature of the scientist are the same. The subconscious mind is represented as a wife who is as her husband makes her. She is associated with Venus and in all mythologies there is a good Venus who uplifts man and a bad Venus who drags man down. That is to say, these personal consciousnesses can drag you down or uplift you, and she is what you have made her. The Venus in you, whether good or bad, is subservient to your Will. THE HIGH PRIESTESS IN YOU IS NOT SUBSERVIENT TO YOUR WILL, THE HIGH PRIESTESS IS SUBSERVIENT TO THE LAWS OF NATURE, THAT IS TO THE WILL OF THE CREATOR—BUT YOU BRING HER MORE AND MORE INTO YOUR BODY. As Jesus said, "I am come that you may have life and have it more abundantly".

THE HIGH PRIESTESS is that part of the Cosmic Mind which functions in your body and which you may continually increase by intensive work upon your body. In the hand of THE HIGH PRIESTESS is a scroll with the word *Tora* on it. Tora means Law. The cosmic subconscious follows the Law, the Will of the Creator. Your personal subconscious follows your Will (your selective faculty). You stand in relation to it as the creator does to the Cosmic Mind-Stuff.

THE HIGH PRIESTESS of the Tarot is the Holy Ghost (matter reflecting the designs of the Father). She anthropomorphizes the cosmic Mind-Stuff—the Virgin Mind-Stuff out of which the universe took form as a result of the images implanted in it by the Creator. REMEMBER, THE OBJECT OF TAROT IS NOT MERELY TO SHOW YOU THE LAWS OF THE UNIVERSE, BUT HOW THESE LAWS WORK

The High Priestess of the Tarot is the Holy Ghost.

1043.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 93.....

"BWS 93"

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

BRUCE + CARMON.
Priory of Lion.
The Knights of
St John of
Jerusalem.

The Commonwealth Election Writs

1044

Issued by and returned to Quentin Bryce

Governor –General

Commonwealth of Australia

Power vested by

Section 32 – Commonwealth Constitution Act

For House of Representatives

BUT

Concealed from the Electorate

Is the evident fact

that Quentin Bryce

Issued the Section 32 writs under

The Cloak of the Prior of Sion

Or

Knights of St John of Jerusalem.



Source: www.gg.gov.au/events/governor-victoria-investiture

**Governor of Victoria investiture
30 October 2011**

At Government House in Melbourne, the Governor-General, as Prior, invested the Governor of Victoria, His Excellency Mr Alex Chernov AO, as Deputy Prior of the Order of St John for the State of Victoria. Mrs Elizabeth Chernov was invested as a Dame of Grace.

1540. STATUTE by HENRY 8th BANNING KNIGHTS of St JOHN.

" The Lords spiritual and temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, having credible knowledge that divers and sundry the King's subjects, called Knights of the Rhodes, otherwise called Knights of St John's, otherwise called Friars of the Religion of St John of Jerusalem in England, and of a like house being in Ireland, abiding in the parts of beyond the sea, and having as well out of this realm, as out of Ireland, and other the King's dominions, yearly great sums of money for maintenance of their livings, have unnaturally, and contrary to the duty of their allegiance, sustained and maintained the usurped power and authority of the Bishop of Rome, lately usurped and practised within this realm, and other the King's Dominions (2) and have not only adhered themselves to the said Bishop, being common enemy to the King our Sovereign Lord, and to this his realm, untruly upholding, knowledging, and affirming maliciously and traiterously the same Bishop to be Supreme, and chief head of Christ's Church by God's holy word, intending thereby to subvert and overthrow the good and godly laws and statutes of this realm, their natural country, made and grounded by authority of Holy Church, by the most excellent wisdom, policy, and goodness of the King's majesty with the whole assent and consent of the realm, for the abolishing, expulping and utter extinction of the said usurped power and authority". (Portion.)



1046

1047

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS /...94...

"BWS 94"

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

Appeal to
High Court from
Judgement of Bracey
involving criminal
charges on Marilyn
Warren, the then
Chief Justice.

[High Court would
not permit the
matter to be heard]

1048.

M 31
No. 131 of 2013

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRY

BETWEEN:

BRIAN WILLIAM SHAW
Applicant

And

10

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF VICTORIA
Respondent

APPLICATION FOR SPECIAL LEAVE TO APPEAL

20

The applicant applies for Special Leave to Appeal from the whole of the Judgement of Justice Beach (matter No 9997 of 2006), delivered on 12th March 2013 in relation to the filing and serving of criminal charges on the Chief Justice of the State of Victoria, Marilyn Warren. The grounds include the criminal offences inclusive of Inter Se and Grand Jury Authority.

GROUNDS:

1. JUSTICE BEACH ERRED IN THE FOLLOWING;

Justice Beach concealed the real facts of the matter opening up.

30

- i. A judgement / order tainted with fraud is a nullity
- ii. A Judge in his own cause voids any purported judgement or order.
- iii. Not to reveal or discover any illegal act done or to be done or any illegal oath is an indictment offence in Victoria, Crimes Act 1958, Section 316, penalty is FIVE YEARS IMPRISONMENT.
- iv. Justice Beach did hear a matter sitting in Federal Jurisdiction with a personal matter and had a criminal offence against Section 34 of the Crime Act 1914, Commonwealth did occur and carries a two year jail penalty.
- v. Justice Beach when challenged on bias ruled that he was not sitting in bias when in actual fact Justice Beach was.

40

Filed by: Brian William Shaw
C/- PO Box 800
Werribee Victoria 3030

Telephone: 0487 195 522

9 May 2013.

Queen Remourg.
1 January 2013

- vi. Section 44 Crimes Act 1914, Commonwealth states that a person (the first person Justice Beach) commits an offence upon agreement or understanding that the first person, Justice Beach, will compound or conceal an offence or abstain from, discontinue or delay a prosecution for an offence or withhold evidence of an offence. The offence referred to is an indictable offence against a Law of the Commonwealth. The penalty is three years imprisonment.

50

2. THE CONCEALMENT OF EVIDENCE

The evidence before Justice Beach on 12th March 2013 consisted of the following documents. The content of each affidavit was concealed by Justice Beach.

60

1. Affidavit affirmed by Brian Shaw on 21st February 2013 consisting of 25 pages and 11 exhibits relating to the criminal offences committed by Chief Justice Marilyn Warren.
2. Affidavit affirmed by Brian Shaw on 6th March 2013 exhibiting a stamped Grand Jury application stamped by the Court of Appeal (Full Court) Supreme Court of Victoria on 26th February 2006 naming Mr R Hulls.
3. Affidavit affirmed by Brian Shaw on 6th March 2013 relating to Alex Chernov and others on 16 May 2004, presented to the Melbourne Magistrates Court and at a later date filed for Grand Jury indictments.
4. Affidavit affirmed by Brian Shaw on 6th March 2013 in relation to Justices Whelan and Vickery.
5. Affidavit affirmed by Brian Shaw on 6th March 2013 exhibited a stamped Grand Jury application relating to Mr Charles Wheeler, a former Master of the Supreme Court of Victoria and at the same time, a high-ranked Freemason.

70

3. PERVERTING the COURSE of JUSTICE

On the 12th March 2013, Justice Beach did commit the indictable offence of attempting to pervert the course of Justice which states at Section 43 that a person commits an offence if the person attempts to obstruct, to prevent or to defeat the course of Justice in relation to a judicial power of the Commonwealth. The penalty is ten years imprisonment.

80

4. PRIOR HEARING

Justice Beach was unable to bring an impartial mind to this matter because of the fact that Justice Beach on 10th March 2010 in matter No 9997 of 2006 did preside over the hearing involving the fraud of the Victorian Electoral Commission and others in relation to the Altona by-election 13 February 2010 and the Judicial concealment of the criminal charge and Grand Jury application involving Julia Gillard, the Federal Member for Altona in the seat of Lalor. This was an evident fact at clause 4 of the affidavit affirmed by Brian Shaw on 4 March 2010, consisting of 7 pages and 10 exhibits. The matter was later concealed by the High Court.

90 5. GOVERNOR ALEX CHERNOV (Former Supreme Court Judge)

I state that the current Governor of the State of Victoria, Alex Chernov, was one of five Full Court Judges hearing a Grand Jury application in the Full Court of the Supreme Court during October 2001 in relation to Freemasonry Victoria and their respective organisations for taking and administering unlawful oaths in the State of Victoria in criminal breach of Section 316 Crimes Act 1958. All five Judges were later charged by private prosecution right. Their criminal offences related to Section 34 Crimes Act 1914 and presented to the Melbourne Magistrates Court where the Court declined to present, accordingly Section 354 (The Grand Jury Right) of the Crimes Act 1958 was activated. The Full Court has and continues to attempt to pervert the course of justice in refusing to hear the application which has been sitting at the Full Court for a number of years and concealed by Justice Beach.

100

6. GOVERNOR JOHN SANDERSON (Western Australia)

I state that on January 1st 2004 the Governor of the State of Western Australia, Governor Sanderson, co-signed the enactment of the Act titled "Acts Amendment Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act" with the Attorney-General of the State of Western Australia, Mr Jim McGinty to remove the Crown of the United Kingdom inclusive of the removal of the statutory Oaths of Allegiance and in various amended sections substitute themselves in place of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second and or The Crown. This unconstitutional and criminal amendment / substitution did not have either the statutory State referendum or the resultant Commonwealth referendum and as such the Governor of the State of Victoria, Governor Alex Chernov, inclusive of Officers of the Supreme Court of Victoria, Chief Justice Marilyn Warren and others are principal to criminal activity revealed in both Western Australia and Victoria against the Electors of both Victoria and Western Australia in addition to criminal activity against the Electors of the Commonwealth of Australia and all concealed by Justice Beach.

110

120 ACTS AMENDMENT AND REPEAL (COURTS AND LEGAL PRACTICE) ACT 2003 (NO. 65 OF 2003) - SECT 130

130 . Supreme Court Act 1935 amended

- (3) Section 9(1) is amended by deleting "Her Majesty" and inserting instead — "the Governor".
- (12) The Second Schedule is amended by deleting "our Sovereign Lady Queen Elizabeth the Second, Her Heirs and successors" and inserting instead — "the State of Western Australia".



130 JULIA GILLARD – CHARGE and SUMMONS (January 29, 2007 – Melbourne Magistrates Court)

2007.

On 1st January 2004, the Government of West Australia at Perth, Western Australia, inclusive of the Executive Legislature and Judicial arms, in agreement with "the Commonwealth", did enact an overt Act, titled, "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practices Act 2003 WA".

By such enactment an Act of Treason was committed.

Such Treason has been concealed by the defendant, since the date of enactment up to and inclusive of the present date.

7. THE ELECTOR LEFT OUT

140

I state that every registered elector within Australia is both a State elector and Commonwealth elector at the same time.

What was not revealed to the elector was the alteration in various laws removing either the statutory Oath of Allegiance and/or The Crown of the United Kingdom without the compulsory and statutory referendums, either State or Commonwealth. In simple words, the State and Commonwealth Elector was omitted from the decision. Justice Beach concealed this.

West Australian Constitution Act 1889

J. 73(2).6

150

Section 73.2(g)

73. Legislature as constituted by this Act empowered to alter any of its provisions

2. 3. 4. 50. 51. 73.

(2) A Bill that —

the Referendum

(g) the Bill has also prior to such presentation been approved by the electors in accordance with this section,

Jurisdiction

and a Bill assented to consequent upon its presentation in contravention of this subsection shall be of no effect as an Act.

160

THE INTER SE GROUND

Exclusive Jurisdiction to High Court.

8. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

The removal of The Statutory Oath of Allegiance from the Victorian Legal Practice Act 1996 is in conflict with the Legislative power of the Commonwealth in addition to excess of the State power, automatically making this issue an inter se issue.

THE INTER SE GROUND

9. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

170

The separation of the Office of Public Prosecutions Victoria from the Queen in the Public Prosecutions Act 1994 Victoria is in conflict with the Legislative power of the Commonwealth in addition to excess of the State power, automatically making this an inter se issue.

THE INTER SE GROUND

10. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

180

The removal of the Crown of The United Kingdom from Specific Law within the State of Western Australia is beyond power and in direct conflict with the Legislative power of the Commonwealth, automatically making this issue an inter se issue.

THE INTER SE GROUND

Beyond Power

11. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

The removal of the Crown of The United Kingdom from Specific Law within the State of Western Australia is beyond power and in direct conflict with the Legislative power of the Commonwealth, in particular Sections 12, 32, 106, 109 & 128 of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act 1900, automatically making this issue an inter se issue.

+ AND. S. 123.

190

THE INTER SE GROUND

(REFERENDUM ISSUES)

12. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

The current High Court Judges of The High Court of Australia are currently sitting in excess of their grant of power because of the removal of the Crown from Specific Law within Western Australia without the statutory referendum requirement as stated at Section 73 (2) of the West Australian Constitution Act 1889 and Section 128 of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act 1900, automatically making this issue an inter se issue. The current High Court Judges in attempting to hear the inter se issues would be Judges hearing their own matter because they are Grand Jury Defendants in Victoria.

200

THE INTER SE GROUND

ELECTIONS

13. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

Since 1 January 2004 all elections held, Council, State & Commonwealth have been held & achieved in excess of their Grant of Power evidenced by the removal of the Crown from Specific law within Western Australia without the required referendum mandate, automatically making this issue an inter se issue.

210

THE INTER SE GROUND

WRITING

14. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

(Coram Non Judice)

Where courts of special and limited jurisdiction exceed their powers the whole proceeding is before a judge not competent or without jurisdiction and all concerned in such proceedings are held to be liable for trespass, which activates inter se in addition to a tort.

220

THE INTER SE GROUND

(THE CHAPTER 3. ISSUE)

15. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

(Coram Non Judice)

A decision which is the result of bias is a nullity and the trial is Coram Non Judice. The Full Court of the Supreme Court of Victoria on 1 November 2012 made a decision in bias and the trial is Coram Non Judice in conflict with the Commonwealth Constitution Act 1900. Because of the removal of the Crown and the oath of allegiance from specific law without abiding by the referendum requirement, making the Full Court of the Supreme Court of Victoria inclusive of the High Court, outside of a Chapter 3 Court, automatically making this Coram non Judice.

230

Huller + the Criminal Procedure Bill/Act

1053

THE INTER SE GROUND

16. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

In relation to the purported abolition of the Victorian Grand Jury Right under Section 354 Crimes Act 1958, it was beyond power for a Grand Jury Defendant (Mr Hulls) to introduce a Bill into the Parliament of Victoria, the Criminal Procedures Bill and cause to be enacted such Bill to remove Section 354 from the Crimes Act 1958 without disclosing that the introducer (Mr Hulls) was pending three Grand Jury hearings under Section 354, automatically making this issue an inter se issue in addition to the criminal offence by Mr Hulls of attempting to pervert the course of justice within Victoria and the Commonwealth.

240

THE INTER SE GROUND

State + Parliament.

17. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

In relation to the Parliament of Victoria sitting within the Commonwealth of Australia Federation structure, after the unlawful removal of the Crown (all required referendums were omitted) from Specific Law within Western Australia, a Federation State. The State of Victoria, inclusive of the Parliament of the State of Victoria was sitting and continues to sit in excess of its Grant of Power and is in direct conflict with the Legislative Power of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia, automatically making this issue an inter se issue.

250

THE INTER SE GROUND

Freemasonry.

18. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

In relation to the foreign power organisation of International Freemasonry into the Laws of Australia, the oaths / obligations, edicts and allegiance of Freemasonry are in direct conflict with the Laws of Australia in addition to criminal offences in relation to the taking and administering of unlawful oaths stated Law in Victoria at Section 316 of the Crimes Act 1958 and a Constitutional breach of Section 44(i) of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia. This in an inter se issue in addition to criminal offences revealed in documents filed for Grand Jury due process in the State of Victoria.

260

THE INTER SE GROUND

Under Jura + Fraud.

19. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

In relation to the Governor of the State of Western Australia (Governor Sanderson) removing the Crown and Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth the Second from Stated Law within Western Australia by the enactment of the overt Act titled "Acts Amendment Repeal Courts and Legal Practices Act" enacted on 1 January 2004 at Perth, Western Australia. This overt Act was and remains Ultra Vires, in excess of their Grant of Power and in conflict with the Legislative Power of the Constitution Act of the Commonwealth of Australia, automatically making it an inter se question, in addition to the fraud on the Electorate but not limited to this Criminal Offence.

270

MURK CHIRANOV.

1054

280

THE INTER SE GROUND

20. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

In relation to the recent appointment of Alex Chernov into the Office of Governor of the State of Victoria, it was not disclosed to the people of Victoria, in particular the Electors of the State of Victoria and Electors of the Commonwealth of Australia, that Alex Chernov is and remains a Grand Jury Defendant in accordance with the Legal Right set out under Section 354 of the Crimes Act 1958 Victoria. The purported appointment amounts to malfeasance in Public Office and is in excess of power in addition to criminal offences against the Constitution and the people. The critical inter se issue here is found in Section 12 of the Commonwealth Constitution where the Governor of the State (Governor Chernov) issues the writ for the State Senators to sit in the Commonwealth Parliament.

290

The Ombudsman (Victoria)

THE INTER SE GROUND

21. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

In relation to the removal of the Oath of Allegiance from the Legal Practice Act 1996 Victoria, all officers of the Supreme Court of Victoria are operating in excess of their Grant of Power and are in conflict with the Legislative Power of the Constitution Act of the Commonwealth of Australia. The overt Act is Courts and Tribunals Legislation (Further Amendment) Act 2000, which is automatically an inter se issue and activates criminal offences.

300

Exclusive Jurisdiction
CHAPTER 3
High Court Judges
must Remit

THE INTER SE GROUND

22. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

Exclusive Jurisdiction Conflict

In relation to inter se the High Court has exclusive jurisdiction but the unlawful removal of the Crown without the required referendums and resultant criminal charges both filed and served relating to named High Court Judges for concealing the removal of the Crown. Consequently the High Court lacks jurisdiction and must remit the cause back to the Full Court of the Supreme Court of Victoria for determination by a Grand Jury for the indictment process followed by a normal jury in accordance with Section 80 of the Commonwealth, any interference or attempt to pervert due process will activate serious indictable offences.

310

Question

THE INTER SE GROUND

23. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

Can the Commonwealth (The Constitutional Commonwealth) agree with or contribute to the removal of the Crown of the United Kingdom (In Western Australia, "The Acts Amendment Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act 2004") without the required constitutional referendums, without creating a conflict of powers between the Commonwealth and the States in addition to excess of State power.

320

THE INTER SE GROUND

Question

1055.

330 24. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

Can the Governor of Western Australia govern the State of Western Australia in legal conformity to the constitution of Western Australia and legal conformity to the Constitution of the Commonwealth after the removal of the Crown without the Constitutional referendums, by enactment of the Acts Amendment Repeal Courts and Legal Practices Act 2004 (Western Australia) in addition to excess of State power.

THE INTER SE GROUND

Question.

340 25. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

Can the Governor of Western Australia legally issue a State writ for Senators in Western Australia under Section 12 of the Commonwealth Constitution Act 1900, or is the writ invalid after the unlawful removal of the Crown from Western Australia in conflict with the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia in addition to excess of State power.

THE INTER SE GROUND

Question.

350 26. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

Is the removal of the constitutional Oath of Allegiance from stated law within Western Australia (Acts Amendment Repeal Courts and Legal Practices Act 2004) without the constitutional referendums:

- a. In excess of power
- b. A conflict of powers
- c. A criminal act of fraud
- d. A criminal act of treason
- e. Compounding offences

THE INTER SE GROUND

The Victorian Problem (Sept 2000)

360 27. Justice Beach was deprived of jurisdiction.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

*The removal of the Oath of Allegiance from the Legal Practice Act 1996, Victoria by enactment of the Courts and Tribunals Legislative Amendment Act, enacted 5 September 2000 creates the biggest Inter Se within Victoria in relation to the Constitutional conduct of the Judiciary, inclusive of the Chief Justice of Victoria who holds the title of Lieutenant Governor and Administrator.
Justice Beach was deprived of Jurisdiction in relation to Inter Se.*

The Inter Se is:

370 *The removal of the Oath of Allegiance from the Legal Practice Act 1996 (Victoria) by enactment of the Act titled: "Court and Tribunal (Further Amendment) Act 2000 Victoria" is in direct conflict with the Oath of Allegiance contained in the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia Act 1900, in addition to excess of power additional criminal offences do activate and as such must be returned to Exclusive Jurisdiction of Grand Jury within Victoria.*

The Criminal Issue

1056.

28. INTER SE AUTHORITY – “Deprived of Jurisdiction”

The Law relating to Inter Se is quite clear in that the instant the Inter Se question or issue comes into play the Court is deprived of Jurisdiction and any purported judgement is a nullity and the matter is to be removed into the Exclusive Jurisdiction of the High Court, this excludes any special leave requirement.

< nullifies Special Leave >

380 *de*

NO ESCAPE

A.

That Court had no outlet of escape from deciding a Constitutional Point.
Pirrie v McFarlane 1925 3b CLR 170 at 194.

DISTRIBUTION OF POWERS

B.

A question of the limits Inter Se of the powers of the Commonwealth and State means nothing more than a question as to the distribution of those powers.
Flint v Webb 1907 4 CLR 1178 at 1182

390

DEPRIVED OF JURISDICTION

C.

Unless State Courts were deprived of Jurisdiction in all cases in which a plea of a question of the limits Inter Se was raised by either party.

Flint v Webb 1907 4 CLR 1178 at 1186

This particular ground reveals a legal ground for trespass, quoting from Coke on trespass;

“Where Courts of special and limited jurisdiction exceed their powers, the whole proceeding is Coram Non-Judice, and all concerned in such void proceedings are held to be liable for trespass”

400

SOURCE: Case of the Marshalsea,
10 CO 68, Terry v Huntington, Hardres 60

I state that on 12th March 2013 before Justice Beach of the Supreme Court in the State of Victoria, the following legal citation was verbally presented:

D.

“The whole cause is completely stopped at that stage if an Inter Se question is involved in the matter”

Source

“Commonwealth V Bank of NSW
Privy Council 1949 79 CLR 497 at 576”

410

29. HIGH COURT GRAND JURY DEFENDANTS

The Judges

Justice Beach ignored the lodged Grand Jury applications and the Law of Inter Se. The following are the words of the Criminal Charges that remain pending Grand Jury hearings in the Criminal Jurisdiction of the Full Court, Supreme Court of Victoria, involving High Court Judges and **Julia Gillard**.

420

a. Justice Michael Kirby (Grand Jury Defendant)

KIRBY

The Defendant a Commonwealth Judicial Officer on 3rd August 2006, at the Canberra branch of the High Court, such branch attached to the Melbourne branch of the High Court, did intentionally and perversely exercise Federal Jurisdiction, in that

(The OFFENCER)

the defendant did protect the current Governor General Mr Michael Jeffrey from a Grand Jury Application lodged with the Full Court of the Victorian Supreme Court, by hearing a matter in closed Court procedure, disallowing representation at the hearing.

430

**b. Justice Ian David Francis Callinan
(Grand Jury Defendant)**

Callinan

The Defendant, a Commonwealth Judicial Officer on 3rd August 2006, at the Canberra branch of the High Court, such branch attached to the Melbourne branch of the High Court did intentionally and perversely exercise Federal Jurisdiction, in that the defendant did protect the current Governor-General, Mr Michael Jeffrey from a Grand Jury Application lodged with the Full Court of the Victorian Supreme Court, by hearing a matter in a closed Court procedure disallowing representation at the hearing.

The OFFENCE

440

c. Justice Anthony Murray Gleeson (Grand Jury Defendant)

Gleeson

On 1st January 2004, the Government of Western Australia at Perth, Western Australia, inclusive of the Executive Legislature and Judicial arms, in agreement with "the Commonwealth", did enact an overt Act, titled, "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act 2003 WA". By such enactment an Act of Treason was committed. Such Treason has been concealed by the defendant, since the date of enactment up to and inclusive of the present date.

The OFFENCE

450

**d. Justice William Montague Charles Gummow
(Grand Jury Defendant)**

Gummow

On 1st January 2004, the Government of Western Australia at Perth, Western Australia, inclusive of the Executive Legislature and Judicial arms, in agreement with "the Commonwealth", did enact an overt Act, titled, "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act 2003 WA". By such enactment an Act of Treason was committed. Such Treason has been concealed by the defendant, since the date of enactment up and inclusive of the present date.

The OFFENCE

460

Heydon.

1058

470

e. **Justice John Dyson Heydon (Grand Jury Defendant)**
On 1st January 2004, the Government of Western Australia at Perth, Western Australia, inclusive of the Executive Legislature and Judicial arms, in agreement with "the Commonwealth", did enact an overt Act, titled, "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act 2003 WA". By such enactment an Act of Treason was committed. Such Treason has been concealed by the defendant, since the date of enactment up to and inclusive of the present date.

The OFFENCE

HAYNE.

480

f. **Justice Kenneth Madison Hayne(Grand Jury Defendant)**
On 1st January 2004, the Government of Western Australia at Perth, Western Australia, inclusive of the Executive Legislature and Judicial arms, in agreement with "the Commonwealth", did enact an overt Act, titled, "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act 2003 WA". By such enactment an Act of Treason was committed. Such Treason has been concealed by the defendant, since the date of enactment up to and inclusive of the present date.

The OFFENCE

CRENNAN.

490

g. **Justice Susan Maree Crennan (Grand Jury Defendant)**
On 1st January 2004, the Government of Western Australia at Perth, Western Australia, inclusive of the Executive Legislature and Judicial arms, in agreement with "the commonwealth", did enact an overt Act, titled, "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act 2003 WA". By such enactment an Act of Treason was committed; such Treason has been concealed by the defendant, since the date of enactment up to and inclusive of the present date.

The OFFENCE

500

h. **Julia Gillard (Grand Jury Defendant)**
On 1st January 2004, the Government of Western Australia at Perth, Western Australia, inclusive of the Executive Legislature and Judicial arms, in agreement with "the Commonwealth", did enact an overt Act, titled, "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act 2003 WA". By such enactment an Act of Treason was committed. Such Treason has been concealed by the defendant, since the date of enactment up to and inclusive of the present date.

GILLARD

The OFFENCE

The Charge: Common Law: Misprison of Treason.

Authoring Law. 1059

510

30. GRAND JURY AUTHORITIES

All Grand Jury authority has been ignored by Chief Justice Warren and Justice Beach, because of the Foreign Power, United Nations, Agenda 21.

UNITED NATIONS ff

i. re Davies and Millidge 1893:

"An application for a Grand Jury may be made ex parte. It is sufficient if the affidavit in support of such an application discloses a state of facts which if true amount to the committing of an indictable offence. Such facts need not necessarily be sworn to by the deponent as being within his own knowledge."

520

ii. re Dungey and Bromley (1899)

"The application for a warrant for the apprehension of a defendant, against whom a bill of indictment has been found by a grand jury, should be made in the first instance to a Justice of the Peace under section 33 of the Justices Act 1890, and not to a judge of the Supreme Court."

iii. Byrne v Armstrong (1899) 25 VLR 126

"An application for a Grand Jury under Section 389 of the Crimes Act 1890 may be made exparte, and upon the application complying with requirements of that section the Full Court has no discretion but is bound to grant a rule directing the sheriff to summon a Grand Jury".

530

iv. R v McInnes, Erskine and Calwell 1940 VLR 416 (at 420)

a) "The law is very jealous to see that justice shall be done and it has provided a special procedure where justices for any reason fail to commit a person who is charged or if justices committed a person against whom a charge is made and the Crown authorities for any reason refuse to go on with that committing and present the man for trial before an ordinary jury.

540

b) "In order to constitute perjury a man who swears what is false must know at the time he swears it that it is false, or at any rate not believe it to be true," (at 424)

v. R V Parker 1977 VR 22

The Queen.

b) "The qualification of a prosecutor for the Queen to make presentment at the court must exist on the day on which the presentment is filed." (at 22)

550

c) "In England the Queen prosecutes, a county may prosecute, or a single individual, but still in every case, the Crown really prosecutes, and even the Grand Jury prosecutes for the Crown, after information is filed, if a private prosecutor comes into court, he may be permitted to prosecute for the Crown. It appears to me to be quite clear that once presentment is made anyone may take up prosecution in the Court." (at 42)

A

vi. Lorne Campbell 1986(BC8600228)

560

a) "The Practice under S354 of the Crimes Act, and its predecessor has been quite clear since at least 1899 when 'six judges' of this court assembled to consider whether, if the conditions in the section were made out to the court's satisfaction it had any discretion whether to direct the sheriff to summon a grand jury. In a consideration decision, reported as Byrne V Armstrong (1899) 25 VLR 126, the court held that it had no such discretion.

570

b) "The second observation which we wish to make concerns the whole concept of the grand jury procedure. The procedure was re-introduced in Victoria in 1874 by S21 of the Judicature Act of that year to provide for cases where the "Crown Law Officers" refused to present for trial an alleged offender against whom a complaint had been made."

ACT NUMBER 9848 / 1982.

580

b) "Much has changed since 1940 and in particular the Office of Director of Public Prosecutions has been established by Act No 9848 of 1982. Under that Act the Director of Public Prosecutions is charged with preparing, instituting and conducting criminal proceedings on 'behalf of the Crown.' The Director is responsible to the Attorney General for the due performance of his functions and he is given the power to enter a nolle prosequi in criminal proceedings. But the Attorney-General's power to enter a nolle prosequi is preserved in these circumstances, now that the responsibility for instituting criminal proceedings has been taken out of the hands of the Attorney-General, it may be that there is not the same need to have an alternative method of instituting proceedings. When the Office of Director of Public Prosecutions was established S354 of the Crimes Act was amended to substitute the words 'the Director or Public Prosecutions' for the words 'a law officer.' The section therefore now operates where the Director declines to present."

DIRECTOR DECLINES TO PRESENT

590

31. NEW EVIDENCE

It is stated in this particular ground which is new evidence, that the United Nations "Agenda 21" has bound Australia to the foreign power, United Nations Agenda 21 in total breach of all State Constitutions and Commonwealth Constitution, in particular Section 44 of the Commonwealth Constitution, but not limited to this Section.

600

The UNITED NATIONS
is THE FRUSTRATOR OVER AUSTRALIA
SINCE 1948 PREVENTING FROM
YAWA IN RUSSIA (1945).

ORDERS SOUGHT

- 610 1. That this application be removed into the exclusive jurisdiction of the High Court because of the Inter Se questions. The removal is compulsory once the Inter Se is introduced.
- 2. That the High Court remit the matter back to the criminal jurisdiction of the Full Court of the Supreme Court of Victoria to hear Grand Jury applications currently pending over a number of years.
- 3. The order of Justice Beach is an order obtained by fraud and as such the order of Justice Beach is declared a nullity and is to be set aside.
- 620 4. That the United Nations Agenda 21 be declared a Foreign Power to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia and void in the Laws of Australia.
- 5. Liberty to apply.

6. Quasi Criminal

[Handwritten signature]

630 DATE: 09/04/2013

MAY 2013.

To: The Respondent
 Attorney General for the State of Victoria
 Mr Robert Clarke
121 Exhibition Street, Melbourne.

CLARKE

640

TAKE NOTICE: Before taking any step in the proceedings you must, within 14 DAYS after service of this application, enter an appearance in the office of the Registry in which the application is filed, and serve a copy on the applicant.

650

The applicants address for service by **registered post** is:
 Post Office Box 800
 Werribee Victoria 3030
 Telephone 0487 195 522

CRIMINAL CODE ACT 1995

Chapter 5 -- The security of the Commonwealth

Part 5.1 -- Treason and urging violence

Division 80 -- Treason and urging violence

1062.

80.1A Definition of *organisation*

In this Division: "*organisation*" means:

(a) a body corporate; or

(b) an unincorporated body;

whether or not the body is based outside Australia, consists of persons who are not Australian citizens, or is part of a larger organisation.

Subdivision B -- Treason

80.1 Treason

(2) A person commits an offence if the person:

- (a) receives or assists another person who, to his or her knowledge, has committed an offence against this Subdivision (other than this subsection) with the intention of allowing him or her to escape punishment or apprehension; or
- (b) knowing that another person intends to commit an offence against this Subdivision (other than this subsection), does not inform a constable of it within a reasonable time or use other reasonable endeavours to prevent the commission of the offence.

Penalty: Imprisonment for life.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 95.

'BWS 95'

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th June 2019

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

M 114 / 2012
High Court Judges
Bren + GAGELER.

←

M114/2012.

1064

High Court of Australia Special Leave Dispositions

Shaw v The Attorney General for the State of Victoria [2013] HCASL 66 (8 May 2013)

BRIAN WILLIAM SHAW

v

ATTORNEY-GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF VICTORIA

[2013] HCASL 66

M114/2012

1. The applicant was declared to be a vexatious litigant on 17 May 2007^[1]. In November 2011 he commenced proceedings seeking to have the declaration set aside. He procured the issue of a number of subpoenas in connection with that application. Ferguson J set the subpoenas aside as an abuse of process. On 10 August 2012 Forrest J refused to set aside the vexatious litigant declaration^[2].
1. On 1 November 2012 the Court of Appeal of the Supreme Court of Victoria (Warren CJ and Bongiorno JA) dismissed an application for leave to appeal from the orders of Ferguson J setting aside the subpoenas. Warren CJ characterised the proposed grounds of appeal as "nonsensical" and "reflective of the very matters that led to his declaration as a vexatious litigant in the first place".
1. The applicant seeks special leave to appeal. Nothing in the incoherent material filed in support of the application calls into question the correctness of the order below.
1. The application is dismissed.
1. Pursuant to r 41.10.5 we direct the Registrar to draw up, sign and seal an order dismissing the application.

V.M. Bell
8 May 2013

S.J. Gageler

[1] *Attorney-General for the State of Victoria v Shaw* [2007] VSC 148.

[2] *Attorney-General for the State of Victoria v Shaw* [2012] VSC 334.

1065.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

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REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 96

'BWS 96'

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

Suzanne Conner Judge
'JACK FORREST'
42 Counts

1066

ALUSING
INFORMANT
JACK FORREST
BRIAN SHAW

John Herbert Lytton Forrest
Otherwise called "Jack Forrest"
Judge Supreme Court of Victoria
240 William Street, Melbourne
Offence date 29th January 2018

Count 1

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the criminal offence of treason committed by politicians who did breach their Statutory Oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty by entertaining legislation titled *Courts and Tribunals Further Amendment Bill/Act*, during the years 1999/2000. Such legislation contained an act of treason.

Common Law Misprison of Treason

Count 2

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the criminal offence of treason committed by the then State Governor Gobbo by the enactment of *The Courts and Tribunals Further Amendment Act* on the 5th September 2000, Such enactment did remove the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty from **section 6(i) of The Legal Practice Act 1996 (Victoria)**

Common Law Misprison of Treason

Count 3

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced at **part 8 of the West Australian Act titled "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act "2003**. Enacted 1st January 2004

Common Law Misprison of Treason

Count 4

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 121 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason**Count 5**

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 122 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason**Count 6**

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 123 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason**Count 7**

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 124 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason**Count 8**

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 125 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason

Count 9

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 126 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason**Count 10**

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 127 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason**Count 11**

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 128 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason**Count 12**

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 129 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason**Count 13**

In the period October 2017 to December 2017 the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 130 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***.

Common Law Misprison of Treason

Count 14

The accused on the 10th August 2012 at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did exercise Federal jurisdiction with a personal interest in criminal breach of **section 34 Crimes Act 1914 (CTH)**

Count 15

The accused on the 29th January 2018 at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did conceal the criminal offence of treason committed by politicians who did breach their Statutory Oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty by entertaining legislation titled *Courts and Tribunals Further Amendment Bill/Act*, during the years 1999/2000. Such legislation contained an act of treason.

Count 16

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the criminal offence of treason committed by the then State Governor Gobbo by the enactment of *The Courts and Tribunals Further Amendment Act* on the 5th September 2000. Such enactment did remove the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty from **section 6(i) of The Legal Practice Act 1996 (Victoria)**

Count 17

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced at part 8 of the West Australian Act Titled ***Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003***. Enacted 1st January 2004

Count 18

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 121 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***

Count 19

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 122 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***

Count 20

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 123 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***

Count 21

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 124 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***

Count 22

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 125 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***

Count 23

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 126 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***

Count 24

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 127 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***

Count 25

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 128 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***

Count 26

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 129 of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)***

Count 27

On the 29th January 2018, the accused at The Supreme Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 130 of the Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)**

Count 29

The accused, on the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did obtain property by deception in criminal breach of **section 81 Crimes Act 1958 (Victoria)**

Count 30

The accused, on the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did obtain financial advantage by deception in criminal breach of **section 81 Crimes Act 1958 (Victoria)**

Count 31

The accused, on the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria with prior knowledge that Her Majesty The Queen had been removed and substituted by West Australian Governors did exercise Federal jurisdiction in Constitutional breach of **Section 71 Chapter III of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia**

Count 32

The accused, on the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did fail to reveal or discover to the litigants in the matter of Hoskin v Griffiths the illegal act that has removed Her Majesty the Queen in accordance with

Victorian Statute Law section 316(2)(vii)

Penalty Level 6 Imprisonment**Count 33**

The accused, on the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did commit the Common Law offence of fraud by failing to disclose to the respective litigants in the matter of Hoskin v Griffiths that Her Majesty the Queen had been criminally removed from various acts within Australia.

Count 34

The accused, on the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did commit the Common Law offence of trespass on the person

Count 35

The accused, on the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did assist another person, namely Brendan Facey the current Sherriff for Victoria, to escape detention and punishment for the criminal offence of treason in criminal breach of **section 80(2)(a) of the Criminal Code Act 1995.**

Count 36

The accused in the period 18th July 2012 up to and inclusive of the 29th January 2018 has failed to use reasonable endeavours to prevent the continuing offence of the discovered treason in criminal breach of **section 80(2)(b) of the Criminal Code Act 1995.**

Count 37

The accused in the period 18th July 2012 up to and inclusive of the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did receive a benefit in the form of a State salary in addition to a pending State superannuation amount based on the continued salary with an understanding that serious indictable offences would be concealed, any prosecution discontinued and relevant evidence would be withheld in criminal breach of **section 44 Crimes Act 1914 (CTH)**

Count 38

The accused in the period 18th July 2012 up to and inclusive of the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria has conspired with Grand Jury defendants/accused to both obstruct and pervert the course of justice in relation to the judicial power of the Commonwealth in criminal breach of **section 42 Crimes Act 1914 (CTH)**

Count 39

The accused in the period 18th July 2012 up to and inclusive of the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria has attempted to pervert the course of justice in relation to the judicial power of the Commonwealth in criminal breach of **section 43 Crimes Act 1914 (CTH)**

1073.

Count 40

The accused in the period 18th July 2012 up to and inclusive of the 29th January 2018, at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria did assist and continues to assist named criminal offenders charged with offences against the laws of the Commonwealth by enabling them to escape punishment in criminal breach of **section 6 Crimes Act 1914 (CTH)**

Count 41

The accused in the period 18th July 2012 up to and inclusive of the 29th January 2018 at the Supreme Court, Melbourne, Victoria has committed the Common Law offence of misconduct in public office in that the accused did conduct and continued to conduct judicial hearings with both actual and constructive knowledge that "The Crown" has been criminally removed from Statute Law without the required statutory referendums to obtain such removal.

Count 42

The accused on the 29th January 2018 at the Supreme Court in Melbourne, Victoria did conceal the principal material fact that the Land Title of Julie Hoskin can be found at Fidelity Investments, Boston in Corporate United States purportedly lodged as collateral against a United States bankruptcy which emanated around 1933 and allegedly continues today. This concealment amounts to Common Law Fraud.

Please note: All criminal counts are reserved exclusively to Grand Jury process under Common Law

Informant: Brian William Shaw
C/o PO Box 3030
Werribee, Victoria

0487195522



1074

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS /.....

97

"BWS 97"

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

Sudrama Kumar Judge
DAK FORREST

Am
Julia Hoskin
(Bendigo, Vic)

1074

www.elijahschallenge.net

<https://bswebsite2.wixsite.com/elijahschallenge>

Justice Jack Forrest

And

Julie Hoskin

January 2018

The Impossible Democracy

Every Victorian, every Australian, has been sold off-shore. The only conclusion to be reached is that it is impossible to have a democracy when all the inhabitants/occupants of the landmass (Australia) have been sold off-shore

Victorian Supreme Court

Justice Jack Forrest

Every person inclusive of Jack Forrest, working for or under the corporate network of the Victorian court structure has been sold off-shore. Jack Forrest is not an impartial judge, Jack Forrest works for the entity that has purchased all Victorians in an off-shore human trafficking trade. Every officer of the Victorian Supreme Court is in the same situation as Jack Forrest - sold off-shore.

The Birth Certificate Trade Human Trafficking

The off-shore buying and selling of Victorians/Australians has been achieved by fraudulently obtaining birth certificates and sending them into Corporate United States to a holding company identified as Fidelity Investments located in Boston.

Funds In Court

In the Supreme Court matter relating to and involving Julie Hoskin, Justice Jack Forrest illegally ordered a \$50 000 amount to be lodged before the matter would proceed in Statute Law breach of Magna Carta and the 1688 Bill of Rights both contained in the Imperial Acts Application Act 1980 (Victoria)

The Illegal Demand

Every person who works at the Office of Funds in court located at Latrobe Street in Melbourne, Victoria is a sold person and as such the \$50,000 demand by Jack Forrest was and remains a \$50,000 amount demanded for and on behalf of the off-shore entity that holds all the birth certificates.

The Promissory Note

Julie Hoskin did issue a \$50,000 promissory note, but this note was immediately rejected by the staff at Funds in Court in Statute Law violation of section 4 of the Victorian Instruments Act. The rejection of the promissory note would activate a 78B notice to all Attorney-Generals because of the fact that both Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes form part of section 51 of the Constitution of The Commonwealth of Australia.

The Failed Republic

Because the Republic vote failed on 6th November 1999, the alternative option for the off-shore owners was to order all judicial officers to ignore all Constitutional defence arguments in court.

Julie Hoskin's Lawyers And Justice Jack Forrest

On a personal basis, I myself have appeared before Justice Jack Forrest, who concealed the critical material facts of the illegal and criminal removal of Queen Elizabeth the Second and the illegal and criminal substitution of a State Governor (John Sanderson) in place of The Queen.

This material fact has been concealed from the people because all statutory referendums were omitted by a concealed direction from the holders of the birth certificates off-shore.

The High Court The Share**Price At Boston**

Every person who works for and under the corporate structure of The High Court has been sold and traded off-shore. The holding company for the sale and trade is Fidelity Investments in Boston. The share price for the corporation of The High Court of Australia Incorporated at Boston is \$79.30 which is an impossible situation where litigation exposing the selling and trading of the people of Australia comes into any court within Australia.

Julie Hoskin And Warwick Gately (The Commissioner)

Julie Hoskin became a councillor for the Bendigo Council but all councils have been traded into the off-shore holding company at Boston (Fidelity) inclusive of Warwick Gately himself and every person who lives in Bendigo - all sold.

Victorian Electoral Commission

The Victorian Electoral Act reveals the composition of the Commission, it consists of one person - Warwick Gately - a sold and traded person.

Sheriff's Office Victoria

The current sheriff for Victoria is Brendan Facey, the former sheriff was Robyn White, both are sold persons at the holding company in Boston. This includes all persons working within this corporate umbrella.

Anz Trustees And Executors**Estate Of J. W. Shaw**

My late Father Jack Shaw died in 1978 and left his estate in the hands of the Trustees and Executors Agency Company who declared bankruptcy in 1983, the ANZ bank took over.

I issued a Supreme Court writ against the Trustees in the legal capacity of a beneficiary. The illegal and criminal trading of my Father's birth certificate via the offshore holding company was exposed in this litigation. The Judge (Habersberger) concealed these material facts. The ANZ Trustees and Executors liquidated immediately after this litigation and transferred the trusts into Equity Trustees. Notices to produce any or all details of this human trafficking trade were ignored.

The Vexatious Litigation

Because I have revealed three principal material facts in open court I have been declared a vexatious litigant by officers of The Victorian Supreme Court (all sold into Boston) and officers of the West Australian Supreme Court (all sold into Boston).

The Principal Concealed Facts

1. All the people within the land mass of Australia have been sold.
2. The Queen has been removed and substituted by a State Governor.
3. The occult government of Freemasonry is the vehicle making all this happen.

The Bendigo Advertiser - January 12th 2018

I did read the article that the Bendigo advertiser ran in relation to Julie Hoskin and Jack Forrest, resulting from this article | contacted Julie Hoskin and over the course of the week gave her two affidavits revealing material facts. Her lawyers have stated, to her that they will not be filing the evidence into the Supreme Court litigation currently being presided over by Jack Forrest.

Concealing Evidence

In normal law, the concealing of evidence that is vital within any litigation would amount to fraud on the court, but, because all officers of the Victorian Supreme Court are sold persons they are under 'instructions' to conceal material facts.

The 100 Affidavits

During March 2008, two judges of The Victorian Supreme Court concealed material facts that were in 100 affidavits before them. ***The Two Judges: Justices Dodds-Streeton Justice Geoffrey Nettle***

Because of their concealment of the material facts, both were promoted. Dodds-Streeton to the Federal Court, Nettle to the High Court. The contents of the 100 affidavits are now able to be viewed on the web, I have made the content available to the people.

Rule Of Law

The critical component of the RULE OF LAW has been completely destroyed because of the off-shore sale.

The Slave Plantation

When England first opened up the landmass of America they 'granted charters' to certain persons these charters developed into plantations worked by slaves. The people currently occupying the landmass of Australia have now become the occupants of such slave plantations, because without their knowledge nor consent they have been sold and traded off-shore.

For now,

Brian William Shaw

A Vexatious Litigant who objects to the selling of people to an off-shore trader. I equally object to the criminal removal of The Queen. 24th January 2018.

The 2019 Update.

At the time of writing this Particular Statement, 24th January 2018. I had no knowledge that Australia was under a Trusteeship arrangement. Since the 2018 date I now know that flowing out of the Yalta agreement made in Russia in 1945 when the UNITED NATIONS came onto the International scene in the period 1945/1948 Australia came under the UNITED NATIONS in the Capacity of a mandated territory.

The Material Fact

This material fact the existence of a Trustee has been concealed from the People of Australia and continues to be concealed.

Recent Election

The most recent Commonwealth Election May 2019 concealed this material fact from The People of Australia, in particular, The Voting Electorate amounting to the largest fraud ever perpetrated upon Australians.

The United Nations Election

Based on evidence it is very easy to conclude that the most recent election (May 2019) was and remains until overturned a UNITED NATIONS ELECTION

Fraud

A maxim in Law is that "FRAUD VITIATES EVERYTHING"

1080.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked

BWS

98

'BWS 98'

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

*The Current
Senior High Court
Judges
I Criminal Court
From
MIS Prison of Traralgon.*

1081.

Charge - Sheet and Summons

TO THE ACCUSED
 Geoffrey A.A. Nettle "Natural Person"
 Current High Court Justice
 High Court Australia
 Level 17, Commonwealth Law Courts Building,
 305 William Street, Melbourne, VIC, 3000

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> M	<input type="checkbox"/> F	Date of Birth / /	
Registration No		State	
Licence No		State	

You have been Charged with an offence
Read both pages to see what you must do

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge ?
 That on the First Day of January 2004 the State of Western Australia, in agreement with the Commonwealth, did criminally removed Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second, Her Heirs and Successors, inclusive of the Crown and substituted others without the referendum consent to do so, and since this date has endeavoured to conceal this criminal activity from the people of Australia, In particular, the Electors. The unlawful enactment is titled:-
"Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act"

The concealment of such criminal action is the reason for "MISPRISON OF REASON"

Under what Law ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Act <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth <input type="checkbox"/> Reg	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Clause (Full Ref) MISPRISON OF TREASON
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Type of offence Summary offence (you should go to Court) Indictable offence (you must go to Court)

Are there more charges ? No Yes

Request for Committal proceedings No Yes

Who filed the charge sheet's Informant **Brian W Shaw**

Agency and Address **PO Box 800 Werribee Post Office**

Phone **0487195522**

Email **N/a**

Informant Signature *Brian W Shaw* Date **07/June/2019**

Where will the case be heard

Where you must go **The *Magistrates' Court of Victoria at Sunshine *MILBORNE***

Address **233 William St Melbourne Vic.**

Phone No.

When Time Day Month Year

Details about this summons

Issued at Date

Issued by Registrar Magistrate Police Informant

Charge filed at **Sunshine Magistrates Court** Date

Method of Filing **Personal** Date

TO THE ACCUSED

Susan Kiefel Natural Person
CHIEF JUSTICE.

High Court Australia
Level 17, Commonwealth Law Courts Building,
305 William Street, Melbourne, VIC, 3000

Magistrates Court
Criminal
Procedure Rules
2009

1082

Charge - Sheet and Summons

You have been Charged with an offence
Read both pages to see what you must do

M	F	Date of Birth / /	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Registration No	State
		Licence No	State

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge ?	That on the First Day of January 2004 the State of Western Australia, a Federation State in agreement with the Commonwealth, (The Federation Entity) did criminally remove Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second, Her Heirs and Successors, and Subjects inclusive of the Crown and substituted others without the referendum consent to do so, and since this date has endeavoured to conceal this criminal activity from the people of Australia. In particular, the Electors. The unlawful and illegal enactment is titled:- "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act"		
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Under what Law ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Act <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commonwealth <input type="checkbox"/> Reg	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Clause (Full Ref) MISPRISION OF TREASON
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Type of offence	<input type="checkbox"/> Summary offence (you should go to Court) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Indictable offence (you must go to Court)
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Are there more charges ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
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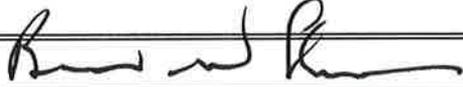
Request for Committal proceedings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
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Who filed the charge sheet's Informant	Brian W Shaw
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Agency and Address	PO Box 800 Werribee Post Office Vic 3030
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Phone	0487195522	0 487195522
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Email	N/a
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Informant Signature		Date	5 May 2019
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Where will the case be heard	The *Magistrates' Court of Victoria at Melbourne
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Address	233 Williams Street Melbourne
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When	Time	Day	Month	Year
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Details about this summons

Issued at	Magistrates Court Victoria	Date
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Issued by	<input type="checkbox"/> Registrar <input type="checkbox"/> Magistrate <input type="checkbox"/> Police Informant
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Charge filed at	Magistrates Court of Victoria	Date
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Method of Filing	Personal	Date
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TO THE ACCUSED

Virginia Bell *Supr.* Natural Person

High Court Australia
Level 17, Commonwealth Law Courts Building,
305 William Street, Melbourne, VIC, 3000

Magistrates Court
Criminal
Procedure Rules
2009 v

10f3

Charge - Sheet and Summons

You have been Charged with an offence
Read both pages to see what you must do

<input type="checkbox"/> M	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> F	Date of Birth / /	
Registration No		State	
Licence No		State	

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge ?	That on the First Day of January 2004 the State of Western Australia, a Federation State in agreement with the Commonwealth,(The Federation Entity) did criminally remove Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second, Her Heirs and Successors, and Subjects inclusive of the Crown and substituted others without the referendum consent to do so, and since this date has endeavoured to conceal this criminal activity from the people of Australia. In particular, the Electors. The unlawful and illegal enactment is titled:- "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act"		
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Under what Law ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Act <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Clause (Full Ref) MISPRISION OF TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth <input type="checkbox"/> Reg		

Type of offence	<input type="checkbox"/> Summary offence (you should go to Court)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Indictable offence (you must go to Court)
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Are there more charges ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
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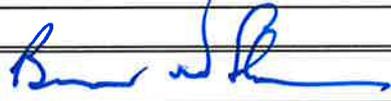
Request for Committal proceedings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
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Who filed the charge sheet's Informant	Brian W Shaw
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Agency and Address	PO Box 800 Werribee Post Office Vic 3030
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Phone	487195522
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Email	N/a
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Informant Signature		Date	July / 2019
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Where will the case be heard

Where you must go	The *Magistrates' Court of Victoria at Melbourne
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Address	233 Williams Street Melbourne
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Phone No.	
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When	Time	Day	Month	Year
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Details about this summons

Issued at	Magistrates Court Victoria	Date	
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Issued by		<input type="checkbox"/> Registrar <input type="checkbox"/> Magistrate
		<input type="checkbox"/> Police Informant

Charge filed at	Magistrates Court of Victoria	Date	
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Method of Filing	Personal	Date	
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TO THE ACCUSED

Stephen Gageler Natural Person

High Court Australia
 Level 17, Commonwealth Law Courts Building,
 305 William Street, Melbourne, VIC, 3000

Magistrates Court
 Criminal
 Procedure Rules
 2009 v

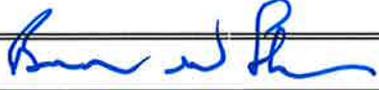
1084

Charge - Sheet and Summons

You have been Charged with an offence
 Read both pages to see what you must do

M	F	Date of Birth / /	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Registration No	State
		Licence No	State

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge ?	That on the First Day of January 2004 the State of Western Australia, a Federation State in agreement with the Commonwealth,(The Federation Entity) did criminally remove Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second, Her Heirs and Successors, and Subjects inclusive of the Crown and substituted others without the referendum consent to do so, and since this date has endeavoured to conceal this criminal activity from the people of Australia. In particular, the Electors. The unlawful and illegal enactment is titled:- "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act"				
Under what Law ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commonwealth	<input type="checkbox"/> Act <input type="checkbox"/> Reg	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Clause (Full Ref) MISPRISION OF TREASON
Type of offence	<input type="checkbox"/> Summary offence (you should go to Court)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Indictable offence (you must go to Court)		
Are there more charges ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes				
Request for Committal proceedings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes				
Who filed the charge sheet's Informant	Brian W Shaw				
Agency and Address	PO Box 800 Werribee Post Office Vic 3030				
Phone	487195522				
Email	N/a				
Informant Signature				Date	July 2019
Where will the case be heard	The *Magistrates' Court of Victoria at Melbourne				
Where you must go	The *Magistrates' Court of Victoria at Melbourne				
Address	233 Williams Street Melbourne				
					Phone No.
When	Time	Day	Month	Year	
Details about this summons					
Issued at	Magistrates Court Victoria			Date	
Issued by				<input type="checkbox"/> Registrar <input type="checkbox"/> Magistrate <input type="checkbox"/> Police Informant	
Charge filed at	Magistrates Court of Victoria			Date	
Method of Filing	Personal			Date	

TO THE ACCUSED

Michelle Gordon Natural Person

High Court Australia
Level 17, Commonwealth Law Courts Building,
305 William Street, Melbourne, VIC, 3000

Judge

Magistrates Court
Criminal
Procedure Rules
2009 v

1085

Charge - Sheet and Summons

You have been Charged with an offence
Read both pages to see what you must do

M <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	F <input type="checkbox"/>	Date of Birth / /	
Registration No		State	
Licence No		State	

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge ?	That on the First Day of January 2004 the State of Western Australia, a Federation State in agreement with the Commonwealth,(The Federation Entity) did criminally remove Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second, Her Heirs and Successors, and Subjects inclusive of the Crown and substituted others without the referendum consent to do so, and since this date has endeavoured to conceal this criminal activity from the people of Australia. In particular, the Electors. The unlawful and illegal enactment is titled:- "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act"
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Under what Law ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Act <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commonwealth <input type="checkbox"/> Reg	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Clause (Full Ref) MISPRISION OF TREASON
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Type of offence	<input type="checkbox"/> Summary offence (you should go to Court) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Indictable offence (you must go to Court)
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Are there more charges ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
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Request for Committal proceedings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
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Who filed the charge sheet's Informant	Brian W Shaw
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Agency and Address	PO Box 800 Werribee Post Office Vic 3030
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Phone	487195522
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Email	N/a
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Informant Signature		Date	8 Aug / 2019
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Where will the case be heard

Where you must go	The *Magistrates' Court of Victoria at Melbourne
Address	233 Williams Street Melbourne

Phone No.	
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When	Time	Day	Month	Year
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Details about this summons

Issued at	Magistrates Court Victoria	Date	
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Issued by	<input type="checkbox"/> Registrar <input type="checkbox"/> Magistrate <input type="checkbox"/> Police Informant
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Charge filed at	Magistrates Court of Victoria	Date	
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Method of Filing	Personal	Date	
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TO THE ACCUSED

Patrick Keane Natural Person

High Court Australia
Level 17, Commonwealth Law Courts Building,
305 William Street, Melbourne, VIC, 3000

J-11/12

Magistrates Court
Criminal
Procedure Rules
2009 v

10/16

Charge - Sheet and Summons

You have been Charged with an offence
Read both pages to see what you must do

M <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	F <input type="checkbox"/>	Date of Birth / /	
Registration No		State	
Licence No		State	

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge ?	That on the First Day of January 2004 the State of Western Australia, a Federation State in agreement with the Commonwealth,(The Federation Entity) did criminally remove Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second, Her Heirs and Successors, and Subjects inclusive of the Crown and substituted others without the referendum consent to do so, and since this date has endeavoured to conceal this criminal activity from the people of Australia. In particular, the Electors. The unlawful and illegal enactment is titled:- "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act"		
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Under what Law ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Act <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Clause (Full Ref) MISPRISION OF TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commonwealth <input type="checkbox"/> Reg		

Type of offence	<input type="checkbox"/> Summary offence (you should go to Court)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Indictable offence (you must go to Court)
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Are there more charges ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
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Request for Committal proceedings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
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Who filed the charge sheet's Informant	Brian W Shaw
--	--------------

Agency and Address	PO Box 800 Werribee Post Office Vic 3030
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Phone	0 487195522
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Email	N/a
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Informant Signature		Date	<i>J-11/12</i> 2019
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Where will the case be heard

Where you must go	The *Magistrates' Court of Victoria at Melbourne
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Address	233 Williams Street Melbourne
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Phone No.	
-----------	--

When	Time	Day	Month	Year
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Details about this summons

Issued at	Magistrates Court Victoria	Date
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Issued by	<input type="checkbox"/> Registrar <input type="checkbox"/> Magistrate <input type="checkbox"/> Police Informant
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Charge filed at	Magistrates Court of Victoria	Date
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Method of Filing	Personal	Date
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TO THE ACCUSED

Geoffrey Nettle Natural Person

High Court Australia
Level 17, Commonwealth Law Courts Building,
305 William Street, Melbourne, VIC, 3000

Judge

Magistrates Court
Criminal
Procedure Rules
2009 v

1087

Charge - Sheet and Summons

You have been Charged with an offence
Read both pages to see what you must do

M <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	F <input type="checkbox"/>	Date of Birth / /	
Registration No		State	
Licence No		State	

Details of the charges against you

What is the charge ?	That on the First Day of January 2004 the State of Western Australia, a Federation State in agreement with the Commonwealth, (The Federation Entity) did criminally remove Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second, Her Heirs and Successors, and Subjects inclusive of the Crown and substituted others without the referendum consent to do so, and since this date has endeavoured to conceal this criminal activity from the people of Australia. In particular, the Electors. The unlawful and illegal enactment is titled:- "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act"		
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Under what Law ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Act <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Common Law	Law or Regulation COMMON LAW	Section or Clause (Full Ref) MISPRISION OF TREASON
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C'wealth <input type="checkbox"/> Reg		

Type of offence	<input type="checkbox"/> Summary offence (you should go to Court)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Indictable offence (you must go to Court)
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Are there more charges ?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
--------------------------	---

Request for Committal proceedings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
-----------------------------------	---

Who filed the charge sheet's Informant	Brian W Shaw
--	--------------

Agency and Address	PO Box 800 Werribee Post Office Vic 3030
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Phone	487195522
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Email	N/a
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Informant Signature	<i>Brian W Shaw</i>	Date	<i>July</i> 2019
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Where will the case be heard

Where you must go	The *Magistrates' Court of Victoria at Melbourne
Address	233 Williams Street Melbourne

Phone No.	
-----------	--

When	Time	Day	Month	Year
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Details about this summons

Issued at	Magistrates Court Victoria	Date
-----------	----------------------------	------

Issued by	<input type="checkbox"/> Registrar <input type="checkbox"/> Magistrate
	<input type="checkbox"/> Police Informant

Charge filed at	Magistrates Court of Victoria	Date
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Method of Filing	Personal	Date
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108P

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS /...99...

'Ball 99'

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th June 2019

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

*FRANCIS RISSERUE
of AMERICA.*

** The Formation
of BRUCE GRANT **

A.
105

1086

CHAPTER 14

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM OF AMERICA

MULLINS

The following work is taken almost entirely from the writing and research of Eustace Mullins. The title of the work is, " The Secrets Of The Federal Reserve ". Published by Bankers Research Institute. PO.Box 1105. Staunton, VA 24401.

" In 1775, the colonists of America declared their independence from Great Britain, and subsequently won their freedom by the American Revolution. Although they achieved political freedom, financial independence proved to be a more difficult matter. In 1791, Alexander Hamilton, at the behest of European bankers, formed the first Bank of the United States, a central bank with much the same powers as the Bank of England. The foreign influences behind this bank, more than a century later, were able to get the federal Reserve Act through Congress, giving them at last the central bank of issue for our economy. Although the Federal Reserve Bank was neither federal, being owned by private stockholders, nor a Reserve, because it was intended to create money, instead of to hold it in reserve, it did achieve enormous financial power, so much so that it has gradually superseded the popular elected government of the United States. Through the Federal Reserve System, American independence was stealthily but invincibly absorbed back into the British sphere of influence. Thus the London Connection became the actual arbiter of policy of the United States ". (From Page 63.)

" The National Bank Act of 1864, which was the determining financial authority of the United States until November 1914, did not permit banks to lend their credit. Consequently, the power of banks to create money was greatly limited. We did not have a bank of issue, that is, a central bank, which could create money. To get a central bank, the bankers caused money panic after money panic on the business people of the United States, by shipping gold out of the country, creating a money shortage, and then importing it back in. After we got our central bank, the Federal Reserve System, there was no longer any need for a money panic, because the banks could create money. However, the panic as an instrument of power over the business and financial community was used again on two important occasions, in 1920, causing the Agricultural Depression, because state banks and trust companies had refused to join the Federal Reserve System, and in 1929, causing the Great Depression, which centralised nearly all the power in this country in the hands of a few great trusts ". (From Page 125.)

~~PANIC of 1837.~~

PANIC of 1837.

John Pierpont Morgan was born in 1837, during the first money panic in the United States. Significantly, it had been caused by the House of Rothschild, with whom Morgan was later to become associated.

In 1836, President Andrew Jackson, infuriated by the tactics of the bankers who were attempting to persuade him to renew the character of the Second Bank of the United States, said:

" You are a den of vipers. I intend to rout you out and by the Eternal God I will rout you. If the people only understood the rank injustice of our money and banking system, there would be a revolution before morning " .

Although Nicholas Biddle was president of the Bank of the United States, it was well known that Baron James de Rothschild of Paris was the principal investor in this central bank. Although Jackson had vetoed the renewal of the charter of the Bank of the United States, he was probably unaware that a few months earlier, in 1835, the House of Rothschild had cemented a relationship with the United States Government by superseding the firm of BARING as financial agent of the Department of State on January 1, 1835.

Henry Clews, the famous banker, in his book, TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS IN WALL STREET, states that the Panic of 1837 was engineered because the Charter of the Second Bank of the United States had run out in 1836. Not only did President Jackson promptly withdraw government funds from the Second Bank of the United States, but he deposited these funds \$10 million, in State banks. The immediate result, Clews tells us, is that the country began to enjoy great prosperity. This sudden flow of cash caused an immediate expansion of the national economy, and the Government paid off the entire National Debt, leaving a surplus of \$50 million in the Treasury.

The European financiers had the answer to this situation. Clews further states, "The Panic of 1837 was aggravated by the Bank of England when it in one day threw out all the paper connected with the United States". (Page 50/51.)

MONEY PANIC of 1857.

Corsair, THE LIFE OF J.P.MORGAN, tells us that the Panic of 1857 was caused by the collapse of the grain market and by the sudden collapse of Ohio Life and Trust, for a loss of five million dollars. With this collapse, nine hundred other American companies failed. Significantly, one not only survived \, but prospered from the crash. In CORSAIR, we learn that the Bank of England lent George Peabody and Company five million pounds during the Panic of 1857. Winkler, in MORGAN THE MAGNIFICENT, says that the Bank of England advanced Peabody one million pounds, an enormous sum at that time, and the equivalent of one hundred million dollars today, to save the firm. However, no other firm received such beneficence during this panic. (Page 52.)

With his father's connection with the Astors, young Moses Taylor had no difficulty in finding a place as apprentice in a banking house at the age of 15. Like so many others in these pages, he found his greatest opportunities when many other Americans were going bankrupt during an abrupt contraction of credit. During the Panic of 1837, when more than half the business firms in New York failed, he doubled his fortune. In 1855, he became President of City Bank. During the Panic of 1857, the City Bank profited by the failure of many of its competitors. Like George Peabody and Junius Morgan, Taylor seemed to have an ample supply of cash for buying up distressed stocks. He purchased nearly all the stock of Delaware Lackawanna Railroad for \$5 a share. Seven years later, it was selling for \$240 a share. Moses Taylor was now worth fifty million dollars. (Page 65.)

MONEY PANIC of 1907.

Wall Street speculation brought on the Panic of 1907. The depositors' funds were loaned to gamblers and anybody the Money Trust wanted to favour. Then when the depositors wanted their money, the banks did not have it. That made the panic. (Page 12.)

Woodrow Wilson, governor of new Jersey and former president of Princeton University, was enlisted as a spokesman for the Aldrich Plan. During the Panic of 1907, Wilson had declared, " All this trouble could be averted if we appointed a committee of six or seven public-spirited men like J.P.Morgan to handle the affairs of our country ". (Page 10.)

Paul Warburg made an appearance before the House Banking and Currency Committee in 1913, in which he briefly stated his background: " I am a member of the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb Company. I came over to this country in 1902, having been born and educated in the banking business in Hamburg, Germany, and studied banking in London and Paris, and have gone all around the world. In the Panic of 1907, the first suggestion I made was, "Let us get a national clearing house". The Aldrich Plan contains some things which are simply fundamental rules of banking. Your aim in this plan (The Owen-Glass bill) must be the same_ centralising of reserves, mobilising commercial credit, and getting an elastic note issue". (Page 21.)

A study of the panics of 1873, 1893 and 1907 indicates that these panics were the result of the international bankers' operations in London. The public was demanding in 1908 that Congress enact legislation to prevent the recurrence of artificially induced money panics. Such monetary reform that the National Monetary Commission had been set up with Nelson Aldrich at its head, since he was majority leader of the Senate. (Page 5.)

The "monetary reform" plan prepared at Jekyll Island was to be presented to Congress as the completed work of the National Monetary Commission. It was imperative that the real authors of the bill remain hidden. So great was popular resentment

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against bankers since the Panic of 1907 that no Congressman would dare to vote for a bill bearing the Wall Street taint, no matter who had contributed to his campaign expenses. The Jekyll Island plan was a central bank plan. (Page 5.)

The delegation had left in a sealed railway car, with blinds drawn, for an undisclosed destination. They were led by Senator Nelson Aldrich, head of the National Monetary Commission. President Theodore Roosevelt had signed into law the bill creating the National Monetary Commission in 1908, after the tragic Panic of 1907 had resulted in a public outcry that the nation's monetary system be stabilized. (Page 1.)

Nelson(Aldrich) had confided to Henry, Frank, Paul and Piatt that he was to keep them locked up at Jekyll Island, out of the rest of the world, until they had evolved and compiled a scientific currency system for the United States, the real birth of the present Federal Reserve System, the plan done on Jekyll Island in the conference with Paul, Frank and Henry. WARBURG is the link that binds the Aldrich system and the present system together. He more than any one man has made the system possible as a working reality. (Page 2.)

" On the night of November 22, 1910, a group of newspaper reporters stood disconsolately in the railway station at Hoboken, New Jersey. They had just watched a delegation of the nation's leading financiers leave the station on a secret mission. It would be years before they discovered what that mission was, and even then they would not understand that the history of the United States underwent a drastic change after that night in Hoboken ". (From Page 1.)

" Accompanying SENATOR ALDRICH at the Hoboken station were his private secretary; A PIATT ANDREW, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and Special Assistant to the National Monetary Commission; FRANK VANDERLIP, President of the National City Bank of New York; HENRY.P.DAVISON, senior partner of J.P.Morgan Company, and generally regarded as Morgan's personal emissary; and CHARLES D.NORTON, President of the Morgan-dominated First National Bank of New York. Joining the group just before the train left the station were BENJAMIN STRONG, also known as a lieutenant of J.P.Morgan; and PAUL WARBURG, a recent immigrant from Germany who had joined the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb and Company, New York as a partner earning five hundred thousand dollars a year ". (From Page 1/2.)

" Paul Warburg made an appearance before the House Banking and Currency Committee in 1913, in which he briefly stated his background: "I am a member of the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb Company. I came over to this country in 1902, having been born and educated in the banking business in Hamburg, Germany, and studied banking in London and Paris, and have gone all around the world. In the Panic of 1907, the first suggestion I made was, 'Let us get a national clearing house'. The Aldrich Plan contains some things which are simply fundamental rules of banking. Your aim in this plan (the Owen-Glass bill) must

be the same - Centralising of reserves, mobilising commercial credit, and getting an elastic note issue ". (From Page 21.)

" In fact, no benefaction took place at Jekyll Island. The Aldrich group journeyed there in private to write the banking and currency legislation which the National Monetary Commission had been ordered to prepare in public. At stake was the future control of the money and credit of the United States. If any genuine monetary reform had been prepared and presented to Congress, it would have ended the power of the elitist one world money creators. Jekyll Island ensure that a central bank would be established in the United States which would give these bankers everything they had always wanted ".
(From Page 4.)

" The main problem, as Paul Warburg informed his colleagues, was to avoid the name "Central Bank". For that reason, he had decided upon the designation of "Federal Reserve System". This would deceive the people into thinking it was not a central bank. However, the Jekyll Island plan would be a central bank plan, fulfilling the main functions of a central bank: It would be owned by private individuals who would profit from ownership of shares. As a bank of issue, it would control the nation's money and credit ". (From Page 5.)

" After the Agricultural Depression of 1920-21, the Federal Reserve Board of Governors settled down to eight years of providing rapid credit expansion of the New York bankers, a policy which culminated in the Great Depression of 1929-31 and helped paralyse the economic structure of the world. Paul Warburg had resigned in May, 1918, after the monetary system of the United States had been changed from a bond secured currency to a currency based upon commercial paper and the shares of the Federal Reserve Banks. Warburg returned to his five hundred thousand dollar a year job with Kuhn, Loed Company, but he continued to determine the policy of the Federal Reserve System, as President of the Federal Advisory Council and as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Acceptance Council ". (Page 119.)

Paul Warburg (1868-1932)

Conceded to be the actual author of our central bank plan, the federal Reserve System, by knowledgeable authorities. Emigrated to the United States from Germany 1904; partner Kuhn, Loeb and Company bankers, New York; naturalised 1911. Member of the original Federal Reserve Board of Governors, 1914-1918: president Federal Advisory Council, 1918-1928. Brother of Max Warburg, who was head of German Secret Service during World War 1 and who represented Germany at the Peace Conference, 1918-1919, while Paul was chairman of the Federal Reserve System.
(From Page 190.)

" Knowing that the overwhelming sentiment of the American people during 1915 and 1916 had been anti-British and pro-German, our British allies viewed with some trepidation the

prominence of Paul Warburg and Kuhn, Loeb Company in the prosecution of the war. They were uneasy about his high position in the Administration because his brother, Max Warburg was at the time serving as head of the German Secret Service. On December 12, 1918, the United States Naval Secret Service Report on Mr Warburg was as follows:

" Warburg, Paul: New York. German, naturalised citizen, 1911. Was decorated by the Kaiser in 1912, was vice chairman of the federal Reserve Board. Handled large sums furnished by Germany for Lenin and Trotsky. Has a brother who is leader of the espionage system of Germany"

(From Page 86.)

" The Federal Reserve System began purchasing Russian gold in 1920, and Russian currency was accepted on the Exchanges. According to Colonel Ely Garrison, in his autography, and according to the United States Naval Secret Service Report on Paul Warburg, the Russian revolution had been financed by the Rothschilds and Warburgs, with a member of the Warburg family carrying the actual funds used by Lenin and Trotsky in Stockholm in 1918."

(From Page 120.)

" J. Henry Schroder Banking Company is listed as Number 2 in capitalisation in Capital City, on the list of the seventeen merchant bankers who make up the exclusive Accepting Houses Committee in London. Although it is almost unknown in the United States, it has played a large part in our history. Like the others on the list, it had first to be approved by the Bank of England. And, like the Warburg family, the von Schroders began their banking operations in Hamburg, Germany. At the turn of the century, in 1900, Baron von Schroder established the London branch of the firm. He was soon joined by Frank Cyril Tiarks, in 1902. Tiarks married Emma Franziska of Hamburg, and was a director of the Bank of England from 1912 to 1945 "

(From Page 69.)

Baron Kurt Von Schroder (1889-)
Adolf Hitler's personal banker; advanced funds for Hitler's accession to power in Germany in 1933: German representative of the London and New York branches of J. Henry Schroder Banking Corporation; SS Senior Group Leader; director of all German subsidiaries of I.T.T. Himmler's Circle of Friends; adviser to board of directors, Deutsche Reichsbank (German Central Bank.)

(From Page 190.)

Sir George Richardson (1915-)
Head of the Bank of England since 1973. Chairman J. Henry Schroder Wagg, London, 1962-72: Director of Henry Schroder Banking Corporation, New York; Schroder Banking Corporation, New York; Lloyd's Bank, London; Rolls Royce. (From Page 190.)

JACOB SCHIFF (1847-1920)
Born in Rothschild house in Frankfurt, Germany. Emigrated to United States, married Terese Loeb, daughter of Solomon Loeb, Founder of Kuhn, Loeb and Co, and as representative of Rothschild interests gained control of most of railway mileage in United States.

(From Page 190.)

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Sir William Wiseman (1885-1962)

Partner of Kuhn, Loeb and Company; Head of British Secret Service during World War 1. Worked closely with Colonel House dominating the United States and England. (From Page 191)

Colonel Edward Mandel House (1858-1938)

Son of a Rothschild agent in Texas. Succeeded in electing five consecutive governors of Texas: Became Woodrow Wilson's adviser in 1912. Cooperated with Paul Warburg to get the Federal Reserve Act passed by Congress in 1913. (From Page 188.)

Charles Augustus Lindbergh, Sr. (1860-1924)

Congressman from Minnesota (1907-1917) who led the fight against enactment of the Federal Reserve Act in 1913. He served until 1917 when he resigned to run for Governor of Minnesota. He ran a good campaign despite adverse newspaper attacks led by The New York Times. His campaign was adversely affected when Federal agents burned his books, including Why Is Your Country At War? and the papers and contents of his home office in Little Falls, Minnesota. (From Page 189.)

Louis T. McFadden (1876-1936)

Congressman and Chairman of the House Banking and Currency Committee, 1927-33: Courageously opposed the manipulators of the Federal Reserve System in the 1920's and the 1930's. Introduced bills to impeach Federal Reserve Board of Governors and allied officials. After three attempts on his life, he died mysteriously. (From Page 189.)

NELSON ALDRICH (1841-1915)

Senator from Rhode Island: Head of National Monetary Commission; His daughter Abby Aldrich married John D. Rockefeller Jr; He became the grandfather of his namesake. Nelson Aldrich Rockefeller, as well as the present David Rockefeller and Laurence Rockefeller. (From Page 187.)

FRANK VANDERLIP.

Assistant Secretary of Treasury 1897-1901: Won prestige for financing Spanish-American War by floating \$200,000,000 in bonds during his incumbency for what is known as "National City Bank's War". President of National City Bank 1909-19.

One of the original Jekyll Island group who wrote Federal Reserve Act in November, 1910. No mention of this important fact is made in extensive obituary in the New York Times, June 30, 1937. (From Page 190.)

" Thus the proposed Federal Reserve Bank was to be "controlled by Congress" and answerable to the Government, but the majority of the directors were to be chosen, "directly or indirectly" by the banks of the association. In the final refinement of Warburg's plan, the Federal reserve Board of Governors would be appointed by the President of the United States, but the real work of the board would be controlled by FEDERAL Advisory Council, meeting with the Governors. The

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Council would be chosen by the directors of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks, and would remain unknown to the public ".

(From Page 6.)

" For many years, there has been considerable mystery about who actually owns the stock of the Federal Reserve Banks. Congressman Wright Patman, leading critic of the System, tried to find out who the stockholders were. The stock in the original twelve regional Federal Reserve Banks was purchased by national banks in those twelve regions. Because the Federal reserve Bank of New York was to set the interest rates and direct open market operations, thus controlling the daily supply and price of money through the United States, it is the stockholders of that bank who are the real directors of the entire system. For the first time, it can be revealed who those stockholders are. This writer has the original organisation certificates of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks, giving the ownership of shares by the national banks in each district. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York issued 203,053 shares, and as filed with the Comptroller of the Currency May 19, 1914, the large New York City banks took more than half of the outstanding shares. The Rockefeller Kuhn, Loeb-controlled National City Bank took the largest number of shares of any bank, 30,000 shares. J.P.Morgan's First National Bank took 15,000 shares. When these two banks merged in 1955, they owned in one block almost one fourth of the shares in the Federal reserve Bank of New York, which controlled the entire system, and thus they could name Pul Volcker or anyone else they chose to be Chairman of the Federal Reserve Board of Governors. Chase National Bank took 6,000 shares. The Marine National Bank of Buffalo, later known as Marine Midland, took 6,000 shares. This bank was owned by the Schoellkoph family, which controlled Niagara Power Company and other large interests. National Bank of Commerce of New York took 21,000 shares. The shareholders of these banks which own the stock of the Federal reserve Bank of New York are the people who have controlled our political and economic destinies since 1914. They are the Rothschilds of Europe, Lazard Freres (Eugene Meyer), Kuhn Loeb Company, Warburg Company, Lehman Brothers, Goldman Sachs, the Rockefeller Family, and the J.P. Morgan interests. These interests have merged and consolidated in recent years, so that the control is much more concentrated. National Bank of Commerce is now Morgan Guaranty Trust Company. Lehman Brothers has merged with Kuhn Loeb Company. First National Bank has merged with the National City Bank, and in the other eleven Federal Reserve Districts, these same shareholders indirectly own or control shares in those banks, with the other shares owned by the leading families in those areas who own or control the principal industries in these regions. The local families set up regional councils on orders from New York, of such groups as the Council on Foreign Relations, The Trilateral Commission, and other instruments of control devised by their masters. They finance and control political developments in their area, name candidates, and are seldom successfully opposed in their plans ".

(From Page 34/35.)

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" The third large purchaser of Federal Reserve Bank of New York stock in 1914 was the National Bank of Commerce which issued 250,000 shares. J.P. Morgan, through his controlling interest in Equitable Life, which held 24,700 shares and Mutual Life, which held 17,294 shares of National Bank of Commerce, also held another 10,000 shares of National Bank of Commerce through J.P.Morgan and Company (7,800) J.P.Morgan, Jr, (1100) and Morgan partner H.P.Davison (1100 shares). Paul Warburg, a Governor of the Federal Reserve Board of Governors, also held 3,000 shares of National Bank of Commerce. His partner, Jacob Schill had 1,000 shares of National Bank of Commerce. This bank was clearly controlled by Morgan, who was really a subsidiary of Junius S.Morgan Company in London and the N.M.Rothschild Company of London, and Kuhn, Loeb Company, which was also known as a principal agent of the Rothschilds ". (From Page 66.)

" Can it really be possible that "The London Connection" exists, and that men like Volcker and Solomon receive their instructions , in however devious or indirect a manner, from foreign bankers! Let us look at the evidence, circumstantial, to be sure, but circumstantial evidence of the quality which has often sent men to the penitentiary or to the electric chair. John Moody pointed out in 1911 that seven men of the Morgan group, allied with the Standard Oil- Kuhn Loeb, ruled the United States. Where do these groups stand in the financial picture today! (From Page 173.)

" U.S.News published on April 11, 1983, a list of the largest bank holding companies in the United States by assets as of December 31, 1982. Number 1 is Citicorp, New York, with assets of \$130 billion. This is Baker and Morgan's First National Bank of New York, merged with National City Bank in 1955, two of the largest purchasers of Federal reserve Bank of New York stock in 1914. Number 3, is Chase Manhattan, New York, with assets of \$80.9 billion. This is Chase and Bank of Manhattan merged, the Rockefeller and Kuhn Loeb group, also purchasers of Federal Reserve Bank of New York stock in 1914. Number 4 is Manufacturers Hanover of New York \$64 billion, also purchaser of Federal Reserve Bank of New York stock in 1914. Number 5 is J.P.Morgan Company of New York, \$58.6 billion in assets and holder of considerable Federal Reserve Bank stock. Number 6 is Chemical Bank of New York, \$48.3 billion also purchaser of Federal Reserve stock in 1914. And number 11, First Chicago Corporation, the First National Bank of Chicago which was principal correspondent of the Morgan-Baker bank in New York, and which furnished the first two presidents of the Federal Advisory Council" (From Page 173/174.)

" Governor W.P.G. Harding of the Federal Reserve Board testified in 1921 that:

" The Federal Reserve Bank is an institution owned by the stockholding member banks. The Government has not a dollar's worth of stock in it ".

" Before the House Banking and Currency Committee on June 24, 1941, Governor Eccles said:

" MONEY is created out of THE RIGHT to ISSUE CREDIT-MONEY ".

Turning over the Government's credit to private bankers in 1913 gave them unlimited opportunities to create money. The Federal Reserve System could also destroy money in large quantities through open market operations. Eccles said, at the Silver Hearings of 1939:

" When you sell bonds on the open market, you extinguish reserves ".

(From Page 162.)

WARBURG

BACKGROUND.

The bankers had been waiting since 1887 for the United States to enact a central bank plan so that they could finance a European war among the nations whom they had already bankrupted with armament and 'defense' programs. The most demanding function of the central bank mechanism is war finance.

(Page 84.)

On December 12, 1918, the United States Naval Secret Service Report on Mr Warburg was as follows:

WARBURG, PAUL: New York, German, naturalised citizen, 1911. Was decorated by the Kaiser in 1912, was vice chairman of the Federal Reserve Board. Handled large sums furnished by Germany for Lenin and Trotsky. Has a brother who is leader of the espionage system of GERMANY"

(Page 86.)

The Rothschilds were wary of Germany's ability to continue in the war, despite the financial chaos caused by their agents, the Warburgs, who were financing the Kaiser, and Paul Warburg's brother, Max, who, as head of the German Secret Service, authorised Lenin's train to pass through the lines and execute the Bolshevik Revolution in Russia. According to Under Secretary of the Navy, Franklin D. Roosevelt, America's heavy industry had been preparing for war for a year. Both the Army and Navy Departments had been purchasing war supplies in large amounts since early in 1916. Cordell Hull remarks in his Memoirs:

The conflict forced the further development of the income-tax principle. Aiming, as it did, at the one great untaxed source of revenue, the income-tax law had been enacted in the nick of time to meet the demands of war. And the conflict also assisted the putting into effect of the Federal Reserve System, likewise in the nick of time.

(Page 84.)

Paul Warburg made an appearance before the House Banking and Currency Committee in 1913, in which he briefly stated his background: I am member of the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb Company. I came over to this country in 1902, having been born and educated in the banking business in Hamburg, Germany, and studied banking in London and Paris, and have gone all around the world. In the Panic of 1907, the first suggestion I made was, Let us get a national clearing house. The Aldrich Plan contains some things which are simply fundamental rules of banking. Your aim in this plan (The Owen-Glass Bill) must be the same - Centralizing of reserves, mobilising commercial credit, and getting an elastic note issue. (Page 21.)

On November 13, 1914, in a letter to Sir Valentine Chirol, Spring Rice wrote, (Page 241, v 2).

I was told today The New York Times has been practically acquired by Kuhn, Loeb and Schiff special protege of the (German) Emperor. Warburg, nearly related to Kuhn, Loeb and Schiff is a brother of the well known Warburg of Hamburg, the associate of Ballin (Hamburg Amerika line), is a member of the Federal Reserve Board or rather THE member. He practically controls the financial policy of the Administration, and Paish & Blackett (England) had mainly to negotiate with him. Of course, it was exactly like negotiating with Germany. Everything that was said was German property. (Page 89.)

Col. Garrison wrote in Roosevelt, Wilson and the Federal Reserve Law, that "Through the banking House of the Kuhn, Loeb Company, a powerful weapon would have been placed in the hands of the German Kaiser over the destiny of American business and American citizens". (Page 89.)

Besides these men, Warburg, Baruch, and Meyer, a host of J.P. Morgan Co, and Kuhn, Loeb Co, partners, employees, and satellites came to Washington after 1917 to administer the fate of the American people. (Page 99.)

JEKYLL ISLAND.

I do not feel it is any exaggeration to speak of our secret expedition to Jekyll Island as the occasion of the actual conception of what eventually became the Federal Reserve System. (Frank Vanderlip). (Page 8.)

Our secret expedition to Jekyll Island was the occasion of the actual conception of what eventually became the Federal Reserve System. The essential points of the Aldrich Plan were all contained in the Federal Reserve Act as it was passed. (Page 9.)

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Accompanying Senator Aldrich at the Hoboken Station were his private secretary, SHELTON A. PIATT ANDREW, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and Special Assistant to the National Monetary Commission; FRANK VANDERLIP, President of the National City Bank of New York, HENRY P. DAVISON, senior partner of J.P. Morgan Company, and generally regarded as the Morgan's personal emissary; and CHARLES D. NORTON, President of the Morgan-dominated First National Bank of New York. Joining the group just before the train left the station were BENJAMIN STRONG, also known as a lieutenant of J.P. Morgan; and PAUL WARBURG, a recent immigrant from Germany who had joined the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb and Company, New York as a partner earning five hundred thousand dollars a year. (Page 1/2.)

In fact, no benefaction took place at Jekyll Island. The Aldrich group journeyed there in private to write the banking and currency legislation which the National Monetary Commission had been ordered to prepare in public. At stake was the future control of the money and credit of the United States. If any genuine monetary reform had been prepared and presented to Congress, it would have ended the power of the elitist one world money creators. Jekyll Island ensured that a central bank would be established in the United States which would give these bankers everything they had always wanted.
(Page 4.)

PAUL WARBURG'S PLAN.

Professor E.R.A. Seligman, a member of the international banking family of J & W. Seligman, and head of the Department of Economics at Columbia University, wrote in an essay published by the Academy of Political Science, Proceedings,

"It is known to a very few how great is the indebtedness of the United States to Mr Warburg. For it may be said without fear of contradiction that in its fundamental features the Federal Reserve Act is the work of Mr Warburg more than any other man in the country. The existence of a Federal Reserve Board creates, in everything but in name, A REAL CENTRAL BANK. In the two fundamentals of command of reserves and of a discount policy, the Federal Reserve Act has frankly accepted the principle of the Aldrich Bill, and these principles, as has been stated, were the creation of Mr Warburg and Mr Warburg alone. It must not be forgotten that Mr Warburg had a practical object in view. In formulating his plans and in advancing in them slightly varying suggestions from time to time, it was incumbent on him to remember that the education of the country must be gradual and that a large part of the task was to break down prejudices and remove suspicion. His plans therefore

contained all sorts of elaborate suggestions designed to guard the public against fancied dangers and to persuade the country that the general scheme was at all practicable. It was the hope of Mr Warburg that with the lapse of time it might be possible to eliminate from the law a few clauses which were inserted largely at his suggestion for educational purposes ". (Page 9.)

The main problem, as Paul Warburg informed his colleagues, was to avoid the name "CENTRAL BANK". For that reason, he had decided upon the designation of "FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM". This would deceive the people into thinking it was not a central bank. However, the Jekyll Island plan would be a central bank plan, fulfilling the main functions of a central bank; it would be owned by private individuals who would profit from ownership of shares. As a BANK OF ISSUE, it would control the nation's money and credit. (Page 5.)

Thus the proposed Federal Reserve Bank was to be controlled by Congress, and answerable to the Government, but the majority of the directors were to be chosen, directly or indirectly, by the banks of the association. In the final refinement of Warburg's plan, the Federal Reserve Board of Governors would be appointed by the President of the United States, but the real work of the Board would be controlled by a Federal Advisory Council, meeting with the Governors. The Council would be chosen by the directors of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks, and would remain unknown to the public. (Page 6.)

Paul Warburg advanced at Jekyll Island the primary deception which would prevent the citizens from recognising that his plan set up a central bank. This was the regional reserve system. He proposed a system of four (later twelve) branch reserve banks located in different sections of the country. Few people outside the banking world would realise that the existing concentration of the nation's money and credit structure in New York made the proposal of a regional reserve system a delusion. (Page 6.)

" Paul Warburg is the man who got the Federal Reserve Act together after the Aldrich Plan aroused such nationwide resentment and opposition. The mastermind of both plans was Baron Alfred Rothschild of London ". (Plan 23.)

In 1911, prior to Wilson's taking office as President, Col House had returned to his home in Texas and completed a book called 'Phillip Dru, Administrator". Ostensibly a novel, it was actually a detailed plan for the future Government of the United States, which would establish SOCIALISM as dreamed by KARL MARX". (Page 23.)

House recorded some of his efforts on behalf of the Federal Reserve Act in The Intimate Papers of Col. House.

" December 19, 1912. I talked with Paul Warburg over the phone concerning currency reform. I told of my trip to

Washington and what I had done there to get it in working order. I told him that the Senate and the Congressmen WILL DO WHAT HE DESIRES, and that President-elect Wilson though straight concerning the issue ". (Page 26.)

The signing of the Federal Reserve Act by Woodrow Wilson represented the culmination of years of collusion with his intimate friend, Col. House, and Paul Warburg. (Page 30.)

THE BILL SIGNED.

The important thing was to get the Federal Reserve Act signed into law at once. With this reassurance, Wilson signed the Federal Reserve Act on December 23, 1913. History proved that on the day, the Constitution ceased to be the governing covenant of the American people, and our liberties were handed over to a small group of International Bankers. (Page 29.)

On December 24, 1913, Jacob Schiff wrote to Col. House,
" My dear Col. House. I want to say a word to you for the silent, but no doubt effective work you have done in the interest of currency legislation and to congratulate you that the measure has finally been enacted into law. I am with good wishes, faithfully yours, JACOB SCHIFF.
(Page 29.)

Paul Warburg's brother FELIX in New York was a director of the PRUSSIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of Berlin, and presumably would not have liked to see too many of his policyholders killed in the war. On September 26, 1920. The New York Times mentioned in its obituary of Jacob Schiff in reference to Kuhn, Loeb and Company, " During the World War certain of its members were in constant contact with the Government in an advisory capacity. It shared in the conferences which were held regarding the organization and formation of the Federal Reserve System.
(Page 86.)

The Federal Reserve System began its operations in 1914 with the activity of the Organisation Committee, appointed by Woodrow Wilson and composed of Secretary of the Treasury William Mc Adoo, who was his son-in-law, Secretary of Agriculture Houston and Comptroller of the Currency John Skelton Williams.
(Page 32.)

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ORIGIN and PURPOSE.

Paul Warburg also mentioned in J. Laurence Laughlin's definitive volume, THE FEDERAL RESERVE ACT, ITS ORIGINS and PURPOSES.

" MR Paul Warburg of Kuhn, Loeb Company offered in March, 1910 a fairly well thought out plan to be known as the United Reserve Bank of the United States. This was published in The New York Times of March 24, 1910. The group interested in the purposes of the National Monetary Commission met secretly at Jekyll Island for about two weeks in December, 1910, and concentrated on the preparation of a bill to be presented to Congress by the National Monetary Commission. The men who were present at Jekyll Island were Senator Aldrich, H.P. Davison of J.P. Morgan Company, Paul Warburg of Kuhn, Loeb Company, Frank Vandelp of the National City Bank, and Charles D. Norton of the First National Bank. No doubt the ablest mind in the group was that of Mr Warburg, who had a European banking training. Senator Aldrich had no special training in banking ". (Page 33.)

During the Senate Hearings on Paul Warburg before the Senate Banking and Currency Committee, August 1, 1914, Senator Bristow asked, "How many of these partners (of Kuhn, Loeb Company) are American citizens?" Warburg: "They are all American citizens except Mr Kahn. He is a British subject". Bristow: "He was at one time a candidate for Parliament, was he not?" Warburg: "There was talk about it, it had been suggested and he had it in his mind". Paul Warburg also stated to the Committee, "I went to England, where I stayed for two years, first in the banking and discount firm of Samuel Montague & Company. After that I went to France, where I stayed in a French Bank". Chairman: "What French Bank was that?". Warburg: "It is the Russian bank for foreign trade which has an agency in Paris". (Page 38.)

" At the House Banking and Currency Committee Hearings on June 6, 1960, Congressman Wright Patman, Chairman, questioned Carl E. Allen, President of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago. PATMAN: Now Mr. Allen, when the Federal Reserve Open Market Committee buys a million dollar bond you create the money on the credit of the Nation to pay for that bond, don't you?. ALLEN: That is correct. PATMAN: And the credit of the Nation is represented by Federal reserve Notes in that case, isn't it? If the banks want the actual money, you give Federal reserve Notes in payment, don't you. ALLEN: That could be done, but nobody wants the Federal Reserve Notes. PATMAN: Nobody wants them, because the banks would rather have the credit as reserves. (Page 164.)

THE NATION'S BANKER.

After our entry into World War 1, Woodrow Wilson turned the Government of the United States over to a triumvirate of his campaign backers, Paul Warburg, Bernard Baruch and Eugene Meyer. Baruch was appointed head of the War Industries Board, with life and death powers over every factory in the United States. Eugene Meyer was appointed head of the War Finance Corporation, in charge of the loan program which financed the war. Paul Warburg was in control of the Nation's banking system. (Page 86.)

NOTE; New York Times, August 10, 1918: Mr Paul Warburg was the author of the plan organising the War Finance Corporation. (Page 86.)

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD of GOVERNORS.

The first Federal Reserve Board of Governors consisted of,
THOMAS D.JONES: ADOLPH C.MILLER: CHARLES C.HAMBLIN:
F.DELANO: W.P.G.HARDING: and PAUL WARBURG.
(From Page 36.)

In the Money Power of Europe, Paul Emden writes that,
" The Warburgs reached their outstanding eminence during the last twenty years of the past century, simultaneously with the growth of Kuhn, Loeb Company in New York, with whom they stood in a personal union and family relationship. Paul Warburg with magnificent success carried through in 1913 the reorganisation of the American banking system, at which he had with Senator Aldrich been working since 1911, and thus most thoroughly consolidated the currency and finances of the United States".
(From Page 36.)

The New York Times had noted on May 6, 1914 that Paul Warburg had retired from Kuhn, Loed Company in order to serve on the federal Reserve Board, although he had not resigned his directorships of American Surety Company, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, National Railways of Mexico, Wells Fargo, or Westinghouse Electric Corporation, but would continue to serve on these boards of directors. WHO'S WHO listed him as holding these directorships and in addition, American I.G.Chemical Company (branch of I.G.Farben), Agfa Ansco Corporation, Westinghouse Acceptance Company, Warburg Company of Amsterdam, chairman of the Board of International Acceptance Bank, and numerous other banks, railways and corporations. Kuhn, Loed and Company with Warburg have four votes or the majority of the Federal Reserve Board.
(From Page 37.)

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To avoid any suspicion that New York interests might control the FEDERAL ADVISORY COUNCIL, its first president, elected in 1914 by the other members, was J.B.Forgan, president of the First National Bank of Chicago, Rand Mc Nally Bankers Directory for 1914 lists the principal correspondents of the large banks. The principal correspondent of the Baker-Morgan controlled First National Bank of New York is listed as the First National Bank of Chicago. The principal correspondent listed by the First National Bank of Chicago is the Bank of Manhattan in New York, controlled by Jacob Schiff and Paul Warburg of Kuhn, Loebb Company. James B.Forgan also was listed as a director of Equitable Life Insurance Company, also controlled by Morgan. However, the relationship between First National Bank of Chicago and these New York banks was even closer than these listings indicate. (Page 42.)

Representing the New York Federal Reserve district on the First Federal Advisory Council was J.P.Morgan. He was named chairman of the Executive Committee. Thus, Paul Warburg and J.P. Morgan sat in conference at the meetings of the federal Reserve Board during the first four years of its operation, surrounded by the other Governors and members of the Council, who could hardly have been aware that their futures would be guided by these two powerful bankers. (Page 42.)

After serving as a Governor of the Federal Reserve Board from 1914-1918, Paul Warburg did not request another term. However, he was not ready to sever his connection with the Federal Reserve System which he had done so much to set up and put into operation. J.P.Morgan obligingly gave up his seat on the Federal Advisory Council, and for the next ten years, Paul Warburg continued to represent the Federal Reserve district of New York on the Council. He was vice-president of the council 1922-25, and president 1926-27. Thus Warburg remained the dominant presence at Federal Reserve Board meetings throughout the 1920s, when the European central banks were planning the great contraction of credit which precipitated the Crash of 1929 and the Great Depression. (Page 43.)

In June, 1918, Paul Warburg wrote a private note to Woodrow Wilson, "I have two brothers in Germany who are bankers. They naturally now serve their country to their utmost ability, as I serve mine". Neither Wilson nor Warburg viewed the situation as one of concern, and Paul Warburg served out his term on the Federal Reserve Board of Governors, while World War 1 continued to rage. (Page 87.)

According to the New York Times, Paul Warburg's letter of resignation stated that some objection had been made because he had a brother in the Swiss Secret Service. The New York Times has never corrected this blatant falsehood, perhaps because Kuhn, Loeb Company owned a controlling interest in its stock. Max Warburg was not Swiss, and although he had probably come into contact with the Swiss Secret Service during his term of office as head of the German Secret Service, no responsible editor at The New York Times could have been unaware of the fact that Max Warburg was German, and that his family banking house was in Hamburg, and that he held a number of high positions in the German Government. He represented Germany at the Versailles Peace Conference, and remained peacefully in Germany until 1939, during a period when persons of his religion were being persecuted. To avoid injury during the approaching war, when bombs would rain on Germany, Max Warburg was allowed to sail to New York, his funds intact.

(Page 88.)

It was Carter Glass who had complained that, if a suggested amendment by Senator LaFollette were passed, on the Federal Reserve Act of 1913, to the effect that no member of the Federal Reserve Board should be an official or director or stockholder of any bank, trust company, or insurance company, we would end up by having mechanics and farm labourers on the Board. Certainly mechanics and farm labourers could have caused no more damage to the country than did Glass, Strauss, and Warburg at the secret meeting of the Federal Reserve Board.

(Page 117.)

FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS.

Thus the proposed Federal Reserve Bank was to be controlled by Congress and answerable to the Government, but the majority of the directors were to be chosen, directly or indirectly by the banks of the association. In the final refinement of Warburg's plan, the Federal Reserve Board of Governors would be appointed by the President of the United States, but the real work of the Board would be controlled by a federal Advisory Council, meeting with the Governors. The Council would be chosen by the directors of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks, and would remain unknown to the public. (Page 6.)

On January 6, 1914, The New York Times reported that the Organising Committee of the Federal Reserve System had met in New York, and had conferred with Paul Warburg. Mr Warburg is regarded as the leading authority among local bankers on the problems involved in the new banking and currency system. He agreed with the tentative ideas of the committee.

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This committee was to select the locations of the decentralised reserve banks. They were empowered to select from eight to twelve reserve banks, although J.P.Morgan had testified he thought that not more than four should be selected. Much politicking went into the selection of these sites, as the twelve cities thus favoured would become enormously important as centres of finance. NEW YORK, of course, was a foregone conclusion. RICHMOND was the next selection, as a payoff to Carter Glass and Woodrow Wilson, the two Virginians who had been given political credit for the Federal Reserve Act. The other selections of the Committee were BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, CLEVELAND, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, ATLANTA, DALLAS, MINNEAPOLIS, KANSAS CITY and SAN FRANCISCO. All of these cities later developed important financial districts as the result of this selection. (Page 32.)

ORIGINAL STOCKHOLDERS.

"For many years, there has been considerable mystery about who actually owns the stock of the Federal Reserve Banks. Congressman Wright Patman, leading critic of the System, tried to find out who the stockholders were. The stock in the original twelve regional Federal Reserve Banks was purchased by national banks in those twelve regions. Because the Federal reserve Bank of New York was to set the interest rates and direct open market operations, thus controlling the daily supply and price of money through the United States, it is the stockholders of that bank who are the real directors of the entire system. For the first time, it can be revealed who those stockholders are. This writer has the original organisation certificates of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks, giving the ownership of shares by the national banks in each district. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York issued 203,053 shares, and as filed with the Comptroller of the Currency May 19, 1914, the large New York City banks took more than half of the outstanding shares. The Rockefeller Kuhn, Loeb-controlled National City Bank took the largest number of shares of any bank, 30,000 shares. J.P.Morgan's First National Bank took 15,000 shares. When these two banks merged in 1955, they owned in one block almost one fourth of the shares in the Federal reserve Bank of New York, which controlled the entire system, and thus they could name Paul Volcker or anyone else they chose to be Chairman of the Federal Reserve Board of Governors. Chase National Bank took 6,000 shares. The Marine National Bank of Buffalo, later known as Marine Midland, took 6,000 shares. This bank was owned by the Schoellkopf family, which controlled Niagara Power Company and other large interests. National Bank of Commerce of New York took 21,000 shares. The shareholders of these banks which own the stock of the Federal reserve Bank of New York are the people who have controlled our political and economic

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destinies since 1914. They are the Rothschilds of Europe, Lazard Freres (Eugene Meyer), Kuhn Loeb Company, Warburg Company, Lehman Brothers, Goldman Sachs, the Rockefeller Family, and the J.P. Morgan interests. These interests have merged and consolidated in recent years, so that the control is much more concentrated. National Bank of Commerce is now Morgan Guaranty Trust Company. Lehman Brothers has merged with Kuhn Loeb Company. First National Bank has merged with the National City Bank, and in the other eleven Federal Reserve Districts, these same shareholders indirectly own or control shares in those banks, with the other shares owned by the leading families in those areas who own or control the principal industries in these regions. The local families set up regional councils on orders from New York, of such groups as the Council on Foreign Relations, The Trilateral Commission, and other instruments of control devised by their masters. They finance and control political developments in their area, name candidates, and are seldom successfully opposed in their plans ". (From Page 34/35.)

BANK of ISSUE.

This patent removal of the system from Congressional control meant that the Federal reserve proposal was unconstitutional from its inception, because the Federal Reserve System was to be a bank of issue. Article 1, Sec 8, Par.5 of the Constitution expressly charges Congress with the power to coin money and regulate the value thereof. (Page 6/7.)

The Federal Reserve Bank is an institution owned by the stockholding member banks. The Government has not a dollar's worth of stock in it. (Page 157.)

Because of these mysterious transactions which affect the life, liberty and happiness of every American citizen, there have been numerous proposals such as Senate Document No 23, presented by Mr Logan on January 24, 1939, that "The Government should create, issue and circulate all the currency and credit needed to satisfy the spending power of the Government and the buying power of consumers. The privilege of creating and issuing money is not only the supreme prerogative of Government, but it is the Government's greatest opportunity. (Page 167.)

However the Government does give the federal Reserve System the use of its billions of dollars of credit, and this gives the federal Reserve its characteristic of a central bank, the POWER TO ISSUE CURRENCY ON THE GOVERNMENT'S CREDIT. We do not have Federal Government notes or gold certificates as currency. We have Federal Reserve Bank notes, issued by the Federal Reserve Banks, and every dollar they print is a dollar in their pocket. (Page 157.)

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Before the House Banking and Currency Committee on June 24, 1941, Governor Eccles said:

" Money is created out of the RIGHT TO ISSUE CREDIT-MONEY ".
(Page 162.)

Benjamin Anderson, economist for the Chase National Bank of New York, said:

" The money of the Federal Reserve Banks IS MONEY THEY CREATED. When they buy Government securities they create reserves. They pay for the Government securities by giving CHECKS ON THEMSELVES, and those checks come to the commercial banks and are by them deposited in the Federal Reserve Banks, and then money exists which did not exist before ".
(Page 161.)

Governor Eccles before the House Committee on Banking and Currency on June 24, 1941:

ECCLES: " The banking system as a whole creates and extinguishes the deposits as they make loans and investments, whether they buy Government Bonds or whether they buy utility bonds or whether they make Farmers loans".
(Page 167.)

On September 30, 1941, before the same Committee, Governor Eccles was asked by representative Patman:

" How did you get the money to buy those two billion dollars worth of Government securities in 1933?".
ECCLES: " WE CREATED IT ".
PATMAN: " Out of what ".
ECCLES: " Out of the RIGHT TO ISSUE CREDIT MONEY ".
(Page 167.)

The Act, which was to deprive Wall Street of its funds for speculation, has really given the bulls and bears such a supply as they have never had before. The truth is that far from having logged the channel to Wall Street, as Mr Glass so confidently boasted, it actually has widened the old channels and opened up tow now ones. The first of these leads directly to Washington and gives Wall Street a string on all the surplus cash in the United States Treasury. Besides, in the POWER TO ISSUE BANK-NOTE CURRENCY, it furnishes an inexhaustible supply of CREDIT MONEY; the second channel leads to the great central banks of Europe, whereby, through the SALE OF ACCEPTANCES, virtually guaranteed by the United States Government, Wall Street is granted immunity from those FOREIGN DEMANDS FOR GOLD which have precipitated every great crisis in our history.
(Page 34.)

The editorial page of The New York Times, January 18, 1920, carried an interesting comment on the Federal Reserve System. The unidentified writer, perhaps Paul Warburg, stated, "The Federal Reserve is a fount of credit, not of capital". This is one of the most revealing statements ever made about the Federal Reserve System. It says that the Federal Reserve System will never add anything to our capital structure, or to the formation of capital, because it is organised to produce credit, to create money for credit money and speculations, instead of providing capital funds for the improvement of commerce and industry. Simply stated, capitalisation would mean the providing of notes backed by a precious metal or other commodity. Reserve notes are unbacked paper loaned at interest.
(From Page 119.)

AMERICAN ACCEPTANCE COUNCIL.

After the Agricultural Depression of 1920-21, the Federal Reserve Board of Governors settled down to eight years of providing RAPID CREDIT EXPANSION of the New York Bankers, a policy which culminated in the Great Depression of 1929-31 and helped paralyse the economic structure of the world. Paul Warburg had resigned in May, 1918, after the monetary system of the United States had been changed from a bond-secured currency to a currency based upon commercial paper and the shares of the Federal Reserve Banks. Warburg returned to his five hundred thousand dollar a year job with Kuhn, Loeb Company, but he continued to determine the policy of the Federal Reserve System, as President of the Federal Advisory Council and as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Acceptance Council.
(Page 119.)

In The New York Times on June 14, 1920, Paul Warburg, Chairman of the American Acceptance Council, said:

" Unless the federal Reserve Board puts itself heart and soul behind the untrammelled development of acceptances as a prime investment for banks of the federal Reserve Banks the future safe and sound development of the system will be jeopardised ".
(Page 126.)

This was a statement of the purpose of Warburg and his bunch who wanted monetary reform in this country. They were out to get control of all credit in the United States, and they got it, by means of the Federal Reserve System, the ACCEPTANCE SYSTEM, and the lack of concern by the citizens.(Page 127.)

Paul Warburg was elected President of this organisation, and later became chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Acceptance Council, a position which he held until his death in 1932. The Council published lists of corporations using trade acceptances, all of them businesses in which Kuhn, Loeb Co. or its affiliates held control.
(Page 127.)

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During the 1920s Paul Warburg, who had resigned from the Federal Reserve Board after holding a position as Governor for a year in wartime, continued to exercise direct personal influence on the Federal Reserve Board by meeting with the Board as President of the Federal Advisory Council and as President of the American Acceptance Council. He was, from its organisation in 1920 until his death in 1932, Chairman of the Board of the International Acceptance Bank of New York, the largest acceptance bank in the world. His brother, Felix M. Warburg, also a partner in Kuhn, Loeb Co, was director of the International Acceptance Bank and Paul's son JAMES Paul Warburg, was Vice-President. Paul Warburg was also a director on other important acceptance banks in this country, such as the Westinghouse Acceptance Bank, which were organised in the United States immediately after the World War, when the headquarters of the International acceptance market was moved from London to New York, and Paul Warburg became the most powerful acceptance banker in the world. (Page 128.)

TRADE ACCEPTANCES.

A trade acceptance is a draft drawn by the seller of goods on the purchaser, and accepted by the purchaser, with a time of expiration stamped upon it. The use of trade acceptances in the wholesale market supplies short-term, assured credit to carry goods in process of production, storage, transit, and marketing. It facilitates domestic and foreign commerce.

(From Page 25.)

FEDERAL ADVISORY COUNCIL. (CREDIT & GOLD.)

Although most of the Federal Advisory Council's "advise" to the Board of Governors has never been reported, on rare instances a few glimpses into its deliberations were afforded by brief items in The New York Times. On November 21, 1916, The Times reported that the Federal Advisory Council had met in Washington for its quarterly conference.

" There was talk about absorbing Europe's extension of credit to South America and other countries. Federal Reserve officials said that to maintain a position as one of the world's bankers the United States must expect to be called upon to render a good deal of the service performed largely by England in the past, in extending short term credits necessary in the production and transportation of goods of all kinds in the world's trade, and that acceptances in foreign trade require lowest discounts and the freest and most reliable gold markets " (The First World War was at its zenith in 1916.)

(From Page 44.)

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In addition to his service on the Board of Governors and the Federal Advisory Council, Paul Warburg continued to address bankers' groups about the monetary policies they were expected to follow. On October 22, 1915, he addressed the Twin City Bankers Club, St. Paul, Minnesota during which speech he stated.

" It is to your interest to see the Federal Reserve banks as strong as they possibly can be. It staggers the imagination to think what the future may have in store for the development of American banking. With Europe's foremost powers limited to their own field, with the United States turned into a creditor nation for all the world, the boundaries of the field that lies open for us are determined only by our power of safe expansion. The scope of our banking future will ultimately be limited by the amount of gold that we can muster as the foundation of our banking and credit structure ". (Page 44.)

In the early 1920s, the Federal Reserve System played the decisive role in the re-entry of Russia into the international finance structure. (Page 120.)

The Federal Reserve System began purchasing Russian gold in 1920, and Russian currency was accepted on the Exchanges. (Page 120.)

THE GREAT DEPRESSION.

The operations of the Federal Reserve Open Market Committee in 1917-18, while Paul Warburg was still Chairman, show a tremendous increase in purchases of bankers of bankers' and trade acceptances. There were also a great increase in the purchase of United States Government securities, under the leadership of the able Eugene Meyer, Jr. A large part of the stock market speculation in 1919, at the end of the War when the market was very unsettled, was financed with funds borrowed from Federal Reserve Banks with Government securities as collateral. Thus the Federal Reserve System set up the Depression, first by causing inflation, and then raising the discount rate and making money dear. (From Page 115.)

The financial situation in the United States during the 1920s was characterised by an inflation of speculative values only. It was a trader made situation. Prices of commodities remained low, despite the over pricing of securities on the exchange. (From Page 138.)

Senator Robert L. Owen, testifying before the House Committee on Banking and Currency in 1938, said:

" I wrote into the bill which was introduced by me in the Senate on June 26, 1913, a provision that the powers of the System should be employed to promote a stable price level, which meant a dollar of stable purchasing, debt-paying power. It was stricken out. The powerful money interests got control of the Federal Reserve Board through Mr Paul Warburg, Mr Albert Strauss, and Mr Adolph C. Miller and they were able to have that secret meeting of May 18, 1920, and bring about a contraction of credit so violent it threw five million people out of employment. In 1920 that Reserve Board deliberately caused the Panic of 1921. The same people, unrestrained in the stock market, expanding credit to a great excess between 1926 and 1929, raised the price of stocks to a fantastic point where they could not possibly earn dividends, and when the people realised this, they tried to get out, resulting in the Crash of October 24, 1929 ".

(From Page 159.)

Paul Warburg made an appearance before the House Banking and Currency Committee in 1913, in which he briefly stated his background. I am a member of the banking house of Kuhn, Loeb Company. I came over to this country in 1902, having been born and educated in the banking business in Hamburg, Germany, and studied banking in London and Paris, and have gone all around the world. In the Panic of 1907, the first suggestion I made was, Let us get a National Clearing House. The Aldrich Plan contains some things which are simply fundamental rules of banking. Your aim in this plan (The Owen-Glass Bill) must be the same - centralising of reserves, mobilising commercial credit, and getting an elastic note issue. (From Page 21.)

VERSAILLES PEACE TREATY.

Paul Warburg accompanied Wilson on the American Commission to Negotiate Peace as his chief financial advisor. He was pleasantly surprised to find at the head of the German delegation his brother, Max Warburg, who brought along Carl Melchior, also of M.M. Warburg Company, William George von Strauss, Franz Urbig, and Mathias Erzberger. (Page 111.)

LINDBERGH'S IMPEACHMENT SPEECH.

The financial cartel suffered only minor setbacks in those crucial years. On February 12, 1917, The New York Times reported that "The five members of the Federal Reserve Board, were impeached on the floor of the House by Rep. Charles A. Lindbergh, Republican member of the House Banking and Currency

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Committee. According to Mr. Lindbergh, the conspiracy began in 1906 when the late J.P.Morgan, Paul M.Warburg, a present member of the Federal Reserve Board, the National City Bank and other banking firms conspired to obtain currency legislation in the interest of big business and the appointment of a special board to administer such a law, in order to create industrial slaves of the masses, the aforesaid conspirators did conspire and are now conspiring to have the Federal Reserve Board administered so as to enable the conspirators to coordinate all kinds of big business and to keep themselves in control of big business in order to amalgamate all the trusts into one great trust in restraint and control of trade and commerce"

The impeachment resolution was not acted on by the House.

(Page 112.)

THREE TRUSTS.

From 1921 to 1929, Paul Warburg organised three of the greatest trusts in the United States:

The International Acceptance Bank, largest acceptance bank in the world. Agfa Ansco Film Corporation, with headquarters in Belgium, and I.G.Farben Corporation whose American branch Warburg set up as I.G.Chemical Corporation. The Westinghouse Corporation is also one of his creations

LINDBERGH'S BOOK.

" The Federal Advisory Council has great influence with the Federal Reserve Board. Conspicuously upon that Council is J.P.Morgan, the leading member of J.P.Morgan Company and son of the late J.P.Morgan. Every one of the twelve members of the Advisory Council, as you well know, was educated in the same atmosphere. The Federal Reserve Act is not only a special privilege act but privileged persons have been placed in control and are its advisers in its administration. The Federal Reserve Board and the Federal Advisory Council administer the Federal Reserve System as its head authority, and no one of the lesser officials, even if they wished, would dare to cross swords with them "

EXTRACT FROM: " WHY IS YOUR COUNTRY AT WAR? ", by Charles Lindbergh, published in 1917. The above paragraph explains why Woodrow Wilson ordered Government agents to seize and destroy the printing plates and copies of this book in the spring of 1918. (From Page 45.)

JEKYLL ISLAND & FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD of GOVERNORS.

Senator Owen's optimism was doomed by the domination of the Jekyll Island promoters over the initial composition of the Federal Reserve System. Not only did the Morgan-Kuhn, Loeb alliance purchase the dominant control of stock in the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, with almost half of the shares owned by the five New York banks under their control, First National

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Bank, National City Bank, National Bank of Commerce, Chase National Bank and Hanover National Bank, but they also persuaded President Woodrow Wilson to appoint one of the Jekyll Island group, Paul Warburg, to the Federal Reserve Board of Governors.
(From Page 41.)

PAUL WARBURG'S SON.

Warburg's son, James Paul Warburg, continued to exercise such influence, being appointed Franklin D. Roosevelt's Director of the Budget when that great man assumed office in 1933, and setting up the Office of War Information, our official propaganda agency during the Second World War.
(From Page 129.)

When Franklin D. Roosevelt took office as President of the United States, he appointed as Director of the Budget James Paul Warburg, son of Paul Warburg, and Vice President of the International Acceptance Bank and other corporations.
(From Page 156.)

1116.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS /.....100.

'Buss 100'

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produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

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Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



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Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

*MAGISTRATE
DIANE MAXTED
'The ARRIST'
MRS MAG' COURT
26 APRIL 2018.*

1117

Magistrate Maxted
Magistrates Court at Melbourne, Victoria
26th April 2018

Count 1

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the criminal offence of treason committed by politicians who did breach their Statutory Oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty by entertaining legislation titled *Courts and Tribunals Further Amendment Bill/Act*, during the years 1999/2000. Such legislation contained an act of treason.

Common Law Misprision of Treason

Count 2

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the criminal offence of treason committed by the then State Governor Gobbo by the enactment of *The Courts and Tribunals Further Amendment Act* on the 5th September 2000. Such enactment did remove the statutory Oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty from section 6(i) of The Legal Practice Act 1996 (Victoria).

Common Law Misprision of Treason

Count 3

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced at part 8 of the West Australian Act titled "*Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act*" 2003. Enacted 1st January 2004.

Common Law Misprision of Treason

Count 4

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 121** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason

Count 5

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 122** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason**Count 6**

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 123** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason**Count 7**

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 124** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason**Count 8**

On the 26th April 2018, ~~In the period October 2017 to December 2017~~ the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 125** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason**Count 9**

On the 26th April 2018, ~~2017~~ the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 126** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason

1119

Count 10

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 127** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason

Count 11

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 128** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason

Count 12

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 129** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason

Count 13

On the 26th April 2018, the accused at The Magistrates Court of Victoria, Melbourne, did conceal the overt act of treason evidenced within **section 130** of the *Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act 2003 (WA)*.

Common Law Misprision of Treason

Others involved in the criminal concealment:

1. Peter Lauristen
Chief Magistrate
2. Jelena Popovic
Deputy Chief Magistrate
3. Lance Martin
Deputy Chief Magistrate
4. Debra Gullachi
5. Simone Shields

7. Victorian Police
OFFICER MELISSA FARLEY

6. DAMIAN CAROBRANCO.

“Treason consists of a Breach of duty of Allegiance which the Subject owes to the Sovereign and which binds him at all times and in all places”

[Rex v Casement 1917, 1 KB 98 at 114]

The Criminal Act

1121

Emanating out of the State of Western Australia, a State within the Commonwealth of Australia

Acts Amendment and Repeal (Courts and Legal Practice) Act.

- Enacted 1 January 2004

Supreme Court Act 1935 amended

Section 130

- (3) Section 9(1) is amended by deleting “Her Majesty” and inserting instead –

“The Governor”

1121

Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act (WA)

Part 8: Amendments about the Queen (The Removal)

Section 130: Supreme Court Act 1935 Amended

3. Section 9(1) is amended by deleting
“Her Majesty” - **Queen Elizabeth the Second**
and inserting instead,

“The Governor” - John Sanderson

The Pretender.

“If these men were obliged to speak plain, it might soon appear that they aim at supplanting Her Majesty and setting up a pretender”

Source

“Charles to the Grand Jury 1689 Camden Fourth Series 78. Volume 43
1803 History Society at (page 78) 1992

Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act (WA)

Part 8: Amendments about the Queen (The Removal)

Section 130: Supreme Court Act 1935 Amended

3. Section 9(1) is amended by deleting
“Her Majesty”

and inserting instead,
“The Governor”

Sir Henry Arthur Winneke (Victoria)

“Not Above the Law”- Rules of Natural Justice

**FAI Insurance v Winneke
1981-82 151 CLR 342 At 349**

“I can see no reason in principle why the rules of natural justice should not apply to an exercise of power by the Governor in Council, who is of course not above the law.”

Mr. Benson's 1st Comm

26 APRIL 2018

1124

VICTORIAN REFUGEE BOARD v SYDNEY

MAJESTY ROSS MAXTED

IN ATTENDANCE.

BARRY COOK

TIM RECH

ANNIE OWEN

RICK HOGG

AMY SPEER

DENNIS JENSEN

JANITA PIRRIE

GARY WREBB

SAM

JULIE HOSKIN

ANNIE WHITE

PAUL MULLERS

BRUCE NEOFITOU

FINANCIAL OFFICER
POLICE
MEISSA FARUZI

1124

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

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REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 101.

'BWS 101'

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produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this 15th June 2019.

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A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

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Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor Justice of the Peace

*Judicial Misconduct
IN
RELATION TO
Justice Gregory Garmon*

STATEMENT / ~~AFFIDAVIT~~
OF
BRIAN WILLIAM SHAW

1125

**RE-The Judicial Conduct of Officers of the Supreme Court of Victoria in particular
Justice Gregory Garde**

I, Brian William Shaw, C/O PO Box 800 Werribee 3030 Victoria do State and
Affirm the following:

1. Justice Gregory Garde
Supreme Court of Victoria
That I was present in The Practice Court of the Victorian Supreme Court on the
2nd August 2018 to hear the matter of Victoria Legal Services Board v Dennis
Jensen and others (The Defendants).
2. That I was present in the capacity of a Lay Observer sitting in the body of the
Court.
3. That a large volume of documents were before The Court in particular Folders 1
and 2 Filed and Served by the Law firm of Lander and Rogers.
4. That at no time either before the hearing nor during the course of the hearing
was I informed by either The Plaintiff nor the Defendant that I was personally
involved in this Court Action. By including a large volume of documents into
folders 1 and 2 exhibiting Courtroom evidence of documents submitted into
Various Court hearings during the Years 2001 to January 2007 inclusive of
hearings after 2007, by myself.
5. That I have since read the contents of Folders 1 and 2 (The Lander and Rogers
Evidence) inclusive of the two orders given by Justice Gregory Garde on the
2nd August 2018 (open Court) and the order given on 3rd August 2018
(Ex Parte).

6. That based entirely on the evidence presented in the Lander and Rogers Court Books and the Judicial concealment of all the submitted evidence by all officers of the Victorian Supreme Court of Victoria and the fact that I was a fair minded lay observer sitting in the body of the Court, I have prepared this Affidavit in the capacity of a Victim of a large number of criminal offences.
7. That this Affidavit is prepared for the Victorian Police and Federal Police inclusive of IBAC with the prior knowledge that both State and Federal Police have information concerning these discovered offences prior to the August 2018 date and have elected to do nothing about the offences .
8. That the Principal Offender at the hearing 2nd August 2018 was and remains the **Judge Gregory Garde**, all officers of the Supreme Court involved directly or indirectly in the matter are and remain Principals to the Discovered Offences.
9. That since viewing the Court Books (The Lander and Rogers Books), in particular, the Shaw Documents, it is evident that a large amount of evidence relating to and involving the Shaw Evidence has been left out of this Court File by that Law firm of Lander and Rogers, but critical evidence has been both filed and served by Lander and Rogers.
10. That the two orders given by Justice Gregory Garde on the 2nd August 2018 and that 3rd August 2018 are both void in Law and voidable on the simple fact that the Judge was sitting in a Public Office within the State of Victoria in that Purported Capacity of a Judge in his own cause.
11. That the hearing on the 2nd August 2018 was listed for 2.15pm, but during the morning of the same day, three men lodged a Private Prosecution Charge on Justice Gregory Garde. That charge was and remains "**Misprision of Treason**" in that the criminal element to Activate that offence of Treason is 'Breach of Allegiance', this Element happened when the Statutory Oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth The Second was Removed from the Legal Practice Act 1996, on the 5th September 2000.
12. It is my understanding that the allegiance to The Queen is still in our Police Act.

13. The three men presented the criminal offence to the Criminal Division of the Melbourne Magistrates and handed the Private Prosecution Charges across the counter, to Mr Damian Capobianco.
- A. The Documents were not stamped.
 - B. No filing Fee was given nor asked for.
 - C. No Court date was set.

In simple terms, that Criminal Charge of "Misprision of Treason" lodged by three men on Justice Gregory Garde was accepted and immediately concealed.

14. That one of the three men was and remains Mr Dennis Jensen.
15. That during the course of that Supreme Court hearing in the afternoon of 2nd August 2018 Mr. Jensen did Hand-Up the Single Court of **"Misprision of Treason" to Justice Garde.**
- A. Justice Garde totally disregarded the Criminal issue involving himself and proceeded to hear the matter.
 - B. Mr Jensen did not read the contents of the Charge on the Court Transcript.
 - C. Mr Jensen did not exercise his right to activate a Citizen's arrest.
 - D. Mr Jensen did not point out to the Court what had transpired during that morning nor make any reference to Mr Damian Capobianco and others, **Evidenced in the Lander and Rogers Court Books at Pages 1220, 1221 and 1222 setting out 13 counts of "Misprision of Treason"** relating to and involving Mr. Damian Capobianco and seven officers of the Magistrates Court of Victoria, inclusive of Magistrates.
 - E. Mr Jensen did not point out to the Court Section 34 of the Crimes Act 1914, as evidenced in the Landers and Rogers **Court Books at Page 144.**
 - F. Mr. Jensen did not point out to the Court that consequences and ramifications of **Section 80 of the Criminal Code Act 1999** as evidenced In the Lander and Rogers Court Books at **Page 134.**

- G. That Mr. Jensen did not point out to the Court the Legal Right contained at Section 354 Crimes Act 1958 and the words "Upon that Application of any Person" and that Consequence of the perverting of this Right By Judges and Politicians Sitting in Public Office within Victoria. The Section is exhibited in the Lander and Rogers **Court Books at Page 135**
- H. That Mr Jensen failed to show the difference between a purportedly legally qualified Australian Lawyer and the right for any person to Lay a Private Prosecution Charge, when Crown Authorities have failed to do their public duty
- I. That in simple Legal terms Mr. Jensen failed to Competently Present his defence to the accusations evidenced in the Lander and Rogers Court Documents.
16. **That sitting in the Practice Court of the Victorian Supreme Court on the afternoon of 2nd August 2018 in the capacity of a fair minded lay observer I did observe a large number of serious Criminal offences committed by all officers of the Supreme Court of Victoria involved in this matter, inclusive of Mary Keys Principal of G List, Owen Dixon Chambers who received a monetary benefit to supply a Barrister into this matter.**
17. That Folder 1 and 2 of the Lander and Rogers Court Books Contain Affidavits supplied by:
- | | | |
|----|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. | Rebecca McAllum (Pages 11-539) | Sworn 13th July 2018 |
| B. | Alan Alpass (Pages 540 - 646) | Affirmed 27th July 2018 |
| C. | Dean Bosman (Pages 647 - 713) | Affirmed 27th July 2018 |
| D. | Lucas Anthony (Pages 714 - 1248) | Affirmed 26th July 2018 |
18. That the Plaintiff was "Victorian Legal Services Board". That Barrister was Ms N Papaleo from G List Principal Mary Keys
19. That Mr. Jensen failed to point out to the Court that the inclusion of the United Kingdom Statute Law of the 1688 Bill of Rights, evidenced in the Lander and Rogers **Court Books at Pages 58, 105, 354 - 363, 716, 789 - 791, 793, 808 - 836** places every Court currently operating within Australia outside of the Constitutional Requirements of a Chapter III Court when the 1688 Bill of Rights is introduced.

20. That Mr Jensen failed to point out to the Court That Shaw / Gillard attainted of Treason Document evidenced in the Lander and Rogers **Court Books at Pages 114 - 251 (Folder 1) and Pages 837 -974 Folder 2** revealing the Evident fact that Julia Gillard was and remains '**Attainted of Treason**' and as such was incapable of being Chosen or of Sitting, in the Public Office of a Commonwealth Politician, nor could the Labor Party nominate or select her.

21. That Mr Jensen failed to point out to the Court the actual words of this Criminal Charge relating to and involving Julia Gillard as evidenced in the Lander and Rogers **Court Books at Pages 162 (Folders 1) and Pages 839 and 885 (Folder 2).**

22. That Mr Jensen failed to point out to the Court the element for the serious criminal offence of Treason as set out in the Lander and Rogers **Court Books at Page 850 (Folder 2).**

23. That Mr Jensen failed to:

- A. Identify the actual Act of Treason as set out at Pages **851, 852, 853 of the Lander and Rogers Court Books (Folder 2)**
- B. That the Criminal Offence handed up to Justice Garde emanated from this overt Act, but, no background was given to the Court in relation to the serious Criminal Offence.
- C. **Everything in relation to Treason emanates around the Element Required.**

24. **The Discharged Mortgage (Bacchus Marsh) that contained within the Lander & Rogers Court Books are three Particular Transcripts relating to and involving Court action by Members Equity Bank concerning a Mortgage Property at Bacchus Marsh (The Elefterescu Matter)**

The Three Transcripts are:

- A. Associate Justice Lansdown 19-2-2018 at Pages 446 - 462.
- B. Justice Riordan (26th March 2018) at Pages 432 - 445.
- C. Justice Riordan (2nd May 2018) at Pages 464 to 502

The Judgement of Justice Riordan appears in the Lander and Rogers **Court Books at Pages 537 - 538 (Folder 1)**

But,

At Page 513 of the Court Books an email is exhibited from Mr McCarthy of The Law firm of Russell Kennedy dated 14th June 2018 to Belinda McDonald at the Victorian Supreme Court stating that the purported mortgage (Bacchus Marsh Property) has been discharged on the same day (14th June 2018). Justice Connick concluded the matter. (The Connock order at Page 530)

But,

All serious Criminal Offenders revealed in this particular Supreme Court matter, evidenced in the Lander and Rogers Court Books were concealed by all concerned.

25. **That the essence of the two orders given by Justice Gregory Garde on the 2nd August 2018 and the 3rd August 2018 was and remains an attempt to pervert the Course of Justice, in particular the Judicial Power of the Commonwealth.**
26. The exhibited Grand Jury Documents that the Lander and Rogers Court Books exhibit four Particular Grand Jury Documents relating to and involving the following individuals:
- A. **Julia Gillard**
Pages 116/123 (Folder 1). Pages 837 - 846 (Folder 2)
 - B. **Michael Jeffrey**
Pages 930 - (Folder 1) Pages
 - C. **John Howard**
Pages 938 (Folder 1) Pages (Folder 2)
 - D. **Damian Bugg**
Pages 948 - (Folder 1) Pages (Folder 2)

27. To my present knowledge no civil action nor criminal process has been filed and served against Justice Gregory Garde and all Judicial Officers involved in this Judicial Misconduct.
28. The Queen was removed unlawfully, illegally and by criminal intent on the 1st January 2004. This is the material fact that all Judicial Officers are attempting to conceal from The People.
29. The Charge and Summons relating to and involving Ian Gray, the former Chief Magistrate of the Magistrates Court of Victoria is the Essence and Element, the charge names Damian Bugg, Paul Coghlan and Ian Gray
30. MARK PEDLEY.
- A. Today (June 2019) this Particular man is still The Judicial Registrar within The Supreme Court of Victoria.
- B. Mark Pedley came from the Public Office of the Commonwealth Public Prosecutors (formerly Deputy-Director) to Halt, Pervert, Suppress any and all Grand Jury process at the original filing stage.
- C. Mark Pedley Works for The **“Australian Trustee”**, He Does Not Work For The **People Of Victoria Or The People Of The Commonwealth.**
- D. This Statement by Brian Shaw now adds Mr Mark Pedley to the Grand Jury List, currently concealed.

1132

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 102

BWS 102 *

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produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

*"Affirmation of TRAMSON
SHAW Counsel
May 2019"*

*"WHAT THESE WORDS
MEAN TO DAY"*

Statement by Brian W Shaw
May 2019
“ATTAINED OF TREASON”

Attainted Of Treason

These particular words appear at Section 44 (ii) of the Constitution 1901 of the Commonwealth of Australia , the principal Act governing Australia.

The Concealed Act.

It is the Concealed Act that is now creating the existing problem. 'Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948 The 1948 Act , emanated without a referendum inserted the United Nations into Australian Law in the capacity of Trustee / Administrator. Herein referred to as (The Trustee).

United Kingdom Law.

Contained within United Kingdom Law are the two major statutes of England's Laws The 1688 Bill of Rights and the 1701 Act of Settlement. All United Kingdom Statute Law are contained by inherent Law at Section 49 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Halsbury's Laws

Halsbury's Laws of England and Australia is Authority Law within the United Kingdom and Australia. Calvin's Case (1603) Presiding Judge was Edward Coke and the only legal matter that I have discovered that deals with the allegiance of the soul.

The Offence of Treason

The offence of Treason is set out in Australian Law and United Kingdom Law, in particular in the legal matter R v Casement (1917) King's Bench at 114. The United Kingdom Judge in this particular matter stated that the element of Treason is Breach of Allegiance.

Breach Of Allegiance

Concealment of Treason This is the second arm of Treason and in legal terms relates to the offence, called "Misprision of Treason" Within Australia today laws have been amended, altered, omitted, or, simply ignored to achieve and to enable a United Nations Agenda (The Trustee) to come into existence within Australia, but, without the Statutory Referendums, the Criminal Offence of Treason, activates.

Kim Beazley Statement

When Kim Beazley was a member of the Commonwealth Parliament he made a statement about the United Nations; "THE UNITED NATIONS "OUR TRUSTEE" Beazley never revealed at the time of his statement that The United Nations was "Our Trustee" SINCE 1948! Kim Beazley is the current Governor for the State of Western Australia (2019)

The Dilemma - The Insertion

Australia does have a Constitutional Monarchy inherited from the United Kingdom and as such inbuilt into the law of the Colonies and reaffirmed when the various Colonies became States at Federation under the then monarchy of Queen Victoria. The insertion of (the Trustee) into Australian Law in 1948 created a massive dilemma.

The Programmed Aussie

The people of Australia today have become so programmed they have lost the ability to think the matter thoroughly and correctly. Usually they have never read their existing Constitution and unfortunately the people rely on "The Media" for input. The media will not reveal the existence or purpose of the "Trustee" for the simple fact that they are not permitted to reveal this fact.

Western Australia In the years (2003-2004)

Using the then Attorney General Mr James McGinty a bill was introduced into the Western Australian Parliament that went on to become an Act:

Enacted on the 1st January 2004, titled. "Acts Amendment and Repeal Courts and Legal Practice Act"

Two men signed the enactment John Sanderson, Governor. and James McGinty- Attorney General.

The Overt Act Of Treason (WA)

At the time of the signing Mr McGinty had not finished his articles ' and as such was not registered on " The Roll at the High Court of Australia". The Western Australian Act is the single most overt act of Treason ever created within Australia and is not known by the people of Western Australia ,nor is it known to the people of Australia because all statutory and mandatory referendums were omitted.

Removal And Substitution.

The Overt Act of Treason (2004) WA. Removed statutory "Oaths of Allegiance" removed "The Crown" ,removed Her Majesty, removed The Queen Her Successors Her Heirs and Subjects. This ACT substituted the Governor, inclusive of successive State Governors inclusive of the present Western Australian Governor Kim Beasley.

Kim Beazley

(Current Governor of Western Australia)

This particular natural person was criminally charged with 27 others during the year 2006 on one count of "Misprision of Treason". The Victorian Supreme Court refused to set the matter down for Grand Jury hearings. The refusal to conduct the hearing exposes all concerned at the Magistrates Court and Supreme Court to countless criminal offences.

Diplomatic Immunity

The defendants allegedly rely on the concealed Diplomatic Immunity available from the United Nations (The Trustee) to avoid prosecution and accountability to the People of Australia.

Grand Jury Indictment.

To begin any form of prosecution for the twin offences of 'Treason' and 'Misprision of Treason' a signed indictment can only come from a Grand Jury, that is all public prosecutors, ~~the Mag.~~ defendants are shut out.

Mr R Hulls.

One of the individuals charged with the offence of "Misprision of Treason" is Mr R. Hulls, the former Attorney-General for the State of Victoria has three Grand Jury Applications currently sitting at the Victorian Supreme Court, concealed and unheard.

Removing The Right .

On the 1st January 2010 the Victorian Parliament (all Natural Persons) removed the legal right to Grand Jury (Formally Section 354 Crimes Act 1958 Victoria) during the course of the Bill / Act Mr R Hulls never revealed the existence of his criminal offences or charges and subsequent Grand Jury application~~s~~.

The Courts, Magistrates Court of Victoria.

Public Prosecutors both State and Commonwealth, Supreme Court Victoria and Supreme Court Western Australia. All the above named public offices and officers of such public office have agreed to work together to conceal the discovered "Trustee" and consequent criminal activity resulting in criminal charges from the people and voters of the respective States and the People of the Commonwealth.

Election Writs (2004)

In the year 2004 when the State of Western Australia removed the Queen and substituted "The Governor" of Western Australia invalidated their State Senate Election process and Election Writ. Under Section 12 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia all "Senate Writs" are issued by State Governors. In the case of Western Australia their "State Senate Election Writs" became invalid in 2004.

House Of Representatives: (W.A.)

All House of Representatives coming out of Western Australia since 2004 are and have been Criminals in that all have committed the criminal offence of "Misprision of Treason" in the years 2004, 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016, and now, 2019. All concealed by Politicians, Judges, and Election Commissioners working for and on behalf of "The Trustee" activating "Attainted of Treason" found at section 44 (ii) of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia.

Question of Fact.

All Judicial Officers attempt to deflect the REAL issue by stating that "Grand Jury is Abolished" but, section 43 of the Crimes Act 1914 States that a delay in prosecution is a QUESTION OF FACT. This is an exclusive Jurisdiction to a Jury Trial and shuts out Magistrates or Judges attempting to turn the issue into a "QUESTION OF LAW".

The fact is the Queen was removed and this fact is concealed by Magistrates and Judges.




1137

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 103

Buss 103

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th June 2019.

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



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Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor Justice of the Peace

'The People'
NO
REFERENDUM PERMITTED

STATEMENT BY BRIAN SHAW

THE PEOPLE "Were Not Informed / Referendums Omitted".

1. Regarding The Discovered Intention Of Bringing Australia Into And Under Communism.
2. Of The Yalta Meeting At Yalta In Russia In 1945.
3. Resulting From Yalta The Creation Of The United Nations.
4. In The Year 1948 The Inclusion Of The United Nations Trusteeship Over Australia By Inserting The United Nations Into The 1948 (Cth) Nationality And Citizen Act.
5. Any Person Working For And On Behalf Of The Trustee Is Afforded Diplomatic Immunity.
6. That Mr R. Hawke Was An Honorary Citizen Of Israel And As Such Is Retrospectively Disqualified From Parliament.
7. Such Retrospective Disqualification Voids Any And Every Document That Mr Hawke Has Touched, Such As:
 - A. Letters Patent 1984
 - B. State Request Acts 1984
 - C. Australia Act 1986
 - D. Sale Of The Commonwealth Bank 1st April 1991 (ASIC)
8. The Introduction Of "Bail-in Legislation" Into The Commonwealth Parliament During The Year 2018
9. The Removal Of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth From Special Law With In The State Of Western Australia And The Substitution Of The Then State Governor John Sanderson On The First January 2004

Brian William Shaw
PO Box 800 Werribee 3030
Victoria (registered post only)

Phone: 0487 195 522
Email: N/A
Facsimile: N/A

10. The Substitution Of The State Of Western Australia In Place Of The Oath Of Allegiance Owed To Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth.
11. The Removal And Substitution Of The Crown.
12. The Calling And Conducting Of Respective Elections Without Informing The Respective Electorates That The Election Writs Would Be Invalid And As Such Fraudulent.
13. The Shire Of Melton Victoria Becoming A "New State" By A Federal Court Judge Michelle Gordon (The Wife Of Kenneth Hayne) Who Took The Place Of Kenneth Hayne When He Retired From The Public Office Of High Court Judge
14. The Collusion And Complicity Of Officers Of The Magistrates Court Of Victoria In Concealing The Material Facts
15. The Collusion And Complicity Of Officers Of The County Court (Victoria) The Supreme Courts Of Both Victoria And Western Australia Inclusive Of Officers Of The High Court
16. The Collusion And Complicity Of Officers Of Respective Election Commissions In States Territories Inclusive Of The Commonwealth
17. The Inclusion Of The Commonwealth Into The Criminal Act Within The State Of Western Australia Enacted 1st January 2004
18. The Judicial Misconduct Of Officers Of The Magistrates Court At Melbourne During May 2004 When The Western Australian Criminal Act First Came Before A Victorian Court, And Was Immediately Concealed
19. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment By The Melbourne Magistrates Court During 2006 And 2007 Relating To 28 Defendants (15th December 2006) And 12 Defendants (29th January 2007)
20. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment By The Director Of Public Prosecutions (Cth) Mr Damian Bugg During 2004 - 2007
21. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment By The Director Of Public Prosecutions Victoria Mr Paul Coghlan During The Years 2004-2007

22. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment By The Director Of Public Prosecutions (State Of Western Australia) Mr Cocks During The Years 2004 - 2007
23. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment By All Attorney-generals Sitting In Public Office Within The Commonwealth Of Australia Since 2004 /2019
24. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment By Governor - Generals In The Period 2004 - 2019
25. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment By Officers Of The Federal Court Of Australia To Issue Civil Writs Against Various Defendants To Expose The Criminal Act Created And Enacted Within The State Of Western Australia On The First January 2004
26. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment By High Court Judges Using "High Court Rules" Allegedly Created During 2004 After First January 2004 (The Removal Of Her Majesty In Particular, The Fraudulent Use Of Ex-parte Proceedings "On The Books" In Place Of The Substitution Of "Open Court"
27. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment Of The Existence Of Criminal Charges Relating To All Seven High Court Judges During 2006/2007
28. The Collusion, Complicity And Concealment By The Current Seven High Court Judges In Particular Geoffrey Nettle And Michelle Gordon
29. The Concealment Of The Evident Fact That All Seven High Court Judges Came To The High Court 'after' The Removal Of Her Majesty And As Such Cannot Be Sitting In Constitutional Conformity To The Constitution Of The Commonwealth Of Australia In Particular Chapter III Of Such Act

CRIMINAL CODE ACT 1995

Chapter 5 -- The security of the Commonwealth

Part 5.1 -- Treason and urging violence

Division 80 -- Treason and urging violence

1141

80.1A Definition of *organisation*

In this Division: "*organisation*" means:

(a) a body corporate; or

(b) an unincorporated body;

whether or not the body is based outside Australia, consists of persons who are not Australian citizens, or is part of a larger organisation.

Subdivision B -- Treason

80.1 Treason

(2) A person commits an offence if the person:

(a) receives or assists another person who, to his or her knowledge, has committed an offence against this Subdivision (other than this subsection) with the intention of allowing him or her to escape punishment or apprehension; or

(b) knowing that another person intends to commit an offence against this Subdivision (other than this subsection), does not inform a constable of it within a reasonable time or use other reasonable endeavours to prevent the commission of the offence.

Penalty: Imprisonment for life.

1142

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS 104

BWS 104

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produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

Before me

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

Residence of Brian
1628
UNITED KINGDOM.

This is a statement of the objectives of the 1628 English legal reform movement that led to the Civil War and deposing of Charles I in 1649. It expresses many of the ideals that later led to the American Revolution.

The Petition of Right

1628

The Petition exhibited to his Majesty by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, concerning divers Rights and Liberties of the Subjects, with the King's Majesty's royal answer thereunto in full Parliament.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty,

Humbly show unto our Sovereign Lord the King, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled, that whereas it is declared and enacted by a statute made in the time of the reign of King Edward I, commonly called Stratutum de Tallagio non Concedendo, that no tallage or aid shall be laid or levied by the king or his heirs in this realm, without the good will and assent of the archbishops, bishops, earls, barons, knights, burgesses, and other the freemen of the commonalty of this realm; and by authority of parliament holden in the five-and-twentieth year of the reign of King Edward III, it is declared and enacted, that from thenceforth no person should be compelled to make any loans to the king against his will, because such loans were against reason and the franchise of the land; and by other laws of this realm it is provided, that none should be charged by any charge or imposition called a benevolence, nor by such like charge; by which statutes before mentioned, and other the good laws and statutes of this realm, your subjects have inherited this freedom, that they should not be compelled to contribute to any tax, tallage, aid, or other like charge not set by common consent, in parliament.

II. Yet nevertheless of late divers commissions directed to sundry commissioners in several counties, with instructions, have issued; by means whereof your people have been in divers places assembled, and required to lend certain sums of money unto your Majesty, and many of them, upon their refusal so to do, have had an oath administered unto them not warrantable by the laws or statutes of this realm, and have been constrained to become bound and make appearance and give utterance before your Privy Council and in other places, and others of them have been therefore imprisoned, confined, and sundry other ways molested and disquieted; and divers other charges have been laid and levied upon your people in several counties by lord lieutenants, deputy lieutenants, commissioners for musters, justices of peace and others, by command or direction from your Majesty, or your Privy Council, against the laws and free custom of the realm.

III. And whereas also by the statute called 'The Great Charter of the Liberties of England,' it is declared and enacted, that no freeman may be taken or imprisoned or be disseized of his freehold or liberties, or his free customs, or be outlawed or exiled, or in any manner destroyed, but by the lawful judgment of his peers, or by the law of the land.

IV. And in the eight-and-twentieth year of the reign of King Edward III, it was declared and enacted by authority of parliament, that no man, of what estate or condition that he be, should be put out of his land or tenements, nor taken, nor imprisoned, nor disinherited nor put to death without being brought to answer by due process of law.

V. Nevertheless, against the tenor of the said statutes, and other the good laws and statutes of your realm to that end provided, divers of your subjects have of late been imprisoned without any cause showed; and when for their deliverance they were brought before your justices by your Majesty's writs of habeas corpus, there to undergo and receive as the court should order, and their keepers commanded to certify the causes of their detainer, no cause was certified, but that they were detained by your Majesty's special command, signified by the lords of your Privy Council, and yet were returned back to several prisons, without being charged with anything to which they might make answer according to the law.

VI. And whereas of late great companies of soldiers and mariners have been dispersed into divers counties of the realm,

and the inhabitants against their wills have been compelled to receive them into their houses, and there to suffer them to sojourn against the laws and customs of this realm, and to the great grievance and vexation of the people.

VII. And whereas also by authority of parliament, in the five-and-twentieth year of the reign of King Edward III, it is declared and enacted, that no man shall be forejudged of life or limb against the form of the Great Charter and the law of the land; and by the said Great Charter and other the laws and statutes of this your realm, no man ought to be adjudged to death but by the laws established in this your realm, either by the customs of the same realm, or by acts of parliament: and whereas no offender of what kind soever is exempted from the proceedings to be used, and punishments to be inflicted by the laws and statutes of this your realm; nevertheless of late time divers commissions under your Majesty's great seal have issued forth, by which certain persons have been assigned and appointed commissioners with power and authority to proceed within the land, according to the justice of martial law, against such soldiers or mariners, or other dissolute persons joining with them, as should commit any murder, robbery, felony, mutiny, or other outrage or misdemeanor whatsoever, and by such summary course and order as is agreeable to martial law, and is used in armies in time of war, to proceed to the trial and condemnation of such offenders, and them to cause to be executed and put to death according to the law martial.

VIII. By pretext whereof some of your Majesty's subjects have been by some of the said commissioners put to death, when and where, if by the laws and statutes of the land they had deserved death, by the same laws and statutes also they might, and by no other ought to have been judged and executed.

IX. And also sundry grievous offenders, by color thereof claiming an exemption, have escaped the punishments due to them by the laws and statutes of this your realm, by reason that divers of your officers and ministers of justice have unjustly refused or forborne to proceed against such offenders according to the same laws and statutes, upon pretense that the said offenders were punishable only by martial law, and by authority of such commissions as aforesaid; which commissions, and all other of like nature, are wholly and directly contrary to the said laws and statutes of this your realm.

X. They do therefore humbly pray your most excellent Majesty, that no man hereafter be compelled to make or yield any gift, loan, benevolence, tax, or such like charge, without common consent by act of parliament; and that none be called to make answer, or take such oath, or to give attendance, or be confined, or otherwise molested or disquieted concerning the same or for refusal thereof; and that no freeman, in any such manner as is before mentioned, be imprisoned or detained; and that your Majesty would be pleased to remove the said soldiers and mariners, and that your people may not be so burdened in time to come; and that the aforesaid commissions, for proceeding by martial law, may be revoked and annulled; and that hereafter no commissions of like nature may issue forth to any person or persons whatsoever to be executed as aforesaid, lest by color of them any of your Majesty's subjects be destroyed or put to death contrary to the laws and franchise of the land.

XI. All which they most humbly pray of your most excellent Majesty as their rights and liberties, according to the laws and statutes of this realm; and that your Majesty would also vouchsafe to declare, that the awards, doings, and proceedings, to the prejudice of your people in any of the premises, shall not be drawn hereafter into consequence or example; and that your Majesty would be also graciously pleased, for the further comfort and safety of your people, to declare your royal will and pleasure, that in the things aforesaid all your officers and ministers shall serve you according to the laws and statutes of this realm, as they tender the honor of your Majesty, and the prosperity of this kingdom.

1145.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 105

BWS 105

30

produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

40

A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

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Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

The 1688
Bene of Rights
UNIVERSITY KENNEDY

Bill of Rights [1688]

1146

[Previous](#) [Next](#)



Bill of Rights [1688]

1688 CHAPTER 2 1 Will and Mar Sess 2

An Act declaring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject and Settling the Succession of the Crowne.

X1 Whereas the Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Comons assembled at Westminster lawfully fully and freely representing all the Estates of the People of this Realme did upon the thirteenth day of February in the yeare of our Lord one thousand six hundred eighty eight present unto their Majesties then called and known by the Names and Stile of William and Mary Prince and Princessse of Orange being present in their proper Persons a certaine Declaration in Writeing made by the said Lords and Comons in the Words following viz

The Heads of Declaration of Lords and Commons, recited.

Whereas the late King James the Second by the Assistance of diverse evill Councillors Judges and Ministers employed by him did endeavour to subvert and extirpate the Protestant Religion and the Lawes and Liberties of this Kingdome.

Dispensing and Suspending Power.

By Assumeing and Exercising a Power of Dispensing with and Suspending of Lawes and the Execution of Lawes without Consent of Parlyament.

Committing Prelates.

By Committing and Prosecuting diverse Worthy Prelates for humbly Petitioning to be excused from Concurring to the said Assumed Power.

Ecclesiastical Commission.

By issueing and causinge to be executed a Commission under the Great Seale for Erecting a Court called The Court of Commissioners for Ecclesiasticall Causes.

Levyng Money.

By Levyng Money for and to the Use of the Crowne by pretence of Prerogative for other time and in other manner then the same was granted by Parlyament.

Standing Army.

By raising and keeping a Standing Army within this Kingdome in time of Peace without Consent of Parlyament and Quartering Soldiers contrary to Law.

Disarming Protestants, &c.

By causing severall good Subjects being Protestants to be disarmed at the same time when Papists were both Armed and Employed contrary to Law.

Violating Elections.

By Violating the Freedom of Election of Members to serve in Parlyament.

Illegal Prosecutions.

By Prosecutions in the Court of Kings Bench for Matters and Causes cognizable onely in Parlyament and by diverse other Arbitrary and Illegal Courses.

Juries.

And whereas of late yeares Partiall Corrupt and Unqualified Persons have beene returned and served on Juries in Tryalls and particularly diverse Jurors in Tryalls for High Treason which were not Freeholders,

Excessive Bail.

And excessive Baile hath beene required of Persons committed in Criminall Cases to elude the Benefitt of the Lawes made for the Liberty of the Subjects.

Fines.

And excessive Fines have beene imposed.

Punishments.

And illegall and cruell Punishments inflicted.

Grants of Fines, &c. before Conviction, &c.

And severall Grants and Promises made of Fines and Forfeitures before any Conviction or Judgement against the Persons upon whome the same were to be levyed. All which are utterly directly contrary to the knowne Lawes and Statutes and Freedom of this Realme.

Recital that the late King James II. had abdicated the Government, and that the Throne was vacant, and that the Prince of Orange had written Letters to the Lords and Commons for the choosing Representatives in Parliament.

And whereas the said late King James the Second havinge Abdicated the Government and the Throne being thereby Vacant His **[X2 Hignesse]** the Prince of Orange (whome it hath pleased Almighty God to make the glorious Instrument of Delivering this Kingdome from Popery and Arbitrary Power) did (by the Advice of the Lords Spirituall and Temporall and diverse principall Persons of the Commons) cause Letters to be written to the Lords Spirituall and Temporall being Protestants and other Letters to the severall Countyes Cities Universities Burroughs and Cinque Ports for the Choosing of such Persons to represent them as were of right to be sent to Parlyament to meete and sitt at Westminster upon the two and twentyeth day of January in this Yeare one thousand six hundred eighty and eight in order to such an Establishment as that their Religion Lawes and Liberties might not againe be in danger of being Subverted, Upon which Letters Elections haveing beene accordingly made.

The Subject's Rights.

And thereupon the said Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons pursuant to their respective Letters and Elections being now assembled in a full and free Representative of this Nation taking into their most serious Consideration the best meanes for attaining the Ends aforesaid Doe in the first place (as their Auncestors in like Case have usually done) for the Vindicating and Asserting their auintient Rights and Liberties, Declare

Dispensing Power.

That the pretended Power of Suspending of Laws or the Execution of Laws by Regall Authority without Consent of Parlyament is illegal.

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Late dispensing Power.

That the pretended Power of Dispensing with Laws or the Execution of Laws by Regall Authoritie as it hath beene assumed and exercised of late is illegal.

Ecclesiastical Courts illegal.

That the Commission for erecting the late Court of Commissioners for Ecclesiasticall Causes and all other Commissions and Courts of like nature are Illegal and Pernicious.

Levyng Money.

That levyng Money for or to the Use of the Crowne by pretence of Prerogative without Grant of Parlyament for longer time or in other manner then the same is or shall be granted is Illegal.

Right to petition.

That it is the Right of the Subjects to petition the King and all Commitments and Prosecutions for such Petitioning are Illegal.

Standing Army.

That the raising or keeping a standing Army within the Kingdome in time of Peace unlesse it be with Consent of Parlyament is against Law.

Subjects' Arms.

That the Subjects which are Protestants may have Arms for their Defence suitable to their Conditions and as allowed by Law.

Freedom of Election.

That Election of Members of Parlyament ought to be free.

Freedom of Speech.

That the Freedom of Speech and Debates or Proceedings in Parlyament ought not to be impeached or questioned in any Court or Place out of Parlyament.

Excessive Bail.

That excessive Baile ought not to be required nor excessive Fines imposed nor cruell and unusuall Punishments inflicted.

Juries.

That Jurors ought to be duely impannelled and returned . . . F1

Grants of Forfeitures.

That all Grants and Promises of Fines and Forfeitures of particular persons before Conviction are Illegal and void.

Frequent Parliaments.

And that for Redresse of all Grievances and for the amending strengthening and preserveing of the Lawes Parlyaments ought to be held frequently.

The said Rights claimed. Tender of the Crown. Regal Power exercised. Limitation of the Crown.

And they doe Claime Demand and Insist upon all and singular the Premises as their undoubted Rights and Liberties and that noe Declarations Judgements Doeings or Proceedings to the Prejudice of the People in any of the said Premises ought in any wise to be drawne hereafter into Consequence or Example. To which Demand of their Rights they are particularly encouraged by the Declaration of this Highnesse the Prince of Orange as being the onely meanes for obtaining a full Redresse and Remedy therein. Haveing therefore an intire Confidence That his said Highnesse the Prince of Orange will perfect the Deliverance soe farr advanced by him and will still preserve them from the Violation of their Rights which they have here asserted and from all other Attempts upon their Religion Rights and Liberties. The said Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons assembled at Westminster doe Resolve That William and Mary Prince and Princesse of Orange be and be declared King and Queene of England France and Ireland and the Dominions thereunto belonging to hold the Crowne and Royall Dignity of the said Kingdomes and Dominions to them the said Prince and Princesse dureing their Lives and the Life of the Survivour of them And that the sole and full Exercise of the Regall Power be onely in and executed by the said Prince of Orange in the Names of the said Prince and Princesse dureing their joynt Lives And after their Deceases the said Crowne and Royall Dignitie of the said Kingdoms and Dominions to be to the Heires of the Body of the said Princesse And for default of such Issue to the Princesse Anne of Danmarke and the Heires of her Body And for default of such Issue to the Heires of the Body of the said Prince of Orange. And the Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons doe pray the said Prince and (X3) Princesse to accept the same accordingly.

New Oaths of Allegiance, &c.

And that the Oathes hereafter mentioned be taken by all Persons of whome the Oathes of Allegiance and Supremacy might be required by Law instead of them And that the said Oathes of Allegiance and Supremacy be abrogated.

Allegiance.

I A B doe sincerely promise and swear That I will be faithfull and beare true Allegiance to their Majestyes King William and Queene Mary Soe helpe me God.

Supremacy.

I A B doe swear That I doe from my Heart Abhor, Detest and Abjure as Impious and Hereticall this damnable Doctrine and Position That Princes Excommunicated or Deprived by the Pope or any Authority of the See of Rome may be deposed or murdered by their Subjects or any other whatsoever. And I doe declare That noe Forreigne Prince Person Prelate, State or Potentate hath or ought to have any Jurisdiction Power Superiority Preeminence or Authoritie Ecclesiasticall or Spirituall within this Realme Soe helpe me God.

Acceptance of the Crown. The Two Houses to sit. Subjects' Liberties to be allowed, and Ministers hereafter to serve according to the same. William and Mary declared King and Queen. Limitation of the Crown. Papists debarred the Crown. Every King, &c. shall make the Declaration of 30 Car. II. If under 12 Years old, to be done after Attainment thereof. King's and Queen's Assent

Upon which their said Majestyes did accept the Crowne and Royall Dignitie of the Kingdoms of England France and Ireland and the Dominions thereunto belonging according to the Resolution and Desire of the said Lords and Commons contained in the said Declaration. And thereupon their Majestyes were pleased That the said Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons being the two Houses of Parlyament should continue to sitt and with their Majesties Royall Concurrence make effectuall Provision for the Settlement of the Religion Lawes and Liberties of this Kingdome soe that the same for the future might not be in danger againe of being subverted, To which the said Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons did agree and proceede to act accordingly. Now in pursuance of the Premises the said Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons in Parlyament assembled for the ratifying confirming and establishing the said Declaration and the Articles Clauses Matters and Things therein contained by the Force of a Law made in due Forme by Authority of Parlyament doe pray that it may be declared and enacted That all and singular the Rights and Liberties asserted and claimed in the said Declaration are the true auintient and indubitable Rights and Liberties of the People of this Kingdome and soe shall be esteemed allowed adjudged deemed and taken to be and that all and every the particulars aforesaid shall be firmly and strictly holden and observed as they are expressed in the said Declaration And all Officers and Ministers whatsoever shall serve their Majestyes and their Successors according to the same in all times to come. And the said Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons seriously considering how it hath pleased Almighty God in his marvellous Providence and mercifull Goodness to this Nation to provide and preserve their said Majestyes Royall Persons most happily to Raigne over us upon the Throne of their

Ancestors for which they render unto him from the bottome of their Hearts their humblest Thanks and Praises doe truly firmly assuredly and in the Sincerity of their Hearts thinke and doe hereby recognize acknowledge and declare That King James the Second havinge abdicated the Government and their Majestyes havinge accepted the Crowne and Royall Dignity [X4as] aforesaid Their said Majestyes did become were are and of right ought to be by the Lawes of this Realme our Sovereigne Liege Lord and Lady King and Queene of England France and Ireland and the Dominions thereunto belonging in and to whose Princely Persons the Royall State Crowne and Dignity of the said Realmes with all Honours Stiles Titles Regalities Prerogatives Powers Jurisdictions and Authorities to the same belonging and appertaining are most fully rightfully and intirely invested and incorporated united and annexed And for preventing all Questions and Divisions in this Realme by reason of any pretended Titles to the Crowne and for preservinge a Certainty in the Succession thereof in and upon which the Unity Peace Tranquillity and Safety of this Nation doth under God wholly consist and depend The said Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons doe beseech their Majestyes That it may be enacted established and declared That the Crowne and Regall Government of the said Kingdoms and Dominions with all and singular the Premises thereunto belonging and appertaining shall bee and continue to their said Majestyes and the Survivour of them dureing their Lives and the Life of the Survivour of them And that the entire perfect and full Exercise of the Regall Power and Government be onely in and executed by his Majestie in the Names of both their Majestyes dureing their joynt Lives And after their deceases the said Crowne and Premises shall be and remaine to the Heires of the Body of her Majestie and for default of such Issue to the Heires of the Body of his said Majestie And thereunto the said Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons doe in the Name of all the People aforesaid most humbly and faithfully submitt themselves their Heires and Posterities for ever and doe faithfully promise That they will stand to maintaine and defend their said Majesties and alsoe the Limitation and Succession of the Crowne herein specified and contained to the utmost of their Powers with their Lives and Estates against all Persons whatsoever that shall attempt any thing to the contrary. And whereas it hath beene found by Experience that it is inconsistent with the Safety and Welfaire of this Protestant Kingdome to be governed by a Popish Prince F2... the said Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons doe further pray that it may be enacted That all and every person and persons that is are or shall be reconciled to or shall hold Communion with the See or Church of Rome or shall professe the Popish Religion F3... shall be excluded and be for ever uncapeable to inherit possesse or enjoy the Crowne and Government of this Realme and Ireland and the Dominions thereunto belonging or any part of the same or to have use or exercise any Regall Power Authoritie or Jurisdiction within the same [X5And in all and every such Case or Cases the People of these Realmes shall be and are hereby absolved of their Allegiance] And the said Crowne and Government shall from time to time descend to and be enjoyed by such person or persons being Protestants as should have inherited and enjoyed the same in case the said person or persons soe reconciled holding Communion or Professing F4... as aforesaid were naturally dead [X6And that every King and Queene of this Realme who at any time hereafter shall come to and succede in the Imperiall Crowne of this Kingdome shall on the first day of the meeting of the first Parlyament next after his or her coming to the Crowne sitting in his or her Throne in the House of Peeres in the presence of the Lords and Commons therein assembled or at his or her Coronation before such person or persons who shall administer the Coronation Oath to him or her at the time of his or her takeing the said Oath (which shall first happen) make subscribe and audibly repeate the Declaration mentioned in the Statute made in the thirtyeth yeare of the Raigne of King Charles the Second Entituled An Act for the more effectuall Preservinge the Kings Person and Government by disableing Papists from sitting in either House of Parlyament But if it shall happen that such King or Queene upon his or her Succession to the Crowne of this Realme shall be under the Age of twelve yeares then every such King or Queene shall make subscribe and audibly repeate the said Declaration at his or her Coronation or the first day of the meeting of the first Parlyament as aforesaid which shall first happen after such King or Queene shall have attained the said Age of twelve yeares.] All which Their Majestyes are contented and pleased shall be declared enacted and established by authoritie of this present Parliament and shall stand remaine and be the Law of this Realme for ever And the same are by their said Majesties by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spirituall and Temporall and Commons in Parlyament assembled and by the authoritie of the same declared enacted and established accordingly

1148

Annotations: ?

Editorial Information

- X1 The Bill of Rights is assigned to the year 1688 on legislation.gov.uk (as it was previously in successive official editions of the revised statutes from which the online version is derived) although the Act received Royal Assent on 16th December 1689. This follows the practice adopted in *The Statutes of the Realm*, Vol. VI (1819), in the Chronological Table in that volume and all subsequent Chronological Tables of the Statutes, which attach all the Acts in 1 Will and Mar sess 2 to the year 1688. The first Parliament of William and Mary (the Convention Parliament) convened on 13th February 1689 (1688 in the old style calendar - until 1st Jan 1752 the calendar year began on March 25th). It appears that all the Acts of that Parliament (both sessions) were treated as being Acts of 1688 using the old method of reckoning, according to which, until 1793, all Acts passed in a session of Parliament with no specified commencement date were deemed to be passed in the year in which that session began (see Acts of Parliament (Commencement) Act 1793 (c 13)). The Short Titles Act 1896 (c 14) gave to chapter 2 of 1 Will and Mar sess 2 the title "The Bill of Rights", without attributing it to any calendar year. In the Republic of Ireland, the Short Titles Act 1896 (c 14) has been amended to add "1688" to the short title of The Bill of Rights as it continues to have effect there (see Statute Law Revision Act 2007, Act of the Oireachtas No 28 of 2007, s 5(a)).
- X2 Variant reading of the text noted in *The Statutes of the Realm* as follows: Highnesse O. [O. refers to a collection in the library of Trinity College, Cambridge]
- X3 Variant reading of the text noted in *The Statutes of the Realm* as follows: and O. [O. refers to a collection in the library of Trinity College, Cambridge]
- X4 interlined on the Roll.
- X5 annexed to the Original Act in a separate Schedule.
- X6 annexed to the Original Act in a separate Schedule.

Amendments (Textual)

- F1 Words repealed by (E.W.) Juries Act 1825 (c. 50), s. 62 and (N.I.) Statute Law Revision Act 1950 (c. 6), Sch. 1
- F2 Words in s. 1 omitted (26.3.2015) by virtue of Succession to the Crown Act 2013 (c. 20), s. 5, Sch. para. 2(a) (with Sch. para. 5); S.I. 2015/894, art. 2
- F3 Words in s. 1 omitted (26.3.2015) by virtue of Succession to the Crown Act 2013 (c. 20), s. 5, Sch. para. 2(b) (with Sch. para. 5); S.I. 2015/894, art. 2
- F4 Words in s. 1 omitted (26.3.2015) by virtue of Succession to the Crown Act 2013 (c. 20), s. 5, Sch. para. 2(c) (with Sch. para. 5); S.I. 2015/894, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1 Short title "The Bill of Rights" given by Short Titles Act 1896 (c. 14), Sch. 1
- C2 Act declared to be a Statute by Crown and Parliament Recognition Act 1689 (c. 1)
- C3 S. 1 amended by Accession Declaration Act 1910 (c. 29), s. 1

II Non obstantes made void.

Noe Dispensation by Non obstante of or to any Statute or any part thereof shall be allowed but the same shall be held void and of noe effect Except a Dispensation be allowed of in such Statute ... F5

Annotations: ?

Amendments (Textual)

- F5 Words repealed by Statute Law Revision Act 1948 (c. 62), Sch. 1

III F6

Annotations: ?

Amendments (Textual)

- F6 S. 3 repealed by Statute Law Revision Act 1867 (c. 59)

1149

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA
MELBOURNE REGISTRY

10

In matter of an
Application by
Brian William Shaw
for leave to issue

BETWEEN:

20

REFER DETAILS OF EXHIBIT
And others

EXHIBIT

This is the exhibit marked BWS / 106

'BWS 106'

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produced and shown to

at the time of affirming his affidavit this

15th July 2019

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A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR VICTORIA
Reg. No. 9924
Margaret May Campbell
7 Muirhead Cres, Werribee, 3030



Before me

50

Margaret May Campbell
Solicitor/Justice of the Peace

*Act of
Surrender
1701.*

UNITED KINGDOM

1150

Act of Settlement 1701

 australianpolitics.com/democracy/act-of-settlement-1701

The Act of Settlement is a piece of English legislation governing the succession to the English Crown.

It was passed in 1701 to amend the English Bill of Rights, following the death of the last child of the then Princess Anne. It provides that (in default of any further heirs of William III of England or Princess Anne) only Protestant descendants of Sophia, dowager Electress and dowager Duchess of Hanover, who have not married a Roman Catholic, can succeed to the English Crown. In addition, it specifies that it is for Parliament to determine who should succeed to the throne, not the monarch.

This act was, in many ways, the major cause of the union of Scotland and the Kingdom of England (which included Wales) to form the Kingdom of Great Britain. The Parliament of Scotland was not happy with the Act of Settlement and, in response, passed the Act of Security in 1704, which gave them the right to choose their own successor to Queen Anne. This would have created a fully independent Scotland rather than the partially independent nation which had resulted from the Union of the Crowns a hundred years before. As a result, the Parliament of England decided that full union of the two Parliaments and nations was essential before Anne's death, and used a combination of exclusionary legislation (the Alien Act of 1705), politics, and bribery to achieve it within three years under the Act of Union 1707. This was in marked contrast to the four attempts at political union between 1606 and 1689, which all failed owing to a lack of political will. By virtue of Article II of the Treaty of Union, which defined the succession to the British Crown, the Act of Settlement became, in effect, part of Scots Law.

Sophia died before Anne, so the result of the Act was the succession of Sophia's son George in preference to many of his cousins.

As a result of the Act of Settlement, several members of the British Royal Family who have converted to Roman Catholicism or married Roman Catholics have been barred from succeeding to the Crown, though since George I no individual has been excluded from the throne on the grounds of religion.

Source: [Wikipedia](#)

This is the full text of the Act of Settlement, 1701.

Whereas in the first year of the reign of Your Majesty, and of our late most gracious sovereign lady Queen Mary (of blessed memory), an Act of Parliament was made, entitled, "An Act for declaring the rights and liberties of the subject, and for settling the succession of the crown," wherein it was (amongst other things) enacted, established, and declared that the crown and regal government of the Kingdoms of England, France, and Ireland, and the dominions thereunto belonging, should be and continue to Your Majesty and the said late Queen, during the joint lives of Your Majesty and the said Queen, and to the survivor: and that after the decease of Your Majesty and of the said Queen, the said Crown and regal government should be and remain to the heirs of the body of the said late Queen; and for default of such issue, to Her Royal Highness the Princess Anne of Denmark, and the heirs of her body; and for default of such issue to the heirs of the body of Your Majesty. And it was thereby further enacted, that all and every person and persons that then were, or afterwards should be reconciled to, or shall hold communion with the see or Church of Rome, or should profess the popish religion, or marry a papist, should be excluded, and are by that Act made for ever incapable to inherit, possess, or enjoy the Crown and government of this realm, and Ireland, and the dominions thereunto belonging, or any part of the same, or to have, use, or exercise any regal power, authority, or jurisdiction within the same: and in all and every such case and cases the people of these realms shall be and are thereby absolved of their allegiance: and that the said Crown and government shall from time to time descend to and be enjoyed by such person or persons, being Protestants, as should have inherited and enjoyed the same, in case the said person or persons, so reconciled, holding communion, professing or marrying, as aforesaid, were naturally dead:

After the making of which statute, and the settlement therein contained, your majesty's good subjects, who were restored to the full and free possession and enjoyment of their religion, rights, and liberties, by the providence of God giving success to your majesty's just undertakings and unwearied endeavours for that purpose, had no greater temporal felicity to hope or wish for, that to see a royal progeny descending from Your Majesty, to whom (under God) they owe their tranquillity, and whose ancestors have for many years been principal assertors of the reformed religion and the liberties of Europe, and from our said most gracious sovereign lady, whose memory will always be precious to the subjects of these realms: and it having since pleased Almighty God to take away our said sovereign Lady, and also the most hopeful Prince William, Duke of Gloucester (the only surviving issue of Her Royal Highness the Princess Anne of Denmark) to the unspeakable grief and sorrow of Your Majesty and your said good subjects, who under such losses being sensibly put in mind, that it standeth wholly in the pleasure of Almighty God to prolong the lives of Your Majesty and of Her Royal Highness, and to grant to Your Majesty, or to Her Royal Highness, such issue as may be inheritable to the Crown and regal government aforesaid, by the respective limitations in the said recited act contained, do constantly implore the divine mercy for those blessings: and Your Majesty's said subjects having daily experience of your royal care and concern for the present and future welfare of these Kingdoms, and particularly recommending from your throne a further provision to be made for the succession of the Crown in the Protestant line, for the happiness of the nation, and the security of our religion; and it being absolutely necessary for the safety, peace, and quiet of this realm, to obviate all doubts and contentions in the same, by reason of any pretended title to the Crown, and to maintain a certainty in the succession thereof, to which your subjects may safely have recourse for their protection, in case the limitations in the said recited act should determine: therefore for a further provision of the succession of the Crown in the Protestant line, we Your Majesty's most dutiful and

loyal subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, do beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted and declared, and be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the most excellent Princess Sophia, Electress and Duchess Dowager of Hanover, daughter of the most excellent Princess Elizabeth, late Queen of Bohemia, daughter of our late sovereign lord King James the First, of happy memory, be and is hereby declared to be the next in succession, in the Protestant line, to the imperial Crown and dignity of the said Realms of England, France, and Ireland, with the dominions and territories thereunto belonging, after His Majesty, and the Princess Anne of Denmark, and in default of issue of the said Princess Anne, and of His Majesty respectively: and that from and after the deceases of His said Majesty, our now sovereign lord, and of Her Royal Highness the Princess Anne of Denmark, and for default of issue of the said Princess Anne, and of His Majesty respectively, the Crown and regal government of the said Kingdoms of England, France, and Ireland, and of the dominions thereunto belonging, with the royal state and dignity of the said Realms, and all honours, styles, titles, regalities, prerogatives, powers, jurisdictions and authorities, to the same belonging and appertaining, shall be, remain, and continue to the said most excellent Princess Sophia, and the heirs of her body, being Protestants: and thereunto the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, shall and will in the name of all the people of this Realm, most humbly and faithfully submit themselves, their heirs and posterities: and do faithfully promise, that after the deceases of His Majesty, and Her Royal Highness, and the failure of the heirs of their respective bodies, to stand to, maintain, and defend the said Princess Sophia, and the heirs of her body, being Protestants, according to the limitation and succession of the Crown in this act specified and contained, to the utmost of their powers, with their lives and estates, against all persons whatsoever that shall attempt anything to the contrary.

II. Provided always, and be it hereby enacted, That all and every person and persons, who shall or may take or inherit the said Crown, by virtue of the limitation of this present act, and is, are or shall be reconciled to, or shall hold communion with, the See or Church of Rome, or shall profess the popish religion, or shall marry a papist, shall be subject to such incapacities, as in such case or cases are by the said recited act provided, enacted, and established: and that every King and Queen of this Realm, who shall come to and succeed in the imperial Crown of this Kingdom, by virtue of this act, shall have the coronation oath administered to him, her or them, at their respective coronations, according to the act of Parliament made in the first year of the reign of His Majesty, and the said late Queen Mary, intituled, An act for establishing the coronation oath, and shall make, subscribe, and repeat the declaration in the act first above recited mentioned or referred to, in the manner and form thereby prescribed.

III. And whereas it is requisite and necessary that some further provision be made for securing our religion, laws and liberties, from and after the death of His Majesty and the Princess Anne of Denmark, and in default of issue of the body of the said Princess, and of His Majesty respectively: be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same,

That whosoever shall hereafter come to the possession of this Crown, shall join in communion with the Church of England, as by law established:

That in case the Crown and imperial dignity of this Realm shall hereafter come to any person, not being a native of this Kingdom of England, this nation be not obliged to engage in any war for the defence of any dominions or territories which do not belong to the Crown of England, without the consent of Parliament;

That no person who shall hereafter come to the possession of this Crown, shall go out of the dominions of England, Scotland, or Ireland, without the consent of Parliament;

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That from and after the time that the further limitation by this act shall take effect, all matters and things relating to the well governing of this Kingdom, which are properly cognizable in the Privy Council by the laws and customs of this Realm, shall be translated there, and all resolutions taken thereupon shall be signed by such of the Privy Council as shall advise and consent to the same;

That after the said limitation shall take effect as aforesaid, no person born out of the Kingdoms of England, Scotland, or Ireland, or the dominions thereunto belonging (although he be naturalized or made a denizen, except such as are born of English parents) shall be capable to be of the Privy Council, or a member of either House of Parliament, or to enjoy any office or place of trust, either civil or military, or to have any grant of lands, tenements or hereditaments from the Crown, to himself or to any other or others in trust for him;

That no person who has an office or place of profit under the King, or receives a pension from the Crown, shall be capable of serving as a member of the House of Commons;

That after the said limitation shall take effect as aforesaid, judges commissions be made quamdiu se bene gesserint, and their salaries ascertained and established; but upon the address of both Houses of Parliament it may be lawful to remove them;

That no pardon under the Great Seal of England be pleadable to an impeachment by the Commons in Parliament.

IV. And whereas the laws of England are the birth-right of the people thereof, and all the Kings and Queens, who shall ascend the throne of this Realm, ought to administer the government of the same according to the said laws, and all their officers and ministers ought to serve them respectively according to the same: the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, do therefore further humbly pray, That all the laws and statutes of this Realm for securing the established religion, and the rights and liberties of the people thereof, and all other laws and statutes of the same now in force, may be ratified and confirmed, and the same are by His Majesty, by and with the advice of the said Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, and by authority of the same, ratified and confirmed accordingly.